Albany County Airport Authority

A component unit of the County of Albany, located in the Town of Colonie, New York

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022





Albany County Airport Authority

As of December 31, 2023

Authority Board Members



Samuel A. Fresina Chair Term Expires: December 31, 2024



Kevin R Hicks, Sr.
Vice-Chair
Term Expires: December 31, 2024



Thomas A. Nardacci
Treasurer
Tem Expires: December 31, 2024



Steven H. Heider
Secretary
Term Expires: December 31, 2025



Janet Thayer
Member
Term Expires: December 31, 2025



Sari O'Connor Member Term Expires: December 31, 2024



John-Raphael Pichardo Member Tem Expires: December 31, 2027

Authority Management

Philip F. Calderone, Esq. Michael F. Zonsius Christine C. Quinn, Esq.

Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Authority Counsel



ALBANY COUNTY AIRPORT AUTHORITY ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Prepared by the Finance Department

Michael F. Zonsius Chief Financial Officer

Margaret Herrmann Chief Accountant

A Component Unit of the County of Albany Town of Colonie, New York

www.albanyairport.com

CUSIP #012123XXX



Additional information relating to the Airport Authority is available at the Airport's website: www.flyalbany.com

If you would like any further information, contact the Chief Financial Officer at (518) 242-2204 or at Albany County Airport Authority, 737 Albany Shaker Rd, Main Terminal, Suite 300, Albany, NY 12211

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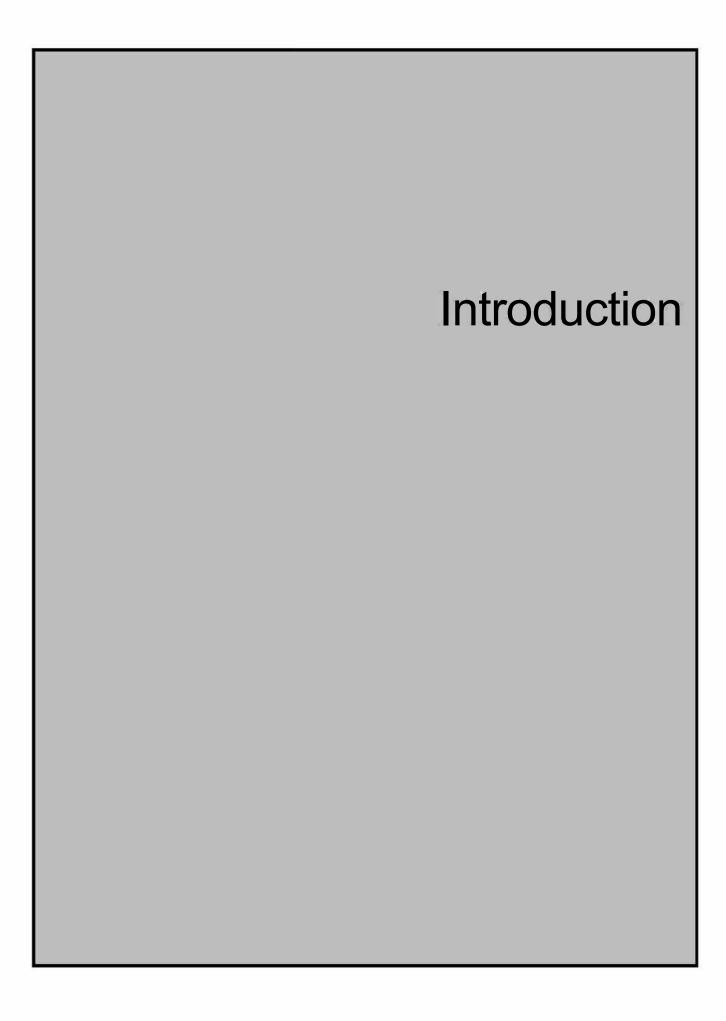
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Chairman's Message March 18, 2024

In 2023 the Airport saw great progress towards a return to normality in air travel as enplanements returned to nearly 94 percent of pre-Covid levels; an increase of 6.6 percent from the prior year. As we approach and go beyond pre-Covid levels, we see opportunity for continued progress and growth.

To meet this future growth, the airport has been in the process of completing its first Master Plan in 30 years. For the past two years the airport has engaged the community with public meetings soliciting their ideas and comments for the Airport's future development. As this past year ended, the plan was submitted to the Federal Aviation Administration for its review and concurrence. An updated Master Plan is critical to the process of seeking discretionary funding opportunities. During this past year the Airport received discretionary funding under the Bipartisan Infrastructure Grant for improvements to our Air Traffic Control Tower. We also received NYS grant funding for important improvements to the airport elevators.

During 2023 the Airport welcomed Governor Hochul and other state and local officials for the ground breaking of our Terminal Expansion project that will expand the pre-screening queuing area, update heating, cooling and ventilation systems and modernize airside amenities with a new children's play area, a sensitivity room and an updated business center. The cost of construction is \$100,000,000 and will be funded with state and federal grants with completion expected in early 2025.

Airfield pavement is an integral part of our infrastructure and during 2023 the airport completed the rehabilitation of our crosswind Runway 10/28. In addition it replaced two escalators in Concourse B and painted Hangar #1. Also, in 2023, the airport started design for an expanded Concourse A that will include the addition of two (2) passenger boarding bridges and for a new inline baggage system that will significantly enhance the baggage process at the airport.

Also during the past year the Authority maintained its status for the Global Biorisk Advisory Council's (GBAC) full GBAC Star Accreditation and the Airport Health Accreditation (AHA) from the Airports Council International (ACI) World. The airport also continued its commitment to sustainability and carbon neutrality by again being one of a select group of airports to achieve ACI Carbon Accreditation recognition.

Additionally during 2023, the Airport became the first in the United States and fourth in the world to receive ACI accreditation for our efforts accommodating and prioritizing the needs of all our disabled travelers and airport workforce.

The Airport continues to maintain the highest standards in financial fiduciary responsibilities. In that regard, the Airport received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its twenty-eight year and the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the twenty-first year. The Authority is positioned for growth and contributed approximately \$4.3 million into the Development Fund in 2023. Highlighting our year was a rating upgrade from Moody's Ratings to A2.

As always, we are grateful to our Authority Board and staff for their dedication to excellence in the operation of our Airport and to our partners at AvPorts, LLC and Million Air for their continued partnership and support.

Sun-Fredina

Samuel A. Fresina

Chairman



March 18, 2024

TO THE COMMUNITY AND THE MEMBERS OF THE AUTHORITY:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Albany County Airport Authority (Authority) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 is hereby submitted to the Authority Board and all others interested in the financial condition of Albany International Airport (Airport). This report is published in accordance with the requirements of the State of New York (State) enabling legislation creating the Authority, Article 9, Section 2800 of the Public Authorities Law, and the master bond resolution covering the issuance of indebtedness by the Authority. Pursuant to those requirements, this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Authority has been prepared in accordance with general accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America. This report consists of four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical, and Compliance. The basic financial statements included in the Financial Section have been audited by Marvin and Company, P.C.

This report is management's representations concerning the financial position and changes in net financial position of the Authority. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Authority has established a comprehensive internal control framework that has been designed to both protect the Authority's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Authority's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the Authority's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

This introductory letter of transmittal should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) which provides an introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements for 2023 and 2022. The MD&A is located immediately following the report of the independent auditor in the Financial Section. The MD&A is required supplementary information to the basic financial statements, but is not a part of the basic financial statements and was not audited.

INDEPENDENT REVIEW

FINANCIAL AUDIT

The goal of an independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2023 is free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and any significant estimates made by management and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concludes, based upon their audit, that there is a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified ("clean") opinion and that the Authority's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 is presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is the first component of the Financial Section.

UNIFORM GUIDANCE AUDIT

The independent audit of the financial statements is part of the <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles</u>, and <u>Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> commonly called the "Uniform Guidance", relative to financial funds received from the U.S. Government, the New York State Department of Transportation <u>Draft Part 43 of the Codification of Rules and Regulations</u>, relative to State transportation funds received, and also, in conformity with the provisions of the <u>Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies</u>. The standards governing these provisions require the independent auditor to report on the fair presentation of the financial statements and on the Authority's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state grant awards. The independent auditor's reports are included in the Compliance Section.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Authority also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. As part of the Authority's Uniform Guidance audit, tests were made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal assistance awards, as well as to determine that the Authority has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the Authority's audit under the Federal Uniform Guidance for the year ended December 31, 2023 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure and no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

THE AUTHORITY

The Albany County Airport Authority (Authority) is a body corporate and politic constituting a public benefit corporation established and existing pursuant to the Albany County Airport Authority Act, Title 32 of Article 8, as amended, of the State of New York Public Authorities Law (Act). The State created the Authority in 1993 in order to promote the strengthening and improvement of the Airport and to facilitate the financing and construction of the initial Terminal Improvement Project (TIP), other subsequent capital improvement plans and gave the Authority the power to operate, maintain and improve the Airport.

The County of Albany (County) and the Authority entered into a permanent Airport Lease Agreement dated December 5, 1995, which became effective May 16, 1996 following approval by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) of the United States Department of Transportation for the transfer of the sponsorship of the Airport from the County to the Authority. Under the Lease Agreement the County leases to the Authority the Airport, including all lands, buildings, improvements, structures, easements, rights of access, and all other privileges and appurtenances pertaining to the Airport. On November 5, 2018, the termination date of the lease was extended from May 16, 2036 to December 31, 2049.

The Act creating the Authority set forth the following for its creation:

GOALS— To provide adequate, safe, secure and efficient aviation and transportation facilities at a reasonable cost to the people.

OBJECTIVES – (1) To promote safe, secure, efficient and economic air transportation by preserving and enhancing Airport capacity; (2) to acquire, construct, reconstruct, continue, develop, equip, expand, improve, maintain, finance and operate aviation and other related facilities and services; (3) to stimulate and promote economic development, trade and tourism; (4) to form an integral part of a safe and effective nationwide system of Airports to meet the present and future needs of civil aeronautics and national defense and to assume inclusion of the Authority's facilities in state, national and international programs for air transportation and for airway capital improvements; and

(5) to ensure that aviation facilities shall provide for the protection and enhancement of the natural resources and the quality of the environment of the state and the capital district area.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The Authority is composed of seven members with four members appointed by the majority leader of the Albany County Legislature and three members by the Albany County Executive, all with approval of the Albany County Legislature. The Authority members are appointed for a term of four years or until a successor is appointed, except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy is appointed to serve only the unexpired term.

Mr. Samuel A. Fresina became the Chair in 2021. Phillip F. Calderone, Esq., Chief Executive Officer is responsible for planning and directing the management of all operations at the Airport including its capital improvement programs. Michael F. Zonsius, CPA, Chief Financial Officer, is responsible for financial planning, budgeting, operating and capital accounting procedures and controls, debt management, and all Authority financial policies and procedures.

The Authority has engaged the services of AFCO AvPorts Management LLC, (d/b/a AvPorts) to manage the daily operations of the Airport and REW Investments, Inc. (d/b/a Million Air-Albany) to manage the daily operations of the Fixed Base Operations (FBO). An Organizational Chart is included in this Introductory Section.

Based on the County's responsibility for the appointment of Authority members and their approval of all Airport capital improvement programs and for the issuance of certain debt, the Authority is defined as a component unit of the County under the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Authority has one component unit created in 2009 – the Albany County Airport Authority OPEB Trust – which is reported as a fiduciary component unit.

PROFILE OF ALBANY INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

Albany International Airport is the gateway to the New York State Greater Capital Region. The Airport, located on approximately a 1,165 acre site in the Town of Colonie, is the primary provider of commercial air transportation to the Albany area, including the northeast-central region of the State, southern Vermont and western Massachusetts. The Airport, located seven miles from downtown City of Albany, is accessible via U.S. Interstate 87, 88 and 90 highways. The Airport is strategically located at the center of New York's Capital Region and represents the heart of the burgeoning Hudson Valley Corridor known as "Tech Valley."

The Airport is defined by the FAA as a small air traffic hub, an Airport which handles between 0.05 percent and 0.249 percent of the enplaned passengers by U.S. air carriers nationwide. Based on the latest FAA data available (2023 statistics not yet available), in 2022 the Airport ranked 88th in total enplanements and 104th in total cargo landed weight. The Airport also ranked 309th in total aircraft operations in 2023.

The Airport has two primary runways, 1/19 and 10/28. The Airport services commercial, cargo, general aviation and military operations with a 24-hour operating air traffic control tower, U.S. Customs and Border Protections support services, and general aviation FBO facilities. Additional Airport data information is included in the Statistical Section of this report.

AIRPORT ECONOMICS AND DEMOGRAPHICS

The Airport's 13 county primary air-trade service area for drawing passengers, located in New York State, southern Vermont and western Massachusetts, is home within a 75-mile radius to approximately 1.382 million people and many businesses. Albany's secondary air-trade service area extends in a 150-mile radius from the Airport deeper into New England and upstate New York and adds an additional population of approximately 1.75 million for a combined total population approximating 3.13 million in the combined areas.

The Airport's primary air trade area is at the core of the State Capital of the Nation's 4th largest state by population with more than fifty-thousand state employees and the "Tech Valley," an ongoing high-technology development program. High tech development continues in the region. The College of Nanoscale Science and Engineering at the SUNY Polytechnic Institute campus in Albany continues to expand its nanotechnology research and development programs. This nanotechnology center is located within a few miles of the Airport and is the first college in the world dedicated to research, development, education, and deployment in the disciplines of nanoscience, nanoengineering, nanobioscience, and nanoeconomics. With over \$16 billion in public and private investments, CNSE's Albany NanoTech Complex has attracted over 250 global corporate partners - and is the most advanced research complex at any university in the world. Nearby Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute is home to the Center for Biotechnology and Interdisciplinary Studies. This technology research center ranks among the world's most advanced research. Computer chip manufacturer Global Foundries built a major chip fab plant 20 miles north of the Airport that became operational in 2012. The combination of technology businesses and comparatively low unemployment rates position Albany for continued growth in airline activities and passenger usage of the airport.

The Airport's air-trade service area is also the home to world-class summer and winter vacation and recreation attractions that draw individuals and families from across the nation and from around the globe. The Adirondack, Berkshire, Catskill and Green Mountains, Lake George, the Hudson River Valley, and the Mohawk River - Erie Canal corridor offers a cornucopia of excellent entertainment and recreation venues. Features such as the Baseball Hall of Fame in Cooperstown, the Olympic Village in Lake George, the 130-year-old Saratoga Thoroughbred Race Track, and the Tanglewood and Saratoga Performing Arts Centers highlight this region. This area is also home for numerous major colleges, universities and hospitals, the largest of which are set forth in the Statistical Section of this report.

AIRLINE ECONOMICS

In 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic took hold and devastated the airline industry with an estimated decrease of approximately \$57.0 billion in airline passenger revenue according to International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO). Airlines responded to the pandemic by reducing fleet sizes, work forces, and airline seat capacity.

By the end of 2021 and with the introduction of as vaccines, the airline industry showed signs of improvement and Airport monthly scheduled flights and seat capacity increased to 1,096 and 114,381, respectively. The airline industry continued improvement and as 2023 came to a close, Airport monthly scheduled flights and seat capacity increased to 1,203 and 137,828, respectively.

The historical COVID-19 affects for the past five years on the entire airline industry is shown below:

	Domestic			Net Income	Operating
	Passengers	Flights	Load Factor	(\$000)	Revenues (\$000)
2018	777,972,787	8,399,975	84.46 \$	14,109,503	\$ 171,685,954
2019	811,545,260	8,596,716	85.11	15,705,970	179,341,805
2020	337,519,065	5,213,008	58.63	(24,600,755)	93,274,028
2021	605,935,383	6,759,313	77.68	4,637,444	143,725,716
2022	750,558,454	7,423,695	84.32	6,047,731	203,312,738
2023	751,395,562 ⁽¹⁾	7,152,371 ⁽¹⁾	83.70 ⁽¹⁾	5,222,993	(2) 158,116,219 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Through November 2023

SOURCE: Bureau of Transportation Statistics T-100 Market Data.

Bureau of Transportation Statistics F41 Schedule P12 data.

AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The information presented in the Financial Section is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Airport operates. The Authority's and Airport's profile, its goals and objectives, the Airport's economic and demographics and the Authority's financial resources are all components of the Airport's financial health and its ability to meet its financial obligations and service commitments.

FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Authority prepares an annual operating budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis differs from full accrual basis of accounting in that certain expenses are included on a cash basis. These include an expenditure classification for the principal portion of long-term debt obligations, the local share for certain capital projects, and the lack of depreciation expense. All other major revenues and expenses are included in the budget on the accrual basis. The Authority adopts an annual operating budgetary basis of accounting to facilitate calculation of the rates and charges billed to the airlines. A separate capital improvement program budget is prepared for capital projects given their multi-year nature.

The Authority and the Airlines extended the five-year agreement that began January 1, 2016 with basically the same rates and charges model. After the initial one-year term in 2021, there are three one-year options and one two-year option extensions. The Agreement includes a majority-in-interest (MII) provision that allows for airline disapproval of capital projects, subject to a number of exceptions, if they would add to airline rates and charges. The MII disapproval occurs if a project is disapproved by more than 50% of the signatory airlines representing not less than 50 percent of the maximum gross landed weight of all signatory airlines during the most recent six months or Airlines representing more than 50% of the total signatory terminal rentals for the most recent six months for projects in the Terminal. The Authority must also notify the Signatory Airlines of any project in excess of \$1,000,000, net of any state and federal grants, in the Airfield or Terminal.

⁽²⁾ Through third quarter 2023

The Agreement with the signatory airlines incorporates a hybrid method for calculating airline rates and charges which applies a residual rate making methodology for the airfield and a compensatory methodology for the terminal. The Agreement provides for the signatory passenger airlines to receive 50% of the Airport's net revenues, as defined in Agreement. The Authority also has the ability under the Agreement to adjust airline rates and charges at any time throughout the year to ensure adherence to all financial covenants in its bond resolutions. No such adjustments were required during 2023 or in any prior year.

OPERATING FINANCIAL PLANNING

As part of preparing its operating budget, each year the Authority prepares a multi-year projection of revenues and expenses for airline activities covering the next five years in accordance with the current Airline Use and Lease Agreement, and beyond assuming that the Agreement remains substantially unchanged. The budget projections for 2024 assumes enplanements of 1,425,000 as the Authority continues to recover from the COVID-19 pandemic. If the budget assumptions and activity projections prove to be reasonable, the projected airline cost per enplanement, net of revenue sharing, should approximate \$9.95, excluding FBO costs per enplaned passengers, and debt service coverage should be 2.31 (Net Revenues to Net Debt Service calculated under the provisions of the Master Bond Resolution). Certain assumptions are used in determining the projected activity levels and the related projected revenues and expenditures at this Airport and accordingly, subsequent actual results in any one year, or for the entire period, could differ substantially from those projected. Details for these projections are included in the Authority's adopted million 2024 Operating Budget (including debt service), which is on the Authority's web site.

CAPITAL FINANCIAL PLANNING

A \$180 million 2020-2024 capital improvement program was approved by the Authority and County in 2019. The budget consisted of \$48 million in airfield improvements, \$63 million in terminal improvements, \$57 million in landside improvements and \$12 million in vehicle and equipment purchases.

In 2022, the capital improvement program was increased to \$351.3 million to accommodate the construction of the parking garage to terminal connector.

All the projects included in the five-year program are designed to meet the objectives as set forth in the Airport's 2020-2024 Capital Plan. All projects have or will be subject to a Federal Environmental Assessment (FEA) pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), as amended, and a New York State Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) under the New York State Environmental Review Act (SEQR). Specific airfield related projects eligible for Federal or State funding support will also be subject to Federal Aviation Administration and New York State Department of Transportation review and approval.

The total effect any capital program will have on future operating budgets are evaluated at the time a specific project is authorized by the Authority to be started unless a project is mandated for safety or health purposes. All capital projects completed in 2023, or scheduled for completion in 2023, had their projected additional operating costs and related revenues incorporated into the Authority's 2023 Operating Budget.

The following Federal Aviation Administration Airport Improvement Program (AIP) Grant was awarded in 2023:

Capital Grants

AIP151-23 Replace Air Traffic Control Tower and TRACON HVAC

\$2,000,000

In 2022, the Federal Aviation Administration approved application PFC05, the collection of approximately \$26.2 million of Passenger Facility Charges for five airport projects. The expiration date for the collection of PFCs is now extended to July 1, 2027.

FISCAL CAPACITY

The Authority has the ongoing ability and willingness, as needed, to raise revenues, incur debt, control expenses and meet its financial obligations as they become due. In adopting its 2024 Annual Budget, the Authority projected 1,425,000 enplanements, an increase of approximately 48,361 of 2023 actual levels. The Authority has set its rates and charges for 2024 under the Airline Use and Lease Agreement to meet all projected obligations. For 2024, signatory landing fees have been set at \$5.62 per 1,000 pounds landed weight, compared to \$4.17 budgeted in 2023; apron fees at \$1.87 per square foot, compared to \$1.65 budgeted in 2023; and the terminal rental rate at \$116.98 per square foot, compared to \$94.05 budgeted in 2023.

As of December 31, 2023, the Authority had approximately \$42.8 million in unrestricted funds available. The Authority also had approximately \$8.9 million in restricted operating and maintenance reserves that is more than sufficient to meet two months of operating expenditures and \$500,000 in an equipment repair & replacement reserve fund. In addition, the Authority had approximately \$7.6 million in debt service reserve funds, plus approximately \$9.7 million in Passenger Facility Funds on-hand. The Authority does not anticipate experiencing any cash flow deficiencies during 2024 requiring short-term cash flow financing or increases during the year to the rates and charges billed to the Airlines

DEBT CAPACITY

The Albany County Airport Authority Act sets the Authority's debt limit at \$285 million. At December 31, 2023, there is approximately \$55.3 million of debt outstanding issued directly by the Authority to be reduced by approximately \$7.3 million of principal payments during 2024. Debt service coverage was 1.84 for 2023 and is projected to be 2.31 for 2024 based on the adopted budget. Currently the Authority's entire debt portfolio is fixed rate debt.

AUTHORITY'S INITIATIVES

The Airport moved forward with various activities during 2023 to enhance and maintain the services provided to the airlines, the traveling public, and other uses of the Airport. These initiatives include:

- The Authority continued to aggressively pursue the air service opportunities to Airlines and promote underserved markets.
- Completion of the Rehabilitation of Runway 10/28 and Taxiway C.
- Completion of the cargo apron rehabilitation.
- Completed installation of a new terminal fire alarm system.
- The first Master Plan in nearly thirty years was submitted to the FAA for review and concurrence.
- Initiated the design for two (2) additional jet bridges in Concourse A.

- The Authority continued to control costs and maintained reasonable rates and charges for an airport that provides a high level of services to its airlines including jet bridge maintenance, all janitorial services, waste removal and utilities.
- Continues to establish partnerships with strategic community stakeholders, corporations, colleges and universities to further regional growth and economic growth.

AWARDS

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Authority for its annual financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 This was the twenty-seventh consecutive year that the Authority has achieved this prestigious award. In order to receive this award a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that this 2023 ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate.

DISTINGUISHED BUDGET PRESENTATION

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) also has presented an award of Distinguished Presentation to the Authority for its annual budget for 2023. In order to qualify for this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document judged proficient in several categories including as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device. The 2024 budget has been submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for an award.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

It is the strong continuing commitment of the Authority Board to the highest standards of financial reporting, disclosure and professionalism that the preparation of this report has been accomplished and for that we extend our sincere appreciation. We also give credit for the dedication, service and performance by all the employees of the Authority, AvPorts and Million Air-Albany in cooperation with all the employees of the airlines and other tenants located at the Airport for serving all the travelers, users and visitors to the Airport.

The preparation of this report on a timely and efficient basis is achieved by the professionalism, efficiency and dedicated services contributed by the entire staff of the Finance Department under the guidance of Margaret Herrmann, Chief Accountant. We wish to express our appreciation for their continuing efforts for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in managing the financial operations of the Authority in a progressive and responsible manner. It is recognized and a source of pride to the Authority. We also express our specific appreciation to all members of the Finance Department who contributed to assembling and formatting the data included in this report.

CERTIFICATION

The following sections of this report include the basic financial statements of Authority for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 including the Independent Auditor's Report on the basic financial statements. The Auditor's Report provides an unmodified opinion. Based on our knowledge, the information provided in the basic financial statements is accurate, correct and does not contain any untrue statement of material fact; does not omit any material fact which, if omitted, would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading in light of the circumstances under which such statements are made; and fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of the Authority as of, and for, the periods presented in the basic financial statements.

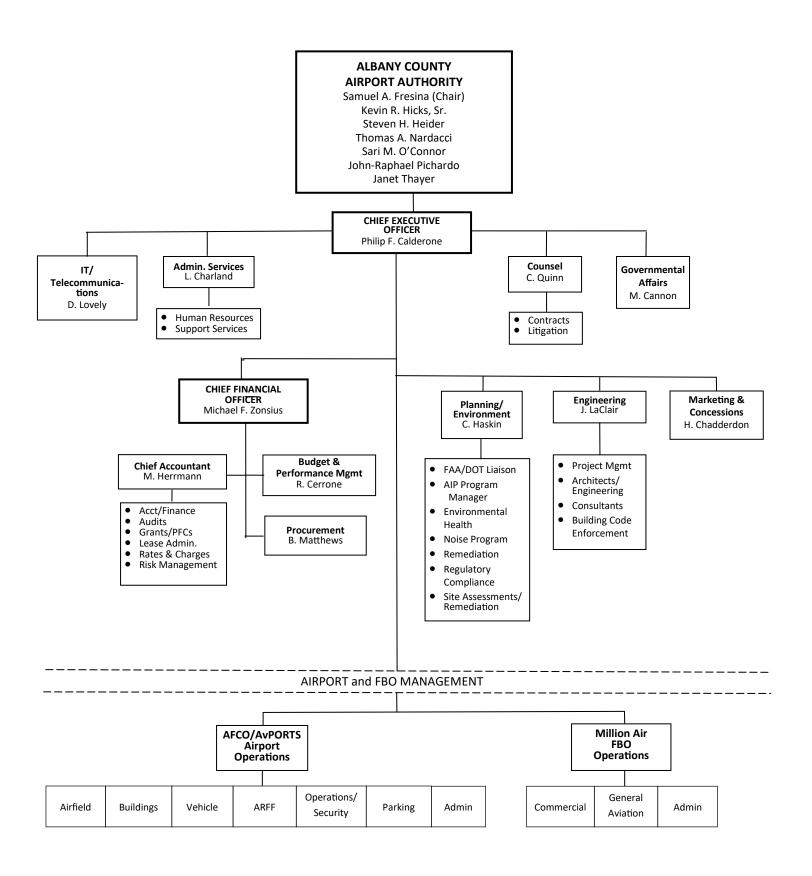
Respectfully submitted:

Phillip F. Calderone, Esq. Chief Executive Officer

hij F. Caldenne.

Michael F. Zonsius Chief Financial Officer

ALBANY INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Albany County Airport Authority New York

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



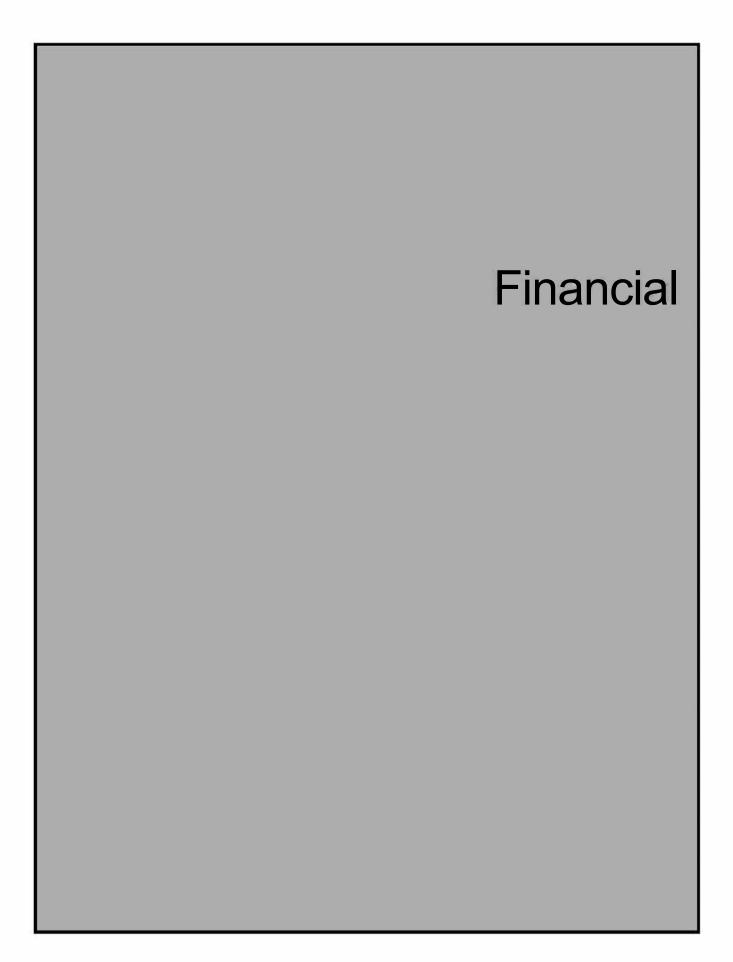
21 non-stop destinations are served from Albany with

44 daily flights to 17 destinations

4 destinations are served with non-daily flights

Source: Innovata, via Cirium, based on March 2024 schedules. Raleigh/Durham service scheduled to begin in May 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members Albany County Airport Authority

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and fiduciary funds of the Albany County Airport Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the County of Albany, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and fiduciary funds of the Albany County Airport Authority as of December 31, 2023, and the respective change in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of actuarially determined contribution - deficiency/(excess), schedule of OPEB actuarial methods and assumptions, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) and schedule of authority contributions on pages 21 through 29, 76 through 77 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Albany County Airport Authority's basic financial statements. The introductory section on pages 1 through 12, the schedule of debt service requirements to maturity and of governmental payments and services on page 86 and 87, the insurance schedule on page 88, the customer facility charges statement on page 90, the statistical section on pages 92 through 115, and the biographies of the Authority's members and senior staff on pages 134 through 136 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and New York State Department of Transportation Financial Assistance for the year ended December 31, 2023, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and by the New York State Department of Transportation Preliminary Draft Part 43 of the New York State Codification of Rules and Regulations and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges Collected and Expended for the year ended December 31, 2023, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as specified in the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of debt service requirements to maturity, the schedule of government payments and services, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and New York State Department of Transportation Financial Assistance, and the Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges Collected and Expended are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section, the statistical section and biographies but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 18, 2024 on our consideration of the Albany County Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Albany County Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Barr & Co. LLP

Latham, NY March 18, 2024 This page intentionally left blank

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Albany County Airport Authority (the Authority) provides an introduction of the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 with selected comparative information for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021. Management prepared this unaudited MD&A, which should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, and the notes thereto, which follow in this section.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Authority is a business-type activity and the Authority's basic financial statements include: the Statements of Net Position, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and the Statements of Cash Flows. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Also included are the Statements of Fiduciary Fund Net Position; and the Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position for the Authority's Fiduciary Fund which also has a December 31st year end.

The Statements of Net Position depict the Authority's financial position at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the end of the Authority's previous fiscal year. The Statements reports all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position. Net position is displayed in three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguished between major categories of restrictions) and unrestricted.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reports total operating revenues, operating expenses, non-operating income and expenses, capital contributions and the changes in net position during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows.

The Statements of Cash Flows presents information showing how the Authority's cash and cash equivalents position changed during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. The Statements classifies cash receipts and cash payments by Operating Activities, Non-capital Financing Activities, Investing Activities, and Capital and Related Financing Activities.

The Statements of Fiduciary Fund Net Position is a snapshot of account balances of the Authority's fiduciary fund at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and indicates the assets available for future payments for retiree benefits and any current liabilities that are owed at this time.

The Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position, on the other hand, provides a view of current period additions to and deductions from the net position held in the Trust during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Airport Activities

In 2023, Enplanements increased from 1,290,529 in 2022 to 1,376,639. Cargo tonnage decreased from 21,082 in 2022 to 20,949 in 2023. Operations, a landing or takeoff, decreased from 53,726 in 2022 to 53,610 in 2023.

The following shows the major airport indicators during the past three years:

	2023	2022	2021
Enplanements	1,376,639	1,290,529	976,037
Operations	53,610	53,726	47,849
Cargo (tons)	20,929	21,082	23,049

Published available seats for 2023 increased by 99,244 or 6.3% from 2022 and the passenger load factor increased to 83% in 2023 from 79% in 2022. The published available seats and the yearly load factors for the last three years are below:

	2023	2022	2021
Total Available Seats	1,656,472	1,557,228	1,189,312
Passenger Load Factor	83%	79%	83%

As of December 31, 2023, two regularly scheduled express mail and various special cargo carriers serve the Airport.

Financial Highlights

SUMMARY OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The changes in net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of changes in the Authority's financial position. A summary of the Authority's change in net position for the year ended December 31 is below:

	2023	2022	2021
Operating revenues	\$ 53,230,207 \$	53,582,278 \$	40,775,457
Operating expenses	 44,158,861	(40,350,761)	(33,766,606)
Revenues in excess of expenses before depreciation	9,071,346	13,231,517	7,008,851
Depreciation	 19,050,784	(18,882,884)	(18,387,208)
Loss before non-operating income and expenses	(9,979,438)	(5,651,367)	(11,378,357)
Non-operating income and (expenses), net	 11,898,516	4,357,040	7,001,158
Income/(loss) before capital contributions	1,919,078	(1,294,327)	(4,377,199)
Capital contributions, special and extraordinary item	 16,929,595	5,982,119	11,276,697
Net position			
Increase / (decrease) in net position	18,848,673	4,687,792	6,899,498
Total net position, beginning of year	 251,869,419	247,181,627	240,282,129
Total net position, end of year	\$ 270,718,092 \$	251,869,419 \$	247,181,627

OPERATING REVENUE AND NON-OPERATING REVENUE

Total revenues are a combination of Operating and Non-Operating Revenue. Operating revenue is generated from the day-to-day activities of the airport, landing fees, parking fees, terminal rent and property rent. Non-operating revenue is revenue that is ancillary or a by-product of operating the airport, e.g. interest revenue. It may also be grant revenue that reimburses an operating expense or Passenger Facility Charges that are used for approved capital expenditures. Operating revenue and non-operating revenue for 2023, 2022 and 2021 are on the next page:

	2023	2022	2021
Operating Revenues			
Airfield	\$ 5,512,260 \$	6,537,793 \$	5,545,788
Terminal	3,510,123	4,974,060	5,363,151
Ground Transportation	17,907,220	16,405,065	9,327,909
Concessions	9,462,456	8,645,042	6,891,504
Fixed Based Operations	12,361,731	12,506,123	9,326,061
Other	4,476,417	4,514,195	4,321,044
	53,230,207	53,582,278	40,775,457
Non-Operating Income			
Passenger Facility Charges	5,699,317	5,318,185	4,055,447
Grant Income	5,232,617	1,420,740	4,810,756
Improvement Chargers	368,400	368,400	368,400
Insurance Recoveries	335,000	-	77,967
Interest Income	2,371,346	846,754	263,747
	 14,006,680	7,954,079	9,576,317
Total	\$ 67,236,887 \$	61,536,357 \$	50,351,774
Percentage of Increase	 9.3%	22.2%	13.4%

Operating Revenue

Total operating revenue increased to \$53,230,207 from \$53,582,278 in the prior year, a decrease of \$352,071, or 0.7%. The majority of operating revenue is driven by enplanement levels.

Airfield revenue decreased to \$5,512,260 from \$6,537,793 in the prior year, a decrease of \$1,025,533, or 15.7%. Airfield revenue includes: passenger and cargo landing fees, apron fees and glycol disposal fees. Under the Signatory Airline Use and Lease Agreement (ULA), the airfield is a "residual cost center" requiring signatory airlines to pay the residual cost after all airfield and certain non-airfield revenues allocated to the airfield have been applied which includes interest income and PFCs applicable to airfield related debt service. Accordingly, airfield revenues are sensitive to airfield cost, interest earnings, PFCs revenues applied to airfield debt service, and the amount of airfield debt service.

Terminal revenue decreased to \$3,510,123 from \$4,974,060 in the prior year, a decrease of \$1,463,937, or 29.4%. Terminal revenue includes: airline and non-airline lease revenue and passenger boarding bridge fees. The terminal revenue is sensitive to the amount of rented space and terminal operating costs used to determine the annual rental rate.

Ground transportation revenue increased to \$17,907,220 from \$16,405,065 in the prior year, an increase of \$1,502,155, or 9.2%. Ground transportation revenue includes: parking revenue, taxi/hotel access fees, and transportation network charges (Lyft/Uber). Ground transportation revenue is sensitive to enplanement activity and the number of parking transactions (vehicles parked). Parking transactions increased to 571,981 from 530,725 in the prior year. The Airport directly manages all on-airport parking operations which at December 31, 2023 included 181 short-term garage/surface, 2,912 long-term garage, 1,880 long-term surface, and 2,763 remote shuttle served parking spaces.

Concession revenue increased to \$9,462,456 from \$8,645,042 in the prior year, an increase of \$817,414, or 9.5%. Concession revenue is driven by enplanement activity.

Gross sales per enplanement levels increased 15.9% as shown below:

	 2023	2022	2021
Enplanements	1,376,639	1,290,529	976,037
Sales per Enplanement	\$ 11.19 \$	10.53 \$	9.08

Fixed Based Operator revenue decreased to \$12,361,731 from \$12,506,123 in the prior year, an decrease of \$144,392, or 1.2%. The Authority manages the daily operations of its FBO through REW Investments, Inc. (d/b/a Million Air). A summary of the operating revenue drivers, e.g. the gallons of Jet A and Aviation Gasoline sold, gallons of glycol sold and sprayed and the Jet A transferred to the commercial and cargo airlines, is as follows for 2023, 2022 and 2021:

_	2023	2022	2021
Retail Gallons Sold:			
Jet A	1,279,421	1,259,022	1,274,382
AvGas	72,471	68,249	49,815
Glycol - Consortium	59,953	58,707	52,419
Glycol - Sprayed	75,647	64,786	56,622
Jet A Fuel Airline Into-Plane Gallons	18,494,934	18,141,788	15,161,563

Other revenue decreased to \$4,476,417 from \$4,514,195 in the prior year, a decrease of \$37,778, or 0.8%. Other revenue remains relatively the same from year to year and includes fixed lease rent from land, hangars, t-hangars, and buildings.

Non-Operating Income

Total Non-Operating income increased to \$14,006,680 from \$7,954,079 in the prior year, a difference of \$6,052,601 or 76.1%. This increase is largely attributable to the increase in Grant Income derived from Coronavirus and Relief Act (CARES Act) funding and an increase in interest earnings.

OPERATING EXPENSES AND NON-OPERATING EXPENSES HIGHLIGHTS

Total expenses are also a made up of Operating and Non-Operating components and depreciation. Operating expenses include those expenses necessary to operate the airport on a day-to-day basis and include personnel salary and benefits, contract services, and materials and supplies. Non-operating expenses also include expenses that are ancillary or a by-product of operating the airport and predominantly include interest expense. Depreciation is the annual expense of the cost of a capital asset allocated over its annual useful life. Operating expenses and non-operating expenses for 2023, 2022 and 2021 are on the next page.

	2023	2022	2021
Operating Expenses			
Personnel services	\$ 12,624,930 \$	11,593,516 \$	10,390,542
Employee benefits	5,950,078	4,941,925	4,756,459
Utilities & communications	2,562,914	2,563,632	1,937,442
Purchased services	7,177,642	6,223,531	5,555,362
Material & supplies	12,413,637	12,445,319	8,662,515
Administration	2,871,427	2,300,011	1,641,707
Non-capital equipment	558,233	282,827	822,579
	 44,158,861	40,350,761	33,766,606
Depreciation	19,050,784	18,882,884	18,387,208
Non-Operating Expenses			
Interest	2,108,164	2,314,999	2,575,159
Grant expense	-	1,282,040	-
	2,108,164	3,597,039	2,575,159
Total	\$ 65,317,809 \$	62,830,684 \$	54,728,973
Percentage of Increase	 4.0%	14.8%	0.2%

Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses increased to \$44,158,861 from \$40,350,761 in the prior year, an increase of \$3,808,100, or 9.4%. Below are the categories that comprise total operating expenses.

Combined, Personnel Services and Employee Benefits expense increased to \$18,575,008 from \$16,535,441 in the prior year, an increase of \$2,039,567, or 12.3%.

Utility and communication expense decreased to \$2,562,914 from \$2,563,632 in the prior year, a decrease of \$718, or 0.03%.

Purchased service expense increased to \$7,177,642 from \$6,223,531 in the prior year, an increase of \$954,111, or 15.3%.

Materials and supplies expense decreased to \$12,413,637 from \$12,445,319 in the prior year, a decrease of \$31,682, or 0.3%.

Administration expense increased to \$2,871,427 from \$2,300,011 in the prior year, an increase of \$571,416, or 24.8%.

Non-Capital equipment expense increased to \$558,233 from \$282,827 in the prior year, an increase of \$275,406, or 97.4%.

Non-Operating Expenses

Total Non-Operating Expenses decreased to \$2,108,164 from \$3,597,039 in the prior year, a difference of \$1,488,875. This decrease is largely attributable to the disbursements required to the concessions in the amount of \$1,282,040 from the Grant Income derived from Coronavirus and Relief Act (CARES Act) funding that was recorded in 2022.

Financial Position Summary

The Statements of Net Position depict the Authority's financial position as of one point in time – December 31 – and reflects the residual difference between all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Authority. Net position represents the residual interest in the Authority's assets after deducting liabilities. The Authority's net position was \$271.4 million at December 31, 2023, a \$19.5 million increase from December 31, 2022.

A condensed summary of the Authority's total net position at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and 2021 is below:

	2023		2022	2021
ASSETS				
Capital assets	\$	275,717,191 \$	267,625,014 \$	276,300,611
Other assets		104,847,397	89,436,457	82,392,667
Total Assets		380,564,588	357,061,471	358,693,278
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,609,258	3,033,495	2,873,221
LIABILITIES				
Current (payable from unrestricted assets)		16,971,995	9,506,912	6,811,538
Current (payable from restricted assets)		16,275,794	9,320,058	8,288,244
Noncurrent liabilities		58,738,561	65,874,334	73,928,802
Total Liabilities		91,986,350	84,701,304	89,028,584
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		20,469,409	23,524,243	25,356,288
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		208,844,436	210,618,826	209,491,889
Restricted		38,318,628	25,249,714	23,862,862
Unrestricted		24,205,023	16,000,879	13,826,876
Net Position	\$	271,368,087 \$	251,869,419 \$	247,181,627

Net position is comprised of three components as follows:

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, and equipment), less the related indebtedness outstanding used to acquire those capital assets, represents the largest portion of the Authority's net position (77.0% at December 31, 2023). The Authority uses these capital assets to provide services to the airlines, passengers and to service providers and users located at the Airport; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Authority's net investment in capital assets is net of related debt, the resources required to repay this debt annually are paid from operations, since it is unlikely that the capital assets will be liquidated to pay liabilities.

Restricted net position (14.1 % at December 31, 2023), principally representing bond reserves and PFC funds, are restricted as to use pursuant to bond resolutions and Federal regulations. The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Unrestricted net position totaling \$8.9 million (24.2 % at December 31, 2023) are available to meet any of the Authority's ongoing obligations. The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Airlines Signatory Rates and Charges

The Authority and airlines entered into a Use and Lease Agreement ("Agreement") effective January 1, 2016 for five years, with an option for a five-year renewal, which establishes how the airlines that signed the Agreement will be assessed annual rates and charges for their use of the Airport. In the Agreement, signatory airlines have the option to designate some or all of their affiliate carriers as signatory airlines. The five-year renewal option was renegotiated and the Authority and airlines agreed to a one-year option and one two-year option.

Cash Management Policies and Cash Flow Activities

Cash equivalents represent cash-on-hand, bank deposits and liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less. The following shows a summary of the major sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents for 2023, 2022 and 2021:

	2023		2022	2021
Cash flows from (used):				
Operating activities	\$	17,836,908 \$	15,555,769 \$	5,530,263
Noncapital financing activities		5,232,617	138,700	4,810,756
Investing activities		2,113,059	919,474	278,122
Capital and related financing activities		(13,228,079)	(8,365,052)	(7,160,822)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash		11,954,505	8,248,891	3,458,319
Beginning of period		59,296,949	51,048,058	47,589,739
End of period	\$	71,251,454 \$	59,296,949 \$	51,048,058

The Authority's available cash and cash equivalents increased during 2023 by \$11,954,505. Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are composed of:

2023	2022	2021
\$ 42,799,679 \$	26,924,730 \$	22,357,372
8,962,306	8,170,629	7,085,564
464,656	453,361	449,616
730,984	6,886,147	4,559,084
9,751,984	8,243,096	8,289,838
7,609,446	7,708,379	7,403,497
932,399	910,607	903,087
\$ 71,251,454 \$	59,296,949 \$	51,048,058
\$	\$ 42,799,679 \$ 8,962,306 464,656 730,984 9,751,984 7,609,446 932,399	\$ 42,799,679 \$ 26,924,730 \$ 8,962,306

Capital Activities

The Authority capitalized \$16.5 million for completed projects in 2023. The majority was \$7.9 million for Runway 10/28 rehabilitation, \$1.6 million for rehabilitation of the air cargo ramp, \$1.5 million for terminal escalators, \$2.0 million for the terminal fire alarm replacement, \$0.6 million for land acquisition and \$1.5 million for various equipment replacement including a new front end loader at \$0.4 million and \$0.5 million for a new runway broom.

More detailed capital asset activity information can be found in Note 7 of the financial statements.

Debt Administration

The total Authority principal debt outstanding at December 31, 2023 for General Airport Revenue Bonds (GARB) was \$55,295,000 as compared to \$62,315,000 as of December 31, 2022. The aggregate par amount of bonds and bank loans issued by the Authority and outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and 2021 is summarized in the following table:

	 Issued	2023	2022	2021
Authority Revenue Bonds and Other Debt				·
Series 2017A & B Refunding	\$ 14,395,000 \$	6,070,000 \$	7,215,000 \$	8,300,000
Series 2018A & B GARB	22,590,000	20,750,000	21,165,000	21,560,000
Series 2019A GARB	9,620,000	8,970,000	9,145,000	9,315,000
Series 2020A & B Refunding	 34,610,000	19,505,000	24,790,000	29,825,000
Total Authority Debt Obligations	\$ 81,215,000 \$	55,295,000 \$	62,315,000 \$	69,000,000

At December 31, 2023 the Authority maintained debt service reserve funds for each bond issue in the amount of \$7.6 million which is restricted for repayment of debt and Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Funds in the amount of \$9.8 million of which only \$7.3 million is restricted to repayment of debt. Thus, the Authority's direct obligations outstanding, net of funds restricted for the repayment of debt, was \$40.4 million in aggregate par amount of bonds outstanding. For additional information about the Authority's long term debt (see Note 8).

Under the Authority's master bond resolution adopted in 1997, it is required to maintain an operating reserve equal to two months operating expenses. At December 31, 2023 the reserve requirement was \$7.6 million and for which the Authority had \$8.5 million on hand. The Authority also had \$28.4 million in its airport Development Fund which can be used to restore a deficiency in any other fund and it had a repair and replacement reserve fund of \$0.5 million.

Other Long-Term Debt

Under generally accepted accounting principles, the term "debt" includes bonds, notes, loans, leases and other obligations including the net unfunded obligations for employee benefits. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022 the Authority reported \$6,386,068 and \$6,057,134 respectively as its share of the unfunded OPEB liability (see Note 14). The Authority also reported \$(1,026,081) and \$349,754 at December 31, 2023 and 2022 respectively for its proportionate share of the unfunded asset/(liability) for employee pensions (see Note 13).

Credit Ratings and Bond Insurance

The Authority's underlying credit ratings are: Moody's Investors Service "A2" and S&P Global Ratings "A".

Fitch Ratings has withdrawn its insured rating of all bonds insured by AGMC effective February 25, 2010. Moody's lowered their rating of AGMC from "A3" to "A2" on January 17, 2013. S&P Global Ratings upgraded their enhanced rating of AGMC from "AA-" to "AA" on March 18, 2014. On June 14, 2018, S&P Global Ratings raised the Authority's underlying credit rating from "A-" to "A". On January 23, 2018 AGMC received a rating of AA+ from Kroll Bond Rating Agency. S&P Global Ratings assigned an "A" rating on October 25, 2019 and Moody's assigned an "A3" rating on October 29, 2019. S&P Global Ratings of an "A" as of August 2022 reflects their view of the airport's recovering activity and improved market position with year-to-date enplanement performance through July 2022 which was 2.6% ahead of budget. Moody's assigned an upgraded "A2" rating as of July 2023 that "reflects effective management of the financial

profile, robust financial metrics, as evidenced by a Moody's calculated total debt service coverage ratio of 2.2x. and continued decline in debt levels relative to historical".

Financial Statements

The Authority's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Authority operates as a single enterprise fund with revenues recognized when earned, not when received. Expenses are recognized when incurred, not when they are paid. Capital assets are capitalized and (except land) are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Certain funds are reported as restricted based upon constraints placed on their use by contributors, grantors and debt covenants. See the Notes to the Financial Statements for a summary of the Authority's significant accounting policies.

Request for Information

The Authority's basic financial statements are designed to provide detailed information on the Authority's operations and to the Authority's Board, management, investors, creditors, customers and all others with an interest in the Authority's financial affairs and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the assets it controls and the funds it receives and expends. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or any request for additional information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer by email: mzonsius@albanyairport.com or in writing to, Albany County Airport Authority, Terminal Building, Third Floor, Albany, NY 12211-1057.

Respectfully submitted,

Wolas F. Rousing

Michael F. Zonsius Chief Financial Officer

Albany County Airport Authority Statements of Net Position As of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

CURRENT ASSETS Unrestricted Assets: \$ 2,799,679 \$ 26,924,731 Accounts receivable net 2,109,957 2,986,921 Lease receivable (niventory - fuel linventory - fuel linventory - fuel linventory - glycol (nemotory - glycol linventory - glycol linventory - glycol (nemotory - glycol linventory - glycol linventory - glycol (nemotory - glycol linventory - glycol linventory - glycol (nemotory - glycol linventory - glycol linventory - glycol (nemotory - glycol linventory - glycol linventory - glycol (nemotory - glycol linventory - glycol linve		December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 42,799,679 \$ 26,924,731 Accounts receivable 2,109,957 2,986,921 Lease receivable 136,290 122,052 Inventory - Fuel 136,290 122,052 Inventory - Graph of State Stat	CURRENT ASSETS		
Accounts receivable - net 2, 109,957 2,986,921 Lease receivable 2,722,245 2,567,186 Inventory - fuel 136,290 122,052 Inventory - fuel 136,290 122,052 Inventory - fuel 415,222 477,416 Prepaid expenses 384,781 283,711 Total Unrestricted Assets 48,568,274 33,362,017 Restricted Assets: Operating and Replacement Reserves: Cash and cash equivalents 8,962,306 8,170,629 CFC Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 730,984 6,886,147 Grant funds: 730,984 6,886,147 Grant funds receivable 10,073,584 4,190,277 Passenger Facility Charge Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 9,751,984 8,243,096 Passenger Facility Charges receivable 605,901 563,928 Revenue Bond Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 7,609,446 7,708,378 FAR Restricted Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 210,565 20			
Lease receivable 2,722,345 2,567,186 Inventory - fuel 136,290 122,052 Inventory - glycol 415,222 477,416 283,711 7012			
Inventory - fuel			
Inventory - glycol 415,222 477,416 Prepaid expenses 384,781 283,711 Total Unrestricted Assets 48,568,274 33,362,017			
Prepaid expenses 384,781 283,711 Total Unrestricted Assets 48,568,274 33,362,017 Restricted Assets: Septicities 33,362,017 Cestricted Assets: 8,962,306 8,170,629 CFC Funds: 464,656 453,361 Capital Funds: 730,984 6,886,147 Cash and cash equivalents 730,984 6,886,147 Grant funds receivable 10,073,584 4,190,277 Passenger Facility Charge Funds: 2 2,71,984 8,243,096 Passenger Facility Charges receivable 9,751,984 8,243,096 Passenger Facility Charges receivable 9,751,984 8,243,096 Passenger Facility Charges receivable 7,609,446 7,708,378 Revenue Bond Funds: 210,565 205,569 Cash and cash equivalents 7,609,446 7,708,378 FAA Restricted Funds: 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 721,834 70,503 Total Current Assets 39,131,260			
Total Unrestricted Assets			
Restricted Assets: Operating and Replacement Reserves: 8,962,306 8,170,629 CFC Funds: 3,962,306 8,170,629 CFC Funds: 464,656 453,361 Capital Funds: 730,984 6,886,147 Cash and cash equivalents 730,984 4,190,277 Passenger Facility Charge Funds: 2sh and cash equivalents 9,751,984 8,243,096 Passenger Facility Charge Funds: 2sh and cash equivalents 7,609,446 7,708,378 Revenue Bond Funds: 2sh and cash equivalents 7,609,446 7,708,378 FAA Restricted Funds: 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 721,834 705,038 Total Restricted Assets 39,131,260 37,126,423 Total Current Assets 39,731,260 37,126,423 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: 20,290,343 9,764,017 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031<			
Operating and Replacement Reserves:	Total Unrestricted Assets	48,568,274	33,362,017
Cash and cash equivalents 8,962,306 8,170,629 CFC Funds:	Restricted Assets:		
CFC Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 464,656 453,361 Capital Funds: 730,984 6,886,147 Cash and cash equivalents 730,984 4,190,277 Passenger Facility Charge Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 9,751,984 8,243,096 Passenger Facility Charges receivable 605,901 563,928 Revenue Bond Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 7,609,446 7,708,378 FAA Restricted Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 721,834 705,038 Total Restricted Assets 39,131,260 37,126,423 Total Current Assets 87,699,534 70,488,440 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 7 194,232 Prepaid expenses 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset - 349,754 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets 20,529,486,504 Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation			
Cash and cash equivalents 464,656 453,361 Capital Funds: 730,984 6,886,147 Cash and cash equivalents 730,984 4,190,277 Passenger Facility Charge Funds: 2 Cash and cash equivalents 9,751,984 8,243,096 Passenger Facility Charges receivable 605,901 563,928 Revenue Bond Funds: 7,609,446 7,708,378 Cash and cash equivalents 7,609,446 7,708,378 FAA Restricted Funds: 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 721,834 705,038 Total Current Assets 39,131,260 37,126,423 Total Current Assets 37,699,534 70,488,440 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 178,797 194,232 Prepaid expenses 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset - 349,754 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: - 20,290,343 9,764,017 Lotal Capital Assets 202,965,014	Cash and cash equivalents	8,962,306	8,170,629
Capital Funds: 730,984 6,886,147 Cash and cash equivalents 730,984 4,190,277 Passenger Facility Charge Funds: 2 2,751,984 8,243,096 Cash and cash equivalents 9,751,984 8,243,096 Passenger Facility Charges receivable 605,901 563,928 Revenue Bond Funds: 7,609,446 7,708,378 Cash and cash equivalents 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 721,834 705,038 Total Restricted Assets 39,131,260 37,126,423 Total Restricted Assets 39,131,260 37,126,423 Total Current Assets 87,699,534 70,488,440 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: 2 20,809,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets <td>CFC Funds:</td> <td></td> <td></td>	CFC Funds:		
Cash and cash equivalents Grant funds receivable 730,984 10,073,584 6,886,147 4,190,277 Passenger Facility Charge Funds:	Cash and cash equivalents	464,656	453,361
Grant funds receivable 10,073,584 4,190,277 Passenger Facility Charge Funds:	Capital Funds:		
Passenger Facility Charge Funds: 9,751,984 8,243,096 Cash and cash equivalents 9,751,984 8,243,096 Passenger Facility Charges receivable 605,901 563,928 Revenue Bond Funds: 7,609,446 7,708,378 Cash and cash equivalents 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 721,834 705,038 Cash and cash equivalents 721,834 705,038 Total Restricted Assets 39,131,260 37,126,423 Total Current Assets 87,699,534 70,488,440 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 7 194,232 Prepaid expenses 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset - 349,754 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: 48,899,432 48,201,829 Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191	Cash and cash equivalents	730,984	6,886,147
Cash and cash equivalents Passenger Facility Charges receivable 9,751,984 605,901 8,243,096 563,928 Revenue Bond Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 7,609,446 7,708,378 FAA Restricted Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 721,834 705,038 Total Restricted Assets 39,131,260 37,126,423 Total Current Assets 87,699,534 70,488,440 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset - 349,754 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: 2 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Refunding 638,650 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,1	Grant funds receivable	10,073,584	4,190,277
Passenger Facility Charges receivable 605,901 563,928 Revenue Bond Funds:			
Revenue Bond Funds: 7,609,446 7,708,378 FAA Restricted Funds: 210,565 205,569 Concession Improvement Funds: 721,834 705,038 Cash and cash equivalents 721,834 705,038 Total Restricted Assets 39,131,260 37,126,423 Total Current Assets 87,699,534 70,488,440 NON-CURRENT ASSETS Prepaid expenses 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: 20,203,43 9,764,017 Land and easements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Refunding 638,650 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses		9,751,984	8,243,096
Cash and cash equivalents 7,609,446 7,708,378 FAA Restricted Funds:	Passenger Facility Charges receivable	605,901	563,928
FAA Restricted Funds: 210,565 205,569 Cash and cash equivalents 721,834 705,038 Total Restricted Assets 39,131,260 37,126,423 Total Current Assets 87,699,534 70,488,440 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 178,797 194,232 Prepaid expenses 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset - 349,754 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: - 48,899,432 48,201,829 Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Refunding 638,650 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107			
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Concession Improvement Funds: Cash and cash equivalents 721,834 705,038 Total Restricted Assets 39,131,260 37,126,423 Total Current Assets 87,699,534 70,488,440 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 87,699,534 70,488,440 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset - 349,754 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: 2 48,201,829 Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Refunding 638,650 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107			
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Total Restricted Assets 39,131,260 37,126,423 Total Current Assets 87,699,534 70,488,440 NON-CURRENT ASSETS Prepaid expenses 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset - 349,754 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: Land and easements 48,899,432 48,201,829 Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Refunding 638,650 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107			
Total Current Assets 87,699,534 70,488,440 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 70,488,440 Prepaid expenses 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset - 349,754 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: - 206,527,416 209,659,168 Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Refunding 638,650 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107	·		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset - 349,754 16,969,066 18,404,031 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 18,401,031 18,404,031 18,404,031<			
Prepaid expenses 178,797 194,232 Net pension asset - 349,754 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: - - Land and easements 48,899,432 48,201,829 Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 86,650 959,399 Refunding 638,650 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107		87,699,534	70,488,440
Net pension asset - 349,754 Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: - 48,899,432 48,201,829 Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Refunding OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107			
Lease receivable 16,969,066 18,404,031 Capital Assets: 48,899,432 48,201,829 Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 959,399 Refunding OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107		178,797	
Capital Assets: 48,899,432 48,201,829 Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 86,650 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107		-	•
Land and easements 48,899,432 48,201,829 Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 86,050 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107		16,969,066	18,404,031
Buildings, improvements and equipment, net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 86,050 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107	•	48,899,432	48,201,829
net of depreciation 206,527,416 209,659,168 Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 86,000 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107		-,,	-, - ,
Construction in progress 20,290,343 9,764,017 Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 86,050 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107		206,527,416	209,659,168
Total Capital Assets 275,717,191 267,625,014 Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 86,000 959,399 Refunding 638,650 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107			
Total Non-Current Assets 292,865,054 286,573,031 Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Refunding OPEB expenses OPEB expenses Pension expenses			
Total Assets 380,564,588 357,061,471 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 8 8 Refunding OPEB expenses OPEB expenses Pension expenses 906,998 1,025,989 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107 1,048,107			
Refunding 638,650 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107			
Refunding 638,650 959,399 OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
OPEB expenses 906,998 1,025,989 Pension expenses 1,063,610 1,048,107		638.650	959.399
Pension expenses			

Albany County Airport Authority Statements of Net Position As of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

	December 31, 2	023	December 31, 2022
<u>LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION</u>			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payable from Unrestricted Assets:			
Accounts payable	4,046,		871,910
Accrued expenses	12,925,4		8,635,002
Total Payable from Unrestricted Assets	16,971,9	995_	9,506,912
Payable from Restricted Assets:			
Construction contracts payable	7,953,	166	1,777,588
Construction contract retainages	951,8	329	427,223
Accrued interest payable	90,7	799	95,247
Current maturities of long - term debt	7,280,0	000	7,020,000
Total Payable from Restricted Assets	16,275,	794	9,320,058
Total Current Liabilities	33,247,	789	18,826,970
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Bonds and other debt obbligations	51,326,4	112	59,817,200
Net OPEB liability	6,386,0	068	6,057,134
Net pension liability - proportionate share	1,026,0		<u> </u>
Total Non-Current Liabilities	58,738,	561	65,874,334
Total Liabilities	91,986,3	350	84,701,304
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Concession improvement funds	906,3	386	780,788
OPEB expenses	766.		1,275,576
Pension expenses	75,3	313	1,246,137
Leases	18,721,	114	20,221,742
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	20,469,4	109	23,524,243
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	208,844,4	136	203,073,505
Restricted	38,318,6		32,795,035
Unrestricted	23,555,0		16,000,879
Net Position	\$ 270,718,0	087	\$ 251,869,419

Albany County Airport Authority Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

0 " 0	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Operating Revenues	Φ 5.540.000	Φ 0.507.700
Airfield	\$ 5,512,260	\$ 6,537,793
Fixed Based Operations	12,361,731	12,506,123
Terminal	3,510,123	4,974,060
Concessions	9,462,456	8,645,042
Ground transportation	17,907,220	16,405,065
Other revenue	4,476,417	4,514,195
Total Operating Revenues	53,230,207	53,582,278
Operating Expenses		
Personal services	12,624,930	11,593,516
Employee benefits	5,950,078	4,941,925
Utilities & communications	2,562,914	2,563,632
Purchased services	7,177,642	6,223,531
Materials & supplies	12,413,637	12,445,319
Administrative expenses	2,871,427	2,300,011
Non-capital equipment	558,233	282,827
Total Operating Expenses	44,158,861	40,350,761
Revenues in excess of expenses before depreciation	9,071,346	13,231,517
Depreciation	19,050,784	18,882,884
Loss Before Non-Operating Income and Expenses	(9,979,438)	(5,651,367)
Non-Operating Income and (Expenses)		
Passenger facility charges	5,699,317	5,318,185
Grant income	5,232,617	1,420,740
Improvement charges	368,400	368,400
Interest income	2,371,341	846,754
Insurance recoveries	335,000	-
Interest expense	(2,108,164)	(2,314,999)
Grant expense	(<u>_,</u> , , , , ,	(1,282,040)
Total Non-Operating Income and (Expenses)	11,898,511	4,357,040
Gain (Loss) before Capital Contributions	1,919,073	(1,294,327)
Capital Contributions	16,929,595	5,982,119
Net Desilier		
Net Position Increase in Net Position	18,848,668	4,687,792
Net Position, Beginning of Year	251,869,419	247,181,627
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 270,718,087	\$ 251,869,419

Albany County Airport Authority Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

	Decer	nber 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Cash received from providing services	\$	54,282,774	\$	53,926,133
Cash paid to suppliers		(35,171,562)		(36,820,066)
Cash paid to employees		(1,652,261)	-	(1,550,298)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		17,458,951	-	15,555,769
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities				
Grant income		5,232,617		1,420,740
Grant expense				(1,282,040)
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities		5,232,617		138,700
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Interest received		2,195,741		846,755
Interest on passenger facility charges		295,276		72,719
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		2,491,017		919,474
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Purchase of property and equipment		(20,442,784)		(9,500,688)
Principal payments made on bonds and notes payable		(7,020,000)		(6,685,000)
Interest paid		(3,002,652)		(3,335,200)
Concession improvement funds		125,600		74,933
Improvement charges		368,400		368,400
Insurance recoveries		335,000		_
Capital grants		11,046,289		5,495,453
Passenger facility charges		5,362,067		5,217,050
Net Cash Used By Capital and Related Financing Activities		(13,228,080)		(8,365,052)
Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents		11,954,505		8,248,891
Cash and cash equivalents, beginining of year		59,296,949		51,048,058
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	71,251,454	\$	59,296,949
Reconiliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating	a Activitie	es.		
Loss before non-operating income and expenses	\$	(9,979,438)	\$	(5,651,367)
Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash	Ψ	(0,0.0,100)	Ψ	(0,00.,00.)
provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		19,050,784		18,882,884
Decrease/(Increase) in assets:		.,,		-,,
Accounts receivable		1,052,569		343,859
Lease receivable		(220,822)		(253,939)
Prepaid expenses		(37,678)		(198,349)
Deferred OPEB expenses		(61,055)		(150,432)
Deferred pension expenses		189,511		(112,427)
Increase in liabilities:		•		(, , ,
Acounts payable and accrued expenses		7,465,080		2,695,540
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	17,458,951	\$	15,555,769
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities:	<u> </u>	,,	•	
Capital Assets and related receivables	\$	(5,883,305)	\$	486,666
Total Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(5,883,305)	\$	486,666
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Albany County Airport Authority OPEB Trust Statements of OPEB Fund Net Position As of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

	Dece	mber 31, 2023	December 31, 202			
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,685,967	\$	2,998,727		
Investments		1,500,000		-		
Interest receivable		16,556		<u>-</u>		
Total Assets		3,202,523		2,998,727		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		-		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		-		
LIABILITIES		-		-		
Total Liabilities		-		-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				_		
NET POSITION						
Net Position - Restricted for OPEB	\$	3,202,523	\$	2,998,727		

Albany County Airport Authority OPEB Trust Statements of Changes in OPEB Fund Net Position For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

	Dece	mber 31, 2023_	Decei	mber 31, 2022
Additions to Net Position Attributed to:		_		_
Contributions				
Employer	\$	459,488	\$	381,571
Interest Income		89,117		7,603
Total Additions		548,605		389,174
Deductions from Net Position Attributed to:				
Retirement benefits		287,409		221,607
Implicit Cost Amount		57,400		49,412
Administrative expenses		<u>-</u>		
Total Deductions		344,809		271,019
Increase in Net Position		203,796	-	118,155
Net Position - Restricted for OPEB, Beginning of Year	-	2,998,727		2,880,572
Net Position - Restricted for OPEB, End of Year	\$	3,202,523	\$	2,998,727

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ALBANY COUNTY AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - Organization and Reporting Entity

Organization

The Albany County Airport Authority (Authority), a body corporate and politic, constituting a public benefit corporation, was established by the State of New York (State) August 4, 1993, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 686 of the Laws of 1993 as set forth in Title 32 of the State's Public Authorities Law. As a public benefit corporation, the Authority is independent, distinct from, and not an agent of the State or any other of the State's political subdivisions, including the County of Albany (County).

The Authority consists of seven members, four appointed by the majority leader of the County Legislature and three by the County Executive, who jointly designate one of the seven members as chairperson, and all with approval of the County Legislature. The Authority members serve for a term of four years or until their successor is appointed, except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy will be appointed to serve only the unexpired term. Members of the Authority are eligible for reappointment.

On March 15, 1994, the Authority and the County entered into an Interim Agreement whereby the County granted, and the Authority accepted, sole possession, use, occupancy and management of the Albany International Airport (Airport), including all rights, interest, powers, privileges and other benefits in each and every contract relating to the maintenance, operation, leasing, management or construction of the Airport, and all other rights, privileges or entitlement necessary to continue to use, operate and develop the Airport.

The Authority and the County entered into a permanent Airport Lease Agreement, dated December 5, 1995, which upon its approval by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) became effective on May 16, 1996 for a term of forty (40) years, whereby the Authority has the exclusive right to operate, maintain and improve the Airport and do anything else permitted by law, subject only to the restrictions and conditions stated in such Airport Lease Agreement and in accordance with applicable Federal, State and local laws. On November 5, 2018 the term of the Lease was extended through December 31, 2049.

Pursuant to the State enabling Legislation, the Authority may not undertake any capital project, other than the redevelopment project described in the enabling legislation, known as the Terminal Improvement Program, unless the project has first been approved by the County as part of a five-year Capital Improvement Program. For these purposes, the term "capital project" is defined as the construction, reconstruction or acquisition of airport or aviation facilities.

Prior to March 15, 1994, the Airport operated as a fund of the County. As of March 15, 1994 the County transferred the use of all assets and substantially all liabilities of the County's Airport Enterprise Fund to the Authority. These assets and liabilities were recorded by the Authority at a Net Asset value equal to \$46,824,500.

The Authority is not subject to Federal, State or local income, property or sales taxes, except for property taxes due on properties acquired by the Authority until they are removed from the tax rolls as of the next assessment date. However, the Authority may agree to make certain payments in lieu of taxes for real property owned or used by the Authority for purposes other than public aviation purposes and under other limited circumstances.

The Authority has contracted with AFCO AvPorts Management LLC, (d/b/a Avports), to manage the daily operations of the airport under a two year term expiring December 31, 2024. The Authority has also contracted with REW Investments, Inc., (d/b/a Million Air), to manage the fixed based operations of the airport under a one year term expiring August 31, 2024. Both agreements are renewable with the approval of both parties.

Reporting Entity

The Authority meets the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for inclusion as a component unit within the County's basic financial statements based on the County's responsibility for the appointment of the Authority members, and their approval of capital programs and certain debt issuances. As such, the Authority is included in the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and the changes in net position and cash flows of the Authority only. The Authority is not involved in any joint ventures.

The Authority has established a written, single employer, defined benefit plan to provide healthcare benefits to eligible former employees and/or their qualifying dependents. The Authority also established a legally separate trust known as the Albany County Airport Authority OPEB Trust to receive and manage contributions from the Authority to fund its obligations for retiree health care benefits under the written plan. The Albany County Airport Authority OPEB Trust is included in the Authority's financial statements as a separate Fiduciary Fund of the Authority under accounting principles promulgated by GASB.

NOTE 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles for state and local governments in the United States of America.

The Authority's operations are presented as a single enterprise fund. Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items in accordance with the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses are accounted for through a single enterprise fund with revenues recorded when earned and expenses recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Revenues from airlines, FBO operations, concessions, property rentals, operating permits, and parking fees are reported as operating revenues. All expenses related to operating the Airport are reported as expenses. Passenger facility charges, non-capital grants, capital improvement charges, interest and investment income are reported as non-operating income. Interest expense, financing costs and grant expenses are reported as non-operating expenses. Capital contributions, special and extraordinary items are reported separately after non-operating revenues and non-operating expenses.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The deposit and investment of Authority monies is governed by provisions in its enabling legislation and by a Cash Management and Investment Policy adopted by the Authority on September 13, 1994 and last amended on July 23, 2018. The policy allows the Authority to use any depository bank that is a State or Federally chartered commercial bank that can meet the Authority's requirements for cash vault services, is a member of the National Automated Clearing House Association (NACHA), and is able to act as an Originating Depository Financial Institution (ODFI) for direct deposit of payments. Additionally, the bank must have a minimum long term credit rating of "A" without regard to subcategories from at least one of the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSRO) and no rating below investment grade from any other NRSRO.

Monies not needed for immediate expenditure may be invested in (1) United States Treasury obligations with maturities of seven years or less, (2) obligations backed by the United States Government full faith and credit, (3) New York State, New York State agency or New York State subdivisions (cities, towns, villages, counties) obligations with, (4) certificates of deposit fully collateralized from a bank or trust company in New York State, (5) notes, bonds, debentures, mortgages and other evidences of indebtedness of certain agencies sponsored by the United States government provided at the time of investment such agency or its obligations are rated and the agency receives, or its obligations receive, the highest rating of all independent rating agencies that rate such agency or its obligations, and (6) repurchase agreements using United States Treasury obligations with maturities of seven years or less. Investments are stated at fair value or amortized cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents, which are stated at cost, consist of certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 3 sets forth information about the use of federal depository insurance (FDIC) and collateralization to insure the Authority's deposits.

Receivables

Receivables are reported at their gross value when earned and are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The allowance for uncollectible amounts is based on collection history, aviation industry trends and current information regarding the credit worthiness of the tenants and others doing business

Lessor Receivable

The Authority, as a lessor, recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources at the commencement of the lease term, with certain exceptions for leases of assets held as investments, certain regulated leases, short-term leases, and leases that transfer ownership of the underlying asset. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of the lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The deferred inflow of resources should be measured as the value of the lease receivable in addition to any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of monies and other resources which are restricted legally as described below: *Capital Funds* - These assets represent capital debt proceeds and grant funds that are restricted for designated capital projects and cannot be expended for any other item.

Passenger Facility Charges Funds - These assets represent Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) collections based on an approved FAA application to "Impose" such charges on enplaned passengers at the Airport. These funds are restricted for designated capital projects and any debt incurred to finance the construction of those projects. The Authority recognizes and reports as other income PFCs earned when all conditions have been met that entitles the Authority to retain the PFCs. PFCs received prior to this time are reported as restricted net position.

Customer Facility Charges - These assets represent Customer Facility Charges (CFC) collections based on approved Amendment No. 1 to Rental Car Concession Agreements. These funds are restricted for designated capital projects related to the reallocation of Rental Car Company terminal counters and offices, and costs of relocating and reallocating the parking garage spaces. The Authority recognizes and reports as other income CFCs earned when all conditions have been met that entitles the Authority to retain the CFCs.

Revenue Bond Funds - These assets represent Series 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020 general airport revenue bond (GARB) proceeds held in Bond Reserve Accounts. Bond reserve accounts for the Series 2017, Series 2018, Series 2019 and Series 2020 Bonds equal 125% of the average annual debt service due on bonds at the time of issuance.

FAA Restricted Funds - These assets represent proceeds from the disposition of property acquired with capital grants from the Federal Aviation Administration through the Airport Improvement Program and the Airport Noise Compatibility Grants under FAR150 or a combination of both. These Airport funds were generated through the disposition of properties acquired with Federal and State aid and interest earnings thereon. The use of such revenues is restricted to Airport Improvement Program eligible project costs contingent upon FAA concurrence.

Concession Improvement Funds - These assets represent 1% of gross revenues of all food and beverage and retail concessions held in escrow to potentially fund the planning, developing, construction, remodeling, renovating or replacing of any of the concessionaires' leased areas during the term of the concession agreement. Use of the funds during the term of the lease is subject to the Authority's sole approval. Funds remaining at the end of a concession agreement are retained by the Authority.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, equipment and all other tangible assets that are used in operations and have useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital Assets assumed by the Authority on March 15, 1994 are carried at historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Acquisitions of new assets costing \$50,000 or more are recorded at cost.

Maintenance and repairs are expended as incurred. When depreciable assets are disposed of, the related costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any gain or loss on disposition is credited or charged to an expense. Capital Assets are written off when fully depreciated unless clearly identified as still being in use. Capital Assets are written-down due to impairment if circumstances indicate a significant or unexpected decline in an assets service utility has occurred. Impaired Capital assets are written down using an approach that best reflects the decline in

service utility. Assets to be disposed of and assets held for sale are reported at the lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to dispose of.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method at various rates considered adequate to allocate costs over the estimated useful lives of such assets. The estimated lives by general classification are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	5-30
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	5-15

Capitalization of Interest

Interest costs incurred during the construction period for capital assets acquired with debt was capitalized in certain years prior to 2007. After 2007 the Authority did not incur or pay any interest that was eligible for capitalization.

Bond Issue Costs, Original Issue Discount and Deferred Loss on Bond Refundings

Bond insurance (an issuance cost) is deferred and amortized over the life of the respective issue on an effective interest method. Original issue discounts and deferred loss on refundings on long-term indebtedness are amortized using the effective interest method over the life of the debt to which it relates. Interest on capital appreciation debt is accreted using the effective interest method.

Capital Contributions

Certain expenditures for Airport capital assets are significantly funded through the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), with certain matching funds provided by the State and the Authority, or from various State allocations or grant programs. Capital funding provided under government grants is considered earned as the related allowable expenditures are incurred.

Grants for capital asset acquisition, facility development and rehabilitation and eligible long-term planning studies are reported in the *Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position*, after non-operating income and expenses, as capital contributions.

Revenue Recognition

Airfield Landing Fee Charges - Landing fees are principally generated from scheduled airlines, cargo carriers and non-scheduled commercial aviation and are based on the gross landed weight of the aircraft. The estimated landing fee structure is determined annually pursuant to an agreement between the Authority and the signatory airlines based on the adopted operating budget of the Authority and is adjusted at year end for the actual landed weight of all aircraft. Landing fees are recognized as revenue when the related facilities are utilized.

FBO, Terminal Rents, Concessions and Ground Transportation - FBO revenues are generated from commercial and general aviation users, rental and concession fees are generated from airlines, parking lots, food and beverage, retail, rental cars, advertising and other commercial tenants. Leases are for terms from one to ten years and generally require rentals based on the volume of business, with specific minimum annual rental payments required. Rental revenue is recognized over the life of the respective leases and concession revenue is recognized based on reported concessionaire revenue.

Other - All other types of revenues are recognized when earned.

Passenger Facility Charges

Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) at the rate of \$3 per enplaned passenger have been levied by the Airport since March 1, 1994 under an FAA approved application to impose \$40,726,364 with collection thereof estimated to be complete in the year 2005. During 1996, the Authority received approval to increase the amount of PFC collections to \$116,888,308 extending the estimated collection period through the year 2022. In 2009, the Authority received approval to change the PFC collection from \$3.00 per passenger to \$4.50 per passenger. In 2020, PFC Application 20-04 in the amount of \$8,142,737 was approved by the FAA. In 2022, PFC Application 23-05 in the amount of \$26,170,000 to fund certain capital projects through July 1, 2027 was approved by the FAA. Through December 31, 2023 the Authority has collected PFCs including interest earnings thereon totaling \$127,138,630.

PFC funds, along with related interest earnings, are recorded as restricted net position until they are applied against future debt service payments under an FAA approved Application to Use. PFC receipts are recognized and recorded as non-operating revenues in the year they are collected.

The Authority has expended \$10.5 million of PFCs on projects funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Authority also covenanted in the Resolution authorizing the Series 2010A and Series 2020 Refunding Bonds to apply future PFC collections to pay a portion of the debt service related to the FAA approved projects included in the Applications. Pursuant to the Resolution, PFCs collected and deposited in a segregated account, together with the interest earned thereon, are applied towards the subsequent debt service payments reducing the amount of debt to be funded from net operating revenue. Through December 31, 2023, the Authority has applied \$106.9 million of PFC's towards the payment of debt service.

Compensated Absences

Employees accrue vacation in varying amounts based on length of service. Employees can accumulate up to 300 hours, or 37.5 days of vacation time. Unused vacation time can be liquidated for cash upon separation, retirement or death.

Sick leave is earned by regular, full-time employees at the rate of one day per month. Employees can accumulate up to 1,320 hours or 165 days of sick leave. Any sick leave hours unused at the time of an employee's retirement can be applied as additional service credit in calculating retirement benefits in the New York State Employees' Retirement System. It is the policy of the Authority not to pay accumulated sick leave to employees who terminate prior to retirement.

The liability for compensated absences earned through year-end, but not yet taken, is accrued by charging the expense for the change in the liability from the prior year.

Pension Plans

The Authority applies GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68) to recognize the net pension asset (liability), deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, pension expense (revenue), and information about and changes in the fiduciary net position on the same basis as reported by the cost-sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit pension plan. The Authority also applies GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date (GASB 71) to report additional deferred outflows. The Authority's participation in the plans are mandated by State law and includes the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Voluntary Defined Contribution (NYS VDC) plan (the Systems). The Systems recognize benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms;

investment assets are reported at fair value. More information on pension activity for the Systems is included in Note 13.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, through subsequent events, actual results could differ from those estimated. Some estimates, such as the liability for Net Pension (see Note 13) and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (see Note 14) have the potential to vary more significantly over time than other estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

During 2023, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, which provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. The adoption of this accounting standard did not have a significant effect on the Authority's financial statements.

During 2023, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which addresses financial reporting issues related to public-private and public-public arrangements. This statement is effective for reporting periods ending after June 15, 2022. The adoption of this accounting standard did not have a significant effect on the Authority's financial statements.

Future Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements To Be Implemented

In April 2022, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, which addresses financial reporting issues related to the extension use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges for future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance. The adoption of this accounting standard did not have a significant effect on the Authority's financial statements.

In June 2022, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, which addresses accounting and financial reporting for (1) each category of accounting change, and (2) error corrections. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted.

In June 2022, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, which addresses recognition and measurement guidance for all types of compensated absences under a unified model which will result in the Authority's recognizing a liability that more appropriately reflects when an obligation for compensated absence is incurred. This statement is effective for reporting periods ending after December 15, 2023. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted.

In December 2023, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, which addresses the disclosure of risks related to a government's vulnerability due to certain concentrations or constraints. This statement is effective for reporting periods ending after December 15, 2024. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted.

NOTE 3 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash, cash equivalents and investments of the Authority at December 31 consist of the following:

	В	ook Balance 2023	В	ank Balance 2023	I	Book Balance 2022	В	ank Balance 2022
Cash and Cash Equivalents								
Cash on hand	\$	13,529			\$	14,650		
Cash in bank accounts		71,237,925	\$	71,957,846		59,282,299	\$	61,829,311
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	71,251,454			\$	59,296,949	•	
		•				•		

The Authority's deposits were secured by insurance from the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) covering \$500,000 on December 31, 2023 plus \$76,128,510 of pledged collateral held by third party trustee banks at December 31, 2023. The FDIC bank insurance program Permanent Rule provides up to \$250,000 in coverage for the Authority's Savings Accounts and up to \$250,000 for the Authority's Demand Accounts. Collective balances in excess of these amounts are collateralized at 102% of the prior day closing bank balance.

NOTE 4 - Receivables

Accounts receivable is recorded net of allowances for probable uncollectible accounts.

	As of 12-31-23	As of 12-31-22
Airlines	\$ 785,289 \$	1,401,356
Concessions	90,041	591,135
Other	 1,234,627	994,430
Sub-Total	2,109,957	2,986,921
Less Allowances	 -	-
Net Accounts Receivable	\$ 2,109,957 \$	2,986,921

NOTE 5 – FAA Restricted Funds

The Authority holds funds derived from the disposition of property acquired with grants received from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). These funds are restricted for use and limited to capital expenditures approved by the FAA. The following table presents the amounts and changes in such funds:

	2023	2022
Airport Noise Compatibility Grants (FAR150)		_
Opening Balance	\$ 205,569 \$	203,871
Interest Received during the year	 4,996	1,698
Ending Balance	\$ 210,565 \$	205,569

NOTE 6 - Due to County of Albany

The net amount to the county consists of the following:

	1	2-31-23	12-31-22
Reimbursement of expenses due to County	\$	498,352 \$	226,620
	\$	498,352 \$	226,620
	<u>Φ</u>	490,332 \$	220

As of

As of

The County provides certain services to the Authority including sheriff officers for public safety, code enforcement inspections and sewer district charges. The total expenditures incurred by the Authority

during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 for these services totaled \$2,482,056 and \$2,471,851, respectively.

NOTE 7 - Capital Assets

Capital Assets balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2023 was as follows:

		Total	Total						Total		
		12-31-21	Additions	Deletions		12-31-22	Additi	ons	Deletions	3	12-31-23
Capital Assets that are not depreciated:											
Land and Easements	\$	48,201,829	\$ - 9	3	- \$	48,201,829	\$ 69	7,603	\$	- \$	48,899,432
Construction in Progress		7,997,881	1,766,136		-	9,764,017	10,52	6,326		-	20,290,343
Total		56,199,710	1,766,136		-	57,965,846	11,22	3,929		-	69,189,775
Capital Assets that are depreciated:											
Buildings	2	247,884,826	-		-	247,884,826		-		-	247,884,826
Improvements, other than buildings	2	273,426,347	7,637,467		-	281,063,814	14,39	5,855		-	295,459,669
Machinery and Equipment		20,135,437	803,684	(403,98	8)	20,535,133	1,52	3,177		-	22,058,310
Sub-total		541,446,610	8,441,151	(403,98	8)	549,483,773	15,91	9,032		-	565,402,805
Less accumulated depreciation:											
Buildings	(1	51,958,478)	(8,070,616)		-	(160,029,094)	(8,07	0,615)		-	(168,099,709)
Improvemnets	(1	155,613,236)	(10,237,941)		-	(165,851,177)	(10,18)	7,723)		-	(176,038,900)
Machinery and Equipment		(13,773,995)	(574,327)	403,98	88	(13,944,334)	(79:	2,446)		-	(14,736,780)
Sub-total	(3	321,345,709)	(18,882,884)	403,98	88	(339,824,605)	(19,05	0,784)		-	(358,875,389)
Total depreciable Capital Assets, net		220,100,901	(10,441,733)		-	209,659,168		1,751)		-	206,527,416
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2	276,300,611	\$ (8,675,597) \$	3	- \$	267,625,014	\$ 8,09	2,178	\$	- \$	275,717,191

NOTE 8 - Long-Term Indebtedness

A summary of the changes in the Authority's long-term indebtedness outstanding during 2022 and 2023 was as follows:

(Outstanding		Additions/ C	Dutstanding	Additions/	Outstanding		Due within
á	at 12-31-21	((Deletions) a	at 12-31-22	(Deletions)	at 12-31-23		one year
\$	8,300,000	\$	(1,085,000) \$	7,215,000 \$	(1,145,000)\$	6,070,000	\$	(1,110,000)
	21,560,000		(395,000)	21,165,000	(415,000)	20,750,000		(435,000)
	9,315,000		(170,000)	9,145,000	(175,000)	8,970,000		(185,000)
	29,825,000		(5,035,000)	24,790,000	(5,285,000)	19,505,000		(5,550,000)
	69,000,000		(6,685,000)	62,315,000	(7,020,000)	55,295,000		(7,280,000)
	5,918,169		(1,395,969)	4,522,200	(1,210,788)	3,311,412		(1,017,610)
\$	74,918,169	\$	(8,080,969) \$	66,837,200 \$	(8,230,788) \$	58,606,412	\$	(8,297,610)
		21,560,000 9,315,000 29,825,000 69,000,000 5,918,169	\$ 8,300,000 \$ 21,560,000 9,315,000 29,825,000 69,000,000	at 12-31-21 (Deletions) \$ 8,300,000 \$ (1,085,000) 21,560,000 (395,000) 9,315,000 (170,000) 29,825,000 (5,035,000) 69,000,000 (6,685,000) 5,918,169 (1,395,969)	at 12-31-21 (Deletions) at 12-31-22 \$ 8,300,000 \$ (1,085,000) \$ 7,215,000 \$ 21,560,000 (395,000) 21,165,000 9,315,000 (170,000) 9,145,000 29,825,000 (5,035,000) 24,790,000 69,000,000 (6,685,000) 62,315,000 5,918,169 (1,395,969) 4,522,200	at 12-31-21 (Deletions) at 12-31-22 (Deletions) \$ 8,300,000 \$ (1,085,000) \$ 7,215,000 \$ (1,145,000) \$ 21,560,000 (395,000) 21,165,000 (415,000) 9,315,000 (170,000) 9,145,000 (175,000) 29,825,000 (5,035,000) 24,790,000 (5,285,000) 69,000,000 (6,685,000) 62,315,000 (7,020,000) 5,918,169 (1,395,969) 4,522,200 (1,210,788)	at 12-31-21 (Deletions) at 12-31-22 (Deletions) at 12-31-23 \$ 8,300,000 \$ (1,085,000) \$ 7,215,000 \$ (1,145,000) \$ 6,070,000 21,560,000 (395,000) 21,165,000 (415,000) 20,750,000 9,315,000 (170,000) 9,145,000 (175,000) 8,970,000 29,825,000 (5,035,000) 24,790,000 (5,285,000) 19,505,000 69,000,000 (6,685,000) 62,315,000 (7,020,000) 55,295,000 5,918,169 (1,395,969) 4,522,200 (1,210,788) 3,311,412	at 12-31-21 (Deletions) at 12-31-22 (Deletions) at 12-31-23 \$ 8,300,000 \$ (1,085,000) \$ 7,215,000 \$ (1,145,000) \$ 6,070,000 \$ 21,560,000 (395,000) 21,165,000 (415,000) 20,750,000 9,315,000 (170,000) 9,145,000 (175,000) 8,970,000 29,825,000 (5,035,000) 24,790,000 (5,285,000) 19,505,000 69,000,000 (6,685,000) 62,315,000 (7,020,000) 55,295,000 5,918,169 (1,395,969) 4,522,200 (1,210,788) 3,311,412

Authority Outstanding Debt Issues

Series 2017A General Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds - In March of 2017, the Authority closed on the sale of two General Airport Revenue Refunding Bond (non AMT) issues totaling \$7,795,000 to refund the Series 2003A Airport Revenue Bonds and Series 2006A. Coupon interest rates range from 3.125% to 5.000% and are due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th. These bonds will mature on December 31, 2033. The amount of outstanding principal, premiums and deferred loss as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Year ending	(Principal Outstanding	L	Jnamortized Premium	D	eferred Loss
December 31, 2023	\$	3,310,000	\$	109,397	\$	43,112
December 31, 2022	\$	4.185.000	\$	188.752	\$	60.795

Series 2017B General Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds – In March of 2017, The Authority issued \$6,600,000 (AMT) of Series 2017B General Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds to refund the Series 2006B Airport Revenue Bonds and Series 2006C. Coupon interest rates range from 3.250% to 5.000% and are due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th. These bonds will mature on December 31, 2035. The amount of outstanding principal, premiums and deferred loss as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Principal	Į	Jnamortized		
Year ending	Outstanding		Premium	D	eferred Loss
December 31, 2023	\$ 2,760,000	\$	28,179	\$	67,143
December 31, 2022	\$ 3,030,000	\$	51,676	\$	78,940

Series 2018A General Airport Revenue Bonds - In November of 2018, the Authority issued \$14,770,000 (non AMT) of Series 2018A General Airport Revenue Bonds to fund a portion of the cost of the Upstate Airport Development & Revitalization Project at the Airport and other projects in the Authority's 2015-2019 capital plan. Coupon interest rates are 5.000% and are due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th. These bonds will mature on December 31, 2048. The amount of outstanding principal and premiums as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Year ending	C	Principal Outstanding	Į	Jnamortized Premium
December 31, 2023	\$	14,770,000	\$	782,873
December 31, 2022	\$	14,770,000	\$	923,964

Series 2018B General Airport Revenue Bonds - In November of 2018, The Authority issued \$7,820,000 (AMT) of Series 2018B General Airport Revenue Bonds to fund projects in the Authority's 2015-2019 capital plan and to provide funds for a portion for the Upstate Airport Development & Revitalization Project at the Airport. The bonds are payable from a lien on net revenues derived by the Authority for the operation of the airport. Coupon interest rates are 5.000% and are due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th. These bonds will mature on December 31, 2034. The amount of outstanding principal and premiums as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Principal	l	Jnamortized
Year ending	0	utstanding		Premium
December 31, 2023	\$	5,980,000	\$	331,429
December 31, 2022	\$	6,395,000	\$	417,010

Series 2019A General Airport Revenue Bonds - In November of 2019, the Authority issued \$9,620,000 (non AMT) of Series 2019A General Airport Revenue Bonds to fund a portion of the cost of the Upstate Airport Development & Revitalization Project at the Airport. Coupon interest rates range from 4.000% to 5.000% and are due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th. These bonds will mature on December 31, 2042. The amount of outstanding principal and premiums as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Year ending	Principal utstanding	Unamortized Premium			
December 31, 2023	\$ 8,970,000	\$	668,058		
December 31, 2022	\$ 9,145,000	\$	795,592		

Series 2020A General Airport Revenue Forward Refunding Bonds - In March of 2020, the Authority issued \$4,390,000 (non AMT) of Series 2020A General Airport Revenue Forward Refunding Bonds to refund and defease a certain portion of the Series 2010A General Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds. Coupon interest rates are 5.000% and are due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th. These bonds will mature on December 31, 2030. The amount of outstanding principal, premiums and deferred loss as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Principal	l	Inamortized		
Year ending	0	utstanding		Premium	De	eferred Loss
December 31, 2023	\$	3,290,000	\$	380,109	\$	397,579
December 31, 2022	\$	3,675,000	\$	482,893	\$	653,473

Series 2020B General Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds - In March of 2020, the Authority issued \$30,220,000 (AMT) of Series 2020B General Airport Revenue Forward Refunding Bonds to refund and defease a certain portion of the Series 2010A General Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds. Coupon interest range are 5.000% and are due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th. These bonds will mature on December 31, 2030. The amount of outstanding principal, premiums and deferred loss as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Principal	ι	Jnamortized		
Year ending	Outstanding		Premium	D	eferred Loss
December 31, 2023	\$ 16,215,000	\$	1,011,362	\$	130,818
December 31, 2022	\$ 21,115,000	\$	1,662,310	\$	166,192

Below is a schedule of future bond payments by years:

Years Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 7,280,000 \$	2,653,400 \$	9,933,400
2025	7,625,000	2,291,250	9,916,250
2026	8,030,000	1,910,000	9,940,000
2027	1,455,000	1,508,500	2,963,500
2028	1,530,000	1,437,550	2,967,550
2029-2033	6,935,000	6,131,675	13,066,675
2034-2038	6,020,000	4,613,200	10,633,200
2039-2043	7,050,000	3,091,750	10,141,750
2044-2048	8,830,000	1,297,600	10,127,600
2049	 540,000	16,200	556,200
TOTAL	\$ 55,295,000 \$	24,951,125 \$	80,246,125

Bond Defeasance

On August 3, 2021 the Authority defeased a certain portion of Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017A, ("2017A Bonds") by placing cash of \$659,688 in a trust account with Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company, the escrow agent for the defeasance. The cash deposit has an irrevocably pledge to the payment of a portion of the outstanding bonds. The escrow agent has been authorized to substitute assets that are not essentially risk-free in the trust portfolio. Principal and interest from the cash have been deemed sufficient to retire the principal and interest on the \$669,030 outstanding balance of the 2017A Bonds issued to refund 2006A Bonds that were used to finance renovation of the previous Authority administration building. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Authority's financial statements.

Annual estimated cash flows after December 31, 2023, in the escrow account for the defeasance are summarized below:

	-	Beginning Balance	De	ebt Service	Interest		Ending Balance
2023	\$	440,024	\$	119,068	\$ 2,153	\$	323,109
2024		323,109		109,015	1,865		215,959
2025		215,959		108,892	1,421		108,488
2026		108,488		109,289	801		-
			\$	446,264	\$ 6,240	,	

Debt Limit

The Authority's debt limit was increased from \$175 million to \$285 million during 2004 by State legislation enacted (Chapter 500), amending the Albany County Airport Authority Act, Title 32 of Article 8, of the New York State Public Authorities Law. The Act authorizes the Authority to issue bonds, notes or other obligations in the aggregate outstanding principal amount not exceeding \$285,000,000. In addition, the Authority is authorized to issue refunding bonds, provided that upon a refunding the aggregate principal amount of bonds, notes or other obligations outstanding under the Act may be greater than \$285,000,000 only if the present value of the aggregate debt service of the refunding bonds, notes or other obligations does not exceed the present value of the refunded bonds, notes or other obligations (calculated as provided in the Act). As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Authority had \$55.3 million and \$62.3 million, respectively, of principal debt outstanding issued which does not include deferred losses and bond premiums.

The Authority adopted a Derivatives Policy which allows for the use of Derivative Financial products for capital financing. The Derivatives Policy prohibits the use of Derivative Financial products for either investment or speculation. The Derivatives Policy recognizes derivatives as non-traditional financial products, including but not limited to, floating to fixed rate swaps, swaptions, caps, floors, collars and municipal warrants. The Derivatives Policy requires:

- that transactions entered into under the policy must be for a market transaction for which
 competing good faith quotations may be obtained at the discretion of the Authority and with the
 advice and recommendation of the Authority's swap adviser, and other financial professionals;
- that transactions should produce material economic benefit believed to not otherwise be attainable under the current existing market conditions, or existing conventional debt structures, and improve the flexibility of debt management strategies;

- employ a structure that will attempt to minimize any additional floating rate basis risk, tax law risk
 or credit risk to the Authority and justify the acceptance of these risks for a particular transaction,
 based on the additional benefits to the Authority; and
- limits the total amount of derivative financial product transactions so as not to exceed thirty-three percent (33%) of the total authorized debt limit of the Authority (currently \$285 million).

The Authority adopted a Variable Rate Debt Policy which allows for the use of variable rate debt within prescribed limitations. The Variable Rate Debt Policy recognizes permanent and interim uses of variable rate debt. Interim use of variable rate debt may occur during the construction phase of a project for which the Authority intends to obtain permanent financing at the conclusion of the construction phase. The Variable Rate Debt Policy provides that:

- "Permanent Variable Rate Debt Exposure" includes variable rate debt which the Authority does not intend to be refinanced by a long-term fixed rate debt;
- "Net Permanent Variable Rate Debt Exposure" is permanent variable rate debt that is not offset by the cash, cash equivalent and short-term investment assets of the Authority;
- permanent variable rate debt excludes, with some exceptions, variable debt that has been synthetically changed to fixed rate debt by the use of a financial derivative hedge product with a fixed-payer interest rate swap;
- net permanent variable rate debt, excluding synthetic fixed rate transactions, should not generally exceed twenty percent (20%) of the Authority's outstanding indebtedness;
- the Authority did not utilize any derivative or variable rate debt products in 2023.

NOTE 9 - Capital Contributions and Net Position

Since its inception, the Authority has received capital contributions from the County of Albany in the form of net assets transferred from the date of inception and from Federal and State grants as shown below:

	Inception	Year Ended	Year Ended
	To Date	2023	2022
County of Albany	\$ 486,324,500 \$	- \$	-
Federal	173,112,899	6,798,475	4,550,690
State	109,149,178	10,131,120	1,431,428
Total	\$ 768,586,577 \$	16,929,595 \$	5,982,118

Net position consists of the following:

	2023	2022
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 208,844,436 \$	203,073,505
Capital funds & grants receivable	10,713,770	7,545,321
Bond reserve funds	7,609,446	7,613,132
Passenger facility charge funds	10,357,885	8,807,023
Operating and replacement funds	8,962,306	8,170,629
FAA & CFC funds	675,221	658,930
Unrestricted assets	23,555,023	16,000,879
	\$ 270,718,087 \$	251,869,419

Under the master bond resolution adopted in 1997, the Authority agreed to create and maintain two reserves. Both were to be funded by depositing funds in separate bank accounts in accordance with the master bond resolution and are included as a component of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents on the statements of net position. The Operating and Maintenance Reserve is to be equal to two months operating and maintenance expenses and is to be used only if the Authority does not have sufficient funds in its current operating accounts to pay these expenses on a timely basis.

The Renewal and Replacement Reserve is to be equal to \$500,000 and can be used solely for non-recurring major maintenance, repairs, renewals, or replacements related to Airport facilities. Both reserves have been funded as required.

NOTE 10 - Airline Lease and Use Agreements

Six commercial passenger airlines, fifteen affiliated commercial passenger airlines and two cargo airlines serving the Airport have executed the first five year renewal option on the Airline Use and Lease Agreement ("Agreement"). This Agreement has a five-year term effective January 1, 2016 with an option for one five year renewal to extend the Agreement to December 31, 2025. In 2020, due to COVID, the Authority offered an extension of a one-year term ending December 31, 2021 and two one-year options for 2022 and 2023 and one two-year option extensions. The Authority charges signatory rates to carriers who have executed the Agreement and non-signatory rates to all other airlines and Airport users.

In general, the rate formulas under the Airline and Cargo Carrier Agreements in effect provide that at the end of each year the total financial requirements for each of the Airport cost centers be determined by applying revenues related to that cost center before the rate required to be paid by Signatory Airlines and Cargo Carriers is determined. The landing fee calculation uses a residual cost methodology. The terminal rate is based upon calculation of the total cost per square foot subject to annual settlement based upon actual cost. The Agreement also contains a calculation of an amount for capital expenditures not subject to majority-in-interest (MII) approval by the Signatory Airlines in the rates and charges calculation. This amount is deducted after the net amount available for revenue sharing between the signatory airlines and the Authority is determined; therefore, not affecting the initial rates and charges established for billing the airlines. The net requirement is then divided by appropriate usage factors to determine the rates and fees applicable to signatory airlines.

The Agreements provide a net income sharing mechanism by which the Signatory Airlines and Cargo Carriers receive a percentage of the Airport's net income (as defined in the Agreements) during the term of the agreement in the form of a rate credit offset. The Agreements also provide for extraordinary coverage protection where the Signatory Airlines and Cargo carriers have agreed to provide additional revenue to the Airport should net revenues be less than the required amount under the Master Bond Resolution.

In 2023, the net revenue sharing was fifty percent to the airlines and fifty percent to the Authority. Under this formula, the airlines and cargo carriers received a credit of \$2,954,028 for the rates and charges settlements and they received a credit of \$5,247,201 for their share of the revenue sharing; totaling \$8,201,229. In 2022, the airlines and cargo carriers received debits of \$569,034 for the rates and charges settlements and also received a credit \$3,748,316 for their share of the revenue sharing; totaling \$3,179,282.

NOTE 11 - Lessor Airport Tenant Agreements

The Authority, as a lessor, recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources at the commencement of the lease term, with certain exceptions for leases of assets held as investments, certain regulated leases, short-term leases, and leases that transfer ownership of the underlying asset. As lessor, the asset underlying the lease is not recognized. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of the lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The deferred inflow of resources should be measured at the value of the lease receivable in addition to any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods.

For the purposes of the GASB No. 87 implementation, Airport Leases have been categorized as follows:

- 1. GASB No. 87 Leases Included
- 2. GASB No. 87 Leases Excluded Leases Regulated
- 3. GASB No. 87 Leases Excluded Leases Short Term

GASB No. 87 Leases - Included

In accordance with GASB No. 87, the Authority recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for leases the Authority categorizes as GASB No. 87 - Included. For these leases, the Authority is reporting Lessor Lease Receivables of \$20,971,217 for the beginning of the year ending December 31, 2023. For the year 2023, the Authority reported lease revenue of \$2,663,174 and interest revenue of \$377,959 related to lease payments received. These GASB No. 87 - included leases are summarized as follows:

	Beginning	Remeasure	Adjusted				
	Lease	ment/ New	Lease	Implied	Receivable	Annual Lease	Ending Lease
	Receivable	Lease	Receivable	Interest	Reduction	Revenue	Receivable
TL00049	\$ 210,703 \$	- \$	210,703 \$	1,627	\$ 22,032	\$ 23,659	\$ 188,671
TL00098	52,087	-	52,087	113	39,037	39,150	13,050
TL00111	365,240	-	365,240	2,805	40,075	42,880	325,165
TL00117	3,916,693	-	3,916,693	28,272	638,732	667,004	3,277,961
TL00119	212,329	-	212,329	1,554	32,208	33,762	180,121
TL00121	275,226	-	275,226	2,021	40,929	42,950	234,297
TL00122	177,121	-	177,121	1,299	26,523	27,822	150,598
TL00132	4,706,805	-	4,706,805	34,946	655,054	690,000	4,051,751
TL00206	196,930	-	196,930	866	96,570	97,436	100,360
TL00241	4,443,626	-	4,443,626	115,420	296,764	412,184	4,146,862
TL00266	208,203	-	208,203	1,572	25,993	27,565	182,210
TL00303	1,622,255	-	1,622,255	40,276	175,205	215,481	1,447,050
TL00305	4,583,999	-	4,583,999	114,281	478,066	592,347	4,105,933
TL00334	-	872,886	872,886	20,683	63,631	84,314	809,255
TL00336		510,486	510,486	12,224	32,359	44,583	478,127
	\$ 20,971,217 \$	1,383,372 \$	22,354,589 \$	377,959	\$ 2,663,178	\$ 3,041,137	\$ 19,691,411

Ending lease receivable is \$2,722,345 and \$16,969,066 for current and non-current assets, respectively.

TL00098 New Cingular Wireless PCS, LLCAntennae Lease

On May 1, 2009, the Authority entered into a five (5) year antennae agreement with New Cingular Wireless PCS, LLC for the use of a small area on the Concourse A roof and certain space within the second floor equipment of the same building located in the terminal building. The lease commenced on May 1, 2009 and ends April, 30, 2014, with four (4) x five (5) year extensions. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$39,150 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. Annual rental shall increase 1.25% in each five year increment. The Authority has included the lease revenue in its GASB 87 implementation until the expiration of its current renewal term, April 30, 2024. Thereafter, either party has the option not to renew the lease for successive five (5) year increment option period. Amendment No. 1 was executed June, 2018 and authorized an 84.41% increase in rent.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$129,155 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$39,037 and \$113, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$38,747. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at

approximately the year-end 2021, or 0.87 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$13,050
2025	-
2026	-
2027	-
2028	-
2029-2031	-

TL00111 Verizon Wireless

Antennae Lease

On November 29, 2010, the Authority entered into a five (5) year antennae agreement with Verizon Wireless for the use of 1,500 square feet of space on the roof located in the terminal building. The lease commenced on January 1, 2010 and ends December 31, 2015, with four (4) x five (5) year extensions. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$42,880 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. Annual rent shall increase by three percent (3%) of the previous year's rent. The Authority is reasonably certain that three of the four options will be exercised.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$437,711 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$40,075 and \$2,805, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$44,395. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2022, or 0.87 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$44,166
2025	45,491
2026	46,856
2027	48,261
2028	49,709
2029-2030	99,422

TL00241 OHM Concession Group, LLC

Concessionaire Lease

On February 23, 2018, the Authority entered into a ten (10) year concessionaire agreement with OHM Concession Group, LLC for the use of 2,868 square feet of concession space and 286 square feet of storage space. located in the terminal building. The lease commenced on March 1, 2018 and ends February 28, 2028, pursuant to the first amendment to the lease dated May 13, 2019, the agreement includes two (2) x (2) year extensions. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, no fixed revenue was recorded in year 2021. For the year ended, December 31, 2022, the lease term was extended thru September 30, 2033 and a GASB87 remeasurement of the lease added \$928,545 and \$961,307 to the beginning balances of the Lease Receivable and Deferred Inflows, respectively.

The terms of this concessionaire agreement include one (1) variable revenue component that is not included in the measurement of the lease receivable; storage space based on one-half of the variable airline square footage fee of \$13,453.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$3,765,769 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$296,764 and \$115,4200, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$402,304. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2022, or 2.863 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$424,550
2025	437,287
2026	449,906
2027	462,417
2028	477,835
2029-2033	2.455.406

TL00132 Host International, Inc.

Concessionaire Lease

On January 13, 2009, the Authority entered into a ten (10) year concessionaire agreement with Host International, Inc. for the use of 9,480 square feet of concession space and 568 square feet of storage space located in the terminal building. The lease commenced on January 1, 2009 and ends December 31, 2018, with two (2) x five (5) year extensions. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, no fixed revenue was recorded in year 2021. The Authority is certain that the lease will extend through the first and second option which is December 31, 2029.

The terms of this concessionaire agreement include one (1) variable revenue component that is not included in the measurement of the lease receivable; storage space based on one-half of the variable airline square footage fee of \$26,718.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$5,310,012 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$655,054 and \$34,946, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$663,752. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2021, or 0.87 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$690,000
2025	690,000
2026	690,000
2027	690,000
2028	690,000
2029-2029	690,000

TL00117 Paradies - Albany, LLC

Concessionaire Lease

On December 13, 2013, the Authority entered into a ten (10) year concessionaire agreement with Paradies - Albany, LLC for the use of 3,176 square feet of concession space located in the terminal

building. The lease commenced on January 1, 2014 and ends December 31, 2028, with no extension options. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$667,000 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments.

An annual capital contribution of \$40,000 will be paid from 2014 to 2016, and will increase 3% thereafter until the end of the lease term.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$4,844,169 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$638,728 and \$28,272, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$605,521. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2021, or 0.87 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$ 667,000
2025	667,000
2026	667,000
2027	667,000
2028-2032	667,000

TL00049 Bucknell Construction Corp (Sublessee - Control Tower Ice Cream)Property Lease

On September 22, 1999, the Authority entered into a thirty (30) year lease agreement with Bucknell Construction Corp (Sublessee - Control Tower Ice Cream) for the use of approximately three (3) acres of land lease located at Spruce Land and NYS Route 7. The lease commenced on April 1, 2001 and ends March 31, 2031, with no extension options. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$23,659 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. The rent in years six (6) through thirty (30) shall escalate each year and in each year shall be equal to the rent in the immediately preceding year multiplied by the percentage increase for such year by CPI-U.

The Authority approved a sub lease effective February 1, 2006. Amendment No. 1 executed on September 3, 2009, authorized the Assignment and Assumption Agreement to Bucknell Construction Corp.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$252,157 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$22,032 and \$1,627, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$24,601. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2021, or 0.87 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$24,369
2025	25,100
2026	25,853
2027	26,628
2028	27,427
2029-2031	64,675

TL00206 TVC Albany, Inc. d/b/a Firstlight Fiber

Property Lease

On October 1, 2014, the Authority entered into a five (5) year and two (2) month lease agreement with TVC Albany, Inc. d/b/a Firstlight Fiber for the use of Building 216 located at 55 Sicker Road, Latham, NY. The lease commenced on October 1, 2014 and ends December 31, 2019, with two (2) x five (5) year extensions. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$96,570 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. Annual rent shall increase by three percent (3%) of the previous year's rent.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$379,172 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$96,570 and \$866, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$94,793. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2021, or 0.87 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$100,359
2025	-
2026	-
2027	-
2028	-

TL00266 ELRAC, LLC d/b/a Enterprise Rent-A-Car

Property Lease

On February 1, 2020, the Authority entered into a five (5) year lease agreement with ELRAC, LLC d/b/a Enterprise Rent-A-Car for the use of Building 214 located at 70 Sicker Road, Latham, NY which includes 3,350 sq office and warehouse plus 0.2 acres of land. The lease commenced on February 1, 2020 and ends January 31, 2025, with three (3) x five (5) year extensions. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$27,565 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. Annual rent shall increase by three percent (3%) of the previous year's rent. The Authority is reasonably certain that the lessee will renew the lease for one (1) additional five year option.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$257,140 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$25,993 and \$1,572, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$28,309. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2021, or 0.87 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$28,392
2025	29,243
2026	30,121
2027	31,024
2028	31,955
2029-2031	35.663

TL00303 ELRAC, LLC d/b/a Enterprise Rent-A-Car

Property Lease

On October 1, 2011, the Authority entered into a five (5) year lease agreement with ELRAC, LLC d/b/a Enterprise Rent-A-Car for the use of seven (7) acres of land including Buildings 410 and 412 located at 11 Northway Lane, Colonie, New York. The lease commenced on May 1, 2016 and ends April 30, 2021, with three (3) x five (5) year extensions. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$215,481 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. The Authority is reasonably certain that the lessee will renew the lease for the 2 additional year options. For the year ended, December 31, 2022, the lease amount was adjusted by the consumer price index and a GASB87 remeasurement of the lease added \$3,768 and \$12,282 to the beginning balances of the Lease Receivable and Deferred Inflows, respectively.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$1,971,049 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for 175,205 and \$40,276, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$192,063. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2022, or 2.863 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2023	\$215,481
2024	215,481
2025	215,481
2026	215,481
2027	215,481
2028-2032	718.270

TL00305 Transportation Security Agency (TSA)

Property Lease

On February 1, 2021, the Authority entered into a ten (10) year lease agreement with Transportation Security Agency (TSA) for the use of 9,196 square feet located at in the terminal building. The lease commenced on February 1, 2021 and ends January 31. 2031, with no extension options. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$592,347 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. Annual rent shall increase 9.4% in year five (5). The Authority is reasonably certain that the lessee will renew the lease for the additional year options. For the year ended, December 31, 2022, the lease amounts paid over the lease term was adjusted and a GASB87 remeasurement of the lease reduced \$366,734 and \$414,357 the beginning balances of the Lease Receivable and Deferred Inflows, respectively.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$5,876,689 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net

Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023 the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$478,066 and \$114,281, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$557,177. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2022, or 2.863 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$592,347
2025	592,347
2026	643,654
2027	648,318
2028	648,318
2029-2032	1,350,663

TL00334 Kiskis Tire Company, Inc.

Property Lease

On December 5, 2023, the Authority entered into a five (5) year lease agreement with Kiskis Tire, Inc, for the use of Building 215 located at 68 Sicker Road, Latham, NY which includes 11,176 sqft. The lease commenced on January 1, 2023 and ends December 31, 2027, with one five-year extension. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$84,314 in 2023, paid in eleven monthly installments. Annual rent shall increase by three percent (2%) of the previous year's rent. The Authority is reasonably certain that the lessee will renew the lease for one (1) additional five year option.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and in 2023 recorded \$872,886 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$63,631 and \$20,683 respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$82,215. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2023, or 2.569 percent, the average of the Authority's eight (8) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$93,818
2025	95,694
2026	97,608
2027	99,560
2028	101,552
2029-2031	426,927

TL00336 Avis Budget Car Rental LLC

Property Lease

On January 23, 2023, the Authority entered into a five (5) year lease agreement with Avis Budget Car Rental LLC for use of Building 212 located at 74 Sicker Road, Latham, NY which includes 5,000 sq ft. The lease commenced on February 13, 2023 and ends January 31, 2028, with one five-year option. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$44,583 in 2023, paid in ten monthly installments. Annual rent shall increase by three percent (2%) of the previous year's rent. The Authority is reasonably certain that the lessee will renew the lease for one (1) additional five year option.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and in 2023 recorded \$510,486 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$32,359 and \$12,224, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$43,369. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2023, or 2.569 percent, the average of the Authority's eight (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$54,481
2025	55,570
2026	56,682
2027	57,815
2028	58,972
2029-2033	258,575

TL00122 Hertz

Rental Car Lease

On January 1, 2009, the Authority entered into a ten (10) year rental car lease agreement with Hertz for the use of one (1) rental car kiosks, 82 rental car return spaces and improvement charges located in the terminal and north parking garage. The lease commenced on January 1, 2009 and ends December 31, 2018, with no extension options. Amendment No. 1 was executed on February 1, 2019 extends the agreement ten (10) years or December 31, 2028. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$27,822 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments.

The terms of this car rental agreement include three (3) variable revenue components that are not included in the measurement of the lease receivable:

- 1. an improvement charge based on a variable number of Ready/Return parking spaces, \$99,600;
- 2. concessionaire fee based on concession sales, \$1,793,768;
- 3. storage space based on one-half of the variable airline square footage fee, \$33,187.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$184,786 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$26,523 and \$1,299, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$28,338. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2021, or 0.87 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$28,719
2025	29,652
2026	30,622
2027	31,630
2028-2028	32,680

TL00121 ELRAC, LLC d/b/a Enterprise Rent-A-Car

Rental Car Lease

On January 1, 2009, the Authority entered into a ten (10) year rental car lease agreement with ELRAC, LLC d/b/a Enterprise Rent-A-Car for the use of one (1) rental car kiosks, 139 rental car return spaces and improvement charges located in the terminal and north parking garage. The lease commenced on January 1, 2009 and ends December 31, 2018, with no extension options. Amendment No. 1 was executed on February 1, 2019 extends the agreement ten (10) years or December 31, 2028. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$42,950 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments.

The terms of this car rental agreement include three (3) variable revenue components that are not included in the measurement of the lease receivable:

- 1. an improvement charge based on a variable number of Ready/Return parking spaces, \$166,800;
- 2. concessionaire fee based on concession sales, \$2,292,351;
- 3. storage space based on one-half of the variable airline square footage fee, \$36,545.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$353,151 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$40,929 and \$2,021, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was reduced by \$44,144. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2021, or 0.87 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$44,452
2025	46,014
2026	47,638
2027	49,328
2028	51,085

TL00119 Avis

Rental Car Lease

On January 1, 2009, the Authority entered into a ten (10) year rental car lease agreement with Avis for the use of two (2) rental car kiosks, 85 rental car return spaces and improvement charges located in the terminal and South Parking Garage. The lease commenced on January 1, 2009 and ends December 31, 2018, with no extension options. Amendment No. 1 was executed on February 1, 2019 extends the agreement ten (10) years or December 31, 2028. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$33,762 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments.

The terms of this car rental agreement include three (3) variable revenue components that are not included in the measurement of the lease receivable:

- 1. an improvement charge based on a variable number of Ready/Return parking spaces, \$102,000;
- 2. concessionaire fee based on concession sales, \$2,244,145;
- 3. storage space based on one-half of the variable airline square footage fee, \$33,187.

The Authority implemented GASB No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2021 and recorded \$274,157 balances for lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the lease receivable balance was reduced and interest income recognized for \$32,208 and \$1,554, respectively. Also in 2023, the deferred inflow receivable was

reduced by \$34,270. In addition, the lease receivable was discounted to the net present value determined at approximately the year-end 2021, or 0.87 percent, the average of the Authority's five (5) year alternative minimum tax (AMT) borrowing rate.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$34,680
2025	35,636
2026	36,629
2027	37,662
2028	38,737

No. 87 Excluded Leases - Regulated

In accordance with GASB No. 87, the Authority does not recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for regulated leases. Regulated leases are certain leases that are subject to external laws, regulations, or legal rulings, e.g. the U.S. Department of Transportation and the Federal Aviation Administration, regulated aviation leases between airports and air carriers and other aeronautical users. Regulated leases include the following:

Airline Use and Lease Agreement Signatory Airlines

The rights, services and privileges, including the lease of preferentially-assigned gates, an airline has in connection with the use of the airport and its facilities is addressed in the Airline Use and Lease Agreement (ULA). By definition, a ULA is considered a regulated lease and does not recognize a receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources.

The Authority and certain airlines entered into the original ULA that became effective January 1, 2006 and expired on December 31, 2015. A subsequent ULA was entered into January 1, 2016 and replaced the original 2006 agreement. The 2016 ULA had a five term with and an expiration date of December 31, 2020, it included one five-year option period. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic that began in March 2020, the five-year renewal term was modified to three one-year renewal terms (2021, 2022, and 2023) followed by one two-year (2024-2025) option term.

The Authority has entered into a ULA with seven (7) passenger airlines and recognized airfield, terminal, apron and passenger boarding bridge lease revenue of \$3,340,290, \$2,557,451, \$695,886, and \$684,897, respectively in 2023.

Due to the variable nature of the above revenues from year-to-year, expected future minimum payments are indeterminable.

TL00054 New York State Office of General Services

Property Lease

On May 3, 2021, the Authority entered into a ten (10) year lease agreement with New York State Office of General Services for the use of twenty two (22) acres of land located at 330 Old Niskayuna Road, Latham, NY. The lease commenced on August 1, 2021 and ends July 31, 2031, with no extension options. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$300,000 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$300,000
2025	300,000
2026	306,250
2027	315,000
2028	315,000
2029-2031	813,750

TL00248 American Airlines, Inc.

Property Lease

On February 8, 2019, the Authority entered into a lease agreement with American Airlines, Inc. for the use of building/hangar 119 located at 22 Jetway Drive. The lease commenced on January 1, 2019 and ends December 31, 2023, with no extension options. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$313,883 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. Annual rent shall increase by two percent (2%) of the previous year's rent.

TL00093 Federal Aviation Administration

Property Lease

On September 13, 2021, the Authority entered into a ten (10) year lease agreement with Federal Aviation Administration for the use of 15,852 square feet of the Air Traffic Control Tower located at 128 Sicker Road. The lease commenced on October, 2020 and ends September 30, 2030, with no extension options. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$775,143 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. Annual rent shall increase by two percent (2%) of the previous year's rent.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$794,600
2025	810,492
2026	826,701
2027	843,235
2028	860,101
2029-2030	1,545,100

TL00313 Champlain Enterprises, LLC. d/b/a Commutair

Property Lease

On May 12, 2021, the Authority entered into a three (3) year lease agreement with Champlain Enterprises, LLC. d/b/a Commutair for the use of building/hangar 211 located at 85 Sicker Road. The lease commenced on May 12, 2021 and ends May 11, 2024, with no extension options. Annual rent shall increase by three percent (3%) of the previous year's rent.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

\$40,997
-
-
-
-

TL00314 Champlain Enterprises, LLC. d/b/a Commutair

Property Lease

On May 12, 2021, the Authority entered into a three (3) year lease agreement with Champlain Enterprises, LLC. d/b/a Commutair for the use of Building/Hangar 222 located at 85 Sicker Road. The lease commenced on May 12, 2021 and ends May 11, 2024, with no extension options. Annual rent shall increase by three percent (3%) of the previous year's rent.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$34,980
2025	-
2026	-
2027	-
2028	-

TL00237 Prescott Holding, Inc.

Property Lease

On November 8, 2021, the Authority entered into a four (4) year lease agreement with Prescott Holding, Inc. for the use of Buildings 202 and 203 located at 743 and 745 Albany Shaker Road. The lease commenced on January 1, 2022 and ends December 31, 2026, with two (2) x five (5) year extensions. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$46,055 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$47,068
2025	48,104
2026	49,162
2027	50,244
2028	51,349
2029-2033	259,648

TL00077 New York State Police

Property Lease

On April 1, 2000, the Authority entered into a thirty (30) year lease agreement with New York State Police for the use of Building/Hangar 200 located at 739 Albany Shaker Road. The lease commenced on April 1, 2000 and ends March 31, 2031, with no extension options. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$1,123,083 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$1,123,083
2025	1,123,083
2026	1,123,083
2027	1,123,083
2028	1,123,083
2029-2030	1,403,854

TL00282 Hyannis Air Service, Inc. d/b/a Cape Air & Nantucket Airlines (amended 2023) Property Lease

On September 1, 2008, the Authority entered into a month to month lease-short term agreement with Hyannis Air Service, Inc. d/b/a Cape Air & Nantucket Airlines for the use of building/hangar 201 located at 741 Albany Shaker Road. The lease commenced on September 1, 2008 and ends September 30, 2010, with the option to extend for a length of time and rental rate to be negotiated at the written request of the lessee and approval of the Authority. On January 12, 2023, the Authority approved Amendment #5, extending the lease from April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2024. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$83,973 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2024	\$86,912
2025	89,953
2026	93,102
2027	96,360
2028	99,733
2029-2030	210,060

T-Hangars

On various dates, the Authority entered into a month to month T-hangar lease agreements with tenants for the use of one (1) of forty (40) T hangars located at 360 Old Niskayuna Road. In 2023, \$153,644 in T-hangar revenue was recorded.

FBO Community Hangars tenants

On various dates, the Authority entered into a month to month agreements with tenants for the use of a specified amount of space located in one of two FBO/community hangars located at Building 109 (16 Jetway Dr.) and Building 112 (6 Jetway Dr.). In 2023, \$353,927 in FBO hangar revenue was recorded.

GASB No. 87 Excluded Leases Short-Term

In accordance with GASB No. 87, the Authority does not recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for leases short-term leases. Short-term leases are certain leases that, at the commencement of the lease term, has a maximum possible term under the lease contract of 12 months (or less), including any options to extend, regardless of their probability of being exercised.

Short-Term leases include the following:

Apron Lease:

TL00015 DHL Express (USA), Inc.

On April 1, 2009, the Authority entered into an apron lease agreement with DHL Express (USA), Inc. for the use of 8,000 square feet of apron space located in the proximity of Hangar 1. The agreement is on a month-to-month basis. The terms of this agreement include annual revenue of \$20,000 in 2023, paid in twelve monthly installments. This agreement terminated on February 28, 2024.

NOTE 12 - Deferred Inflows of Resources - Lessor Receivable

In accordance with GASB No. 87, the Authority recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for leases the Authority categorizes as GASB No. 87 - Included. For these leases, the Authority is reporting Deferred Inflows of \$20,221,742 for the beginning of the year ending December 31, 2023 and reported lease deferred lease revenue of \$2,883,997. These GASB No. 87 - Included leases are summarized below:

	De	ferred Inflows Beginning Balance	Resmeasur / New Le	ement	Adjusted Deferred Inflows Beginning Balance	ſ	Deferred Revenue Recognized		d Inflows Balance
TL00049	\$	202,955	\$	- \$	202,955	\$	24,601	\$	178,354
TL00098		51,662		-	51,662		38,747		12,915
TL00111		351,462		-	351,462		44,395		307,067
TL00117		3,633,127		-	3,633,127		605,521	3	3,027,606
TL00119		205,618		-	205,618		34,270		171,348
TL00121		264,863		-	264,863		44,144		220,719
TL00122		170,028		-	170,028		28,338		141,690
TL00132		4,646,261		-	4,646,261		663,752	3	3,982,509
TL00206		189,586		-	189,586		94,793		94,793
TL00241		4,324,772		-	4,324,772		402,304	3	3,922,468
TL00266		200,522		-	200,522		28,309		172,213
TL00303		1,600,521		-	1,600,521		192,063	1	,408,458
TL00305		4,380,365		-	4,380,365		557,176	3	3,823,189
TL00334		-	87	2,886	872,886		82,215		790,671
TL00336			51	0,483	510,483		43,369		467,114
	\$	20,221,742	\$ 1,38	3,369 \$	21,605,111	\$	2,883,997	\$ 18	3,721,114

NOTE 13 - Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions - The Authority participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) cost-sharing multiple-employee retirement system. The ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as sole trustee and administrative head of the Systems. The Comptroller shall adopt and amend rules and regulations for the administration and transaction of the business of the systems and for the custody and control of their funds. The Systems issue a publicly available annual financial report that includes audited financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12207.

Funding Policy - Contributory and noncontributory requirements depend upon the point in time at which an employee last joined the System. Most members of the ERS who joined the System on or before July 26, 1976 are enrolled in a non-contributory plan. Employees who last joined ERS subsequent to July 26, 1976 are enrolled in a contributory Plan. Tier 3 through Tier 5 employees must contribute 3 percent of their salary. Tier 3 and Tier 4 employees with more than ten years of membership or credited service within the System are not required to contribute. Tier 6 member contribution rates vary from 3 percent to 6 percent depending on salary. Tier 5 and 6 members are required to contribute for all years of service. Members cannot be required to begin contributing or to make increased contributions beyond what was required when their memberships began.

The Authority is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required contributions for the year ended December 31, 2023 was \$203,751 or 13.9% of the covered employees' payroll. In December 31, 2022 the required contribution was \$284,660 or 17.1% of the covered employees' payrolls. The Authority's contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liability - At December 31, 2023, the Authority reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for the System. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2023. The total net pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS System in a report provided to the Authority. The net pension asset/(liability) is included in the non-current assets/liabilities on the Statement of Net Position for December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	2023	2022
Actuarial valuation date	 April 1, 2022	April 1, 2021
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (1,026,081) \$	349,754
Authority's portion of the Plan's		
total net pension asset/(liability)	0.0047849%	0.0042786%

Payables to the pension plan - ERS employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Payments to the ERS due February 1 were prepaid at a discounted amount of \$245,466 and \$203,751 during the Authority's year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. Accordingly, the Authority did not owe any payables to the Pension System as of December 31, 2023 or 2022.

Pension Expense - For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Authority recognized its proportionate share of pension expense of \$358,671. For December 31, 2022, the pension expense was \$15,819.

Collective Pension Expense - Collective pension expenses includes certain current period changes in the collective net pension asset/(liability), projected earnings on pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. The collective pension expense for the periods ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$434,976 and \$91,329, respectively.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pension - The Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources for December 31, 2023 and 2022:

		Outflows of	•	nflows of		outflows of	_	nflows of
	F	Resources	R	esources	F	Resources	F	Resources
		2023		2023		2022		2022
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	109,286	\$	28,816	\$	26,487	\$	34,356
Change of assumptions		498,331		5,507		583,700		9,849
Net difference between projected and actual earnings								
on pension plan investments		-		6,028		-		1,145,298
Changes in proportion and differences between								
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		210,527		34,962		234,169		56,634
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		245,466				203,751		
Balance as of December 31,	\$	1,063,610	\$	75,313	\$	1,048,107	\$	1,246,137

The Authority's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset/(liability) in the year ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

		2023	2022
Year ended:			
	2023 \$	- \$	(27,511)
	2024	196,337	(82,111)
	2025	(4,257)	(262,714)
	2026	256,967	(29,444)
	2027	293,784	-
	2028	-	-
Thereafter		-	_

The total pension liability as of March 31, 2023 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2022, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2023. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

_	2023	2022
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2022	April 1, 2021
Inflation rate	2.9%	2.7%
Salary Scale	4.4%	4.4%
Investment rate of return (net of investment		
expense, including inflation)	5.9%	5.9%
Cost of Living Adjustments	1.5% annually	1.4% annually

Decrements – Based upon FY 2016-2021 experience

Mortality improvement - Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021

Pensioner mortality - Based on gender/collar specific tables based upon FY 2016-2021 experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

		Long-Term
		expected
	Target	real rate
Asset class	allocation	of return
Domestic equity	32.0%	4.30%
International equity	15.0%	6.85%
Private equity	10.0%	7.50%
Real estate	9.0%	4.60%
Credit	4.0%	5.43%
Opportunistic portfolio	3.0%	5.38%
Real assets	3.0%	5.84%
Fixed Income	23.0%	1.50%
Cash	1.0%	-%
	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset/(liability) was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/(liability).

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to the Discount Rate Assumption -The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 5.9%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.9%) or one percentage point higher (6.9%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease	Current Discount	•	1% Increase
		(4.9)%	(5.9)%		(6.9)%
April 1, 2022	\$	2,479,599	\$ 1,026,081	\$	(188,501)
April 1, 2021	\$	900,263	\$ (349,754) \$	(1,395,333)

New York State Voluntary Defined Contribution (NYS VDC) Plan - Under state legislation enacted in 2012, Authority Employees first hired after June 30, 2013 who earn least \$75,000 per year or more are eligible to join the NYS VDC Plan instead of the ERS Plan. The NYS VDC Plan is administered by the State University of New York Optional Retirement Plan (SUNY OPR). SUNY OPR has contracted with TIAA-CREF to administer the NYS VDC Plan. The NYS VDC plan is portable among employers and eligible employees vest 366 days after first joining the plan or other employer funded contract with any of the NYS VDC investment providers. The Authority's contribution rate is 8% of participating employee salary for the duration of employment. Participating employee contribution rates range from 5.75% to 6% based upon salary level. During the initial vesting period the Authority must contribute 4% interest to a vesting employee's contribution deduction not yet remitted to the Plan. The Authority has three employees who participate in the NYS VDC Plan. The Authority's employer contributions to the NYS VDC plan through December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$35,216 and \$24,388, respectively.

NOTE 14 - Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

During 2009 the Authority adopted a formal written OPEB plan and created a legally separate trust to accumulate resources to fund the Authority's obligation to pay for OPEB benefits under the plan. The OPEB plan provides that all full-time and regular part-time employees with qualifying years of service with the Authority (including any years with the State of New York or County of Albany immediately preceding becoming an Authority employee) who retire from the Authority and are collecting retirement benefits through the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, shall receive health insurance benefits from the Authority as a retired employee. Such benefits shall be equal to the health insurance benefits received by the employee at the time of their retirement and the costs thereof to the retired employee shall be at the same rate or percentage sharing the employee was paying at the time of their retirement. A qualifying retiree's surviving spouse and eligible dependents can continue to receive OPEB benefits as long as they do remain otherwise eligible to be a dependent of the deceased employee. Retired employees are required to contribute to the cost of the plan benefit in proportion to the amount they contributed toward the cost of their health insurance prior to retirement. The Authority allows each employee to accumulate up to 1,320 hours of unused sick time and apply the value of this to fund their required contribution. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan Effective January 1, 2008. The Authority adopted GASB Statement 45 - Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions-, prospectively which requires reporting, on an accrual basis, the liability associated with other postemployment benefits. The OPEB liability at transition was zero, being amortized over a thirty-year period. Effective January 1, 2018 the Authority adopted GASB Statement 75, which replaced GASB 45 and required the previously unrecognized liability for OPEB benefits to reported as a liability on the statement of Net Position and also changed the measurement focus to fair value measurement. The accrued liability is based upon an actuarial valuation that reflects a long-term perspective. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and that actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Albany County Airport Authority OPEB Trust has issued a separate audited financial statement which may be obtained by contacting the Albany County Airport Authority OPEB Trustee c/o the Albany County Airport Authority, 737 Albany Shaker Road, Terminal Building, Third Floor, Albany, NY 12211-1057.

The OPEB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan trust administered by the Authority. The Plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees who elect to receive it, and their eligible dependents. Membership of the Plan consists of 45 plan members composed of; 18 active and 27 retired employees. The Plan is a governmental plan that is not subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). The Plan was created by the Albany County Airport Authority to be managed by a sole trustee intended to be the Chief Financial Officer of the Authority who is the plan Trustee. The Plan is a component unit of the Albany County Airport Authority. The Trust has a fiduciary duty to provide plan benefits to eligible beneficiaries. As long as the Albany County Airport Authority provides the required benefits, the Trust's obligation is fulfilled and it may then reimburse the Albany County Airport Authority for the cost of the benefits provided, if requested to do so.

The Schedule of Changes in the net OPEB liability and other OPEB information is located in the Required Supplementary Information Section of this document.

For 2023, one key assumption has changed since the prior valation. The impact of this assumption change increased disclosed liabilities by approximately \$330,000:

• change in the discount rate from 4.31% to 4.00%,

Eligibility

An employee hired on or after January 1, 2005 shall become eligible to retire under this plan upon attainment of age 55 as an active member and completion of 10 years of service. Those hired after January 1, 2017 must have 15 years of service and have reached the age of 55.

Contributions

Contributions to the Plan are likely to be entirely funded by the employer (the Authority). Participants hired prior to July 1, 2005 are not required to contribute to the plan. Participants hired on or after July 1, 2005 are required to contribute 10% of the cost of benefits to the plan, offset by the value of their unused sick leave up to 1,320 hours at the time of retirement. The Plan was established and may be amended by the Authority. The Authority has no obligation to fund the plan. Contributions made were provided for in the Authority's annual budgets for 2008 through 2023 along with interest earnings thereon. Any future contributions to the plan would be authorized by a future resolution of the Authority.

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Investment Policy

The Authority has adopted an investment policy for the Trust that the Authority may amend from time to time. The Authority adopted an Investment Policy for effectively supervising, monitoring and evaluating the investment assets of the Plan. The investment policy allows for the plan assets to be comprised of:

Fixed Income	0%-60%
Cash Equivalent	5%-100%
Domestic Equity	0%-60%
International Equity	0%-60%
Other Equity	0%-20%

As of December 31, 2023 all plan assets were on deposit with M & T Bank, in an interest bearing demand deposit account, the entire balance of which was collateralized by obligations that are guaranteed by the U.S. Government and held by a 3rd party custodian. The Trustee believes the investment and management of the assets of the Plan have complied with the Trust investment policy adopted by the Authority.

Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)

The Airport's Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement 74/75 which is composed of the service cost and amortization of the unfunded liability using a 30 year flat dollar amortization of such unfunded liability. The following table shows the components of the Airport's annual ADC for the fiscal year and the amount actually contributed to the plan:

	 2023	2022
Service Cost	\$ 153,144 \$	227,572
30 year amortization of NOL Actuarial determined contirbution	 244,027 397,171	241,067 468,639
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(459,488)	(381,571)
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ (62,317) \$	87,068
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,353,269 \$	2,284,727
Contributions as a % of covered employee payroll	19.53%	16.70%
Discount Rate	4.00%	4.31%

Funded Policy, Status and Progress

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Authority are established and may be amended through Authority resolutions. For the period ending on the December 31, 2023 Measurement Date, total Authority premiums excluding implicit costs for the retiree medical program were \$287,409. The Authority also made a contribution to the OPEB Trust of \$114,679 for a total contribution during the measurement period of \$402,088 to be reported on the financial statement for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023.

As of the December 31, 2023 Measurement Date, the plan was 33.4% funded. The Total OPEB Liability (TOL) for benefits was \$9,588,590, and the Fiduciary Net Position was \$3,202,523, resulting in a Net

OPEB Liability (NOL) of \$6,386,068. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,353,269 and the ratio of the NOL to the covered payroll was 271.37%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Changes in the OPEB Liability

	 2023	2022
Total OPEB liability at beginning of period	\$ 9,055,860 \$	8,572,712
Fiduciary net position at beginning of period	2,998,727	2,880,572
Net OPEB liability at beginning of period	6,057,133	5,692,140
Service cost	153,144	227,572
Interest	389,557	216,641
Change in assumptions	334,839	(644,028)
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	953,983
Net investment income	(89,117)	(7,603)
Employer contributions to the trust	(459,488)	(381,571)
Benefit payments withdrawn from the trust	344,809	271,019
Benefit payments excluding implicit cost	(287,409)	(221,607)
Implicit cost amount	(57,400)	(49,412)
Net OPEB Liability at end of period:	\$ 6,386,068 \$	6,057,134

Changes in the Deferred Outflows/Inflows

	Οι	utflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of
	R	esouces	Resouces	Resouces	Resouces
		2023	2023	2022	2022
Contributions made subsequent to the			_		
measurement date	\$	-	-	-	-
Differences between actual & expected experience		572,391	(213,126)	763,187	(426,251)
Change of assumptions		267,872	(553,470)	146,315	(849,325)
New difference between projected and					
actual earnings		66,735	-	116,487	-
Balance as of December 31,	\$	906,998 \$	(766,596)	\$ 1,025,989	\$ (1,275,576)

The Authority's contributions made after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset/(liability) in the subsequent year rather than the current fiscal period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

		2023	2022
Year ended:			
	2023 \$	- \$	(132,297)
	2024	(216,778)	(281,201)
	2025	153,186	88,763
	2026	139,571	75,148
	2027	64,423	-
	2028	-	-
Thereafter		-	-

OPEB Expense Development

Components of the Airport's OPEB expenses for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	 2023	2022
Service Cost	\$ 153,144 \$	227,572
Interest on the Net OPEB Liability (asset), service cost,		
and benefit payments	389,556	216,640
Deferred (inflows)/outflows from plan experience	(22,329)	(38,402)
Deferred (inflows)/outflows from changes of assumptions	(82,573)	(149,540)
Projected earnings on OPEB plan investments	(76,393)	(73,388)
Deferred (inflows)/outflows from earnings on plan investments	 37,028	48,256
Net financial statement OPEB expense	\$ 398,433 \$	231,138

Money Weighted Rate of Return and Plan Cash Flows

	2023	2022
Beginning value	\$ 2,998,727 \$	2,880,572
Annual contribution to OPEB Trust	114,679	110,552
Annual interest earnings	 89,117	7,603
Ending Value	\$ 3,202,523 \$	2,998,727
Money weighted rate of return	2.96%	0.26%

Discount rate

The following table presents the results of the Net OPEB liability if the discount rate was 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Current Discount						
	1% Decrease			Rate		1% Increase	
2023 (4.0%)	\$	7,907,912	\$	6,386,067	\$	5,153,898	
2022 (4.31%)	\$	7,465,729	\$	6,057,133	\$	4,914,398	

Healthcare Trend

The following table presents the results of the Net OPEB liability if the healthcare cost rate was 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Current Trend					
		1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase
2023 (6.5%)	\$	5,058,858	\$	6,386,067	\$	8,040,630
2022 (8.0%)	\$	4,826,990	\$	6.057.133	\$	7,586,873

NOTE 15 - Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority has purchased commercial insurance for all risk above minimal deductible amounts and named the operator of the Airport, AFCO AvPorts Management LLC (AvPorts) as an additional insured. In addition, the FBO, REW Investments (Million Air) and all tenants and users of the Airport are required to have insurance coverage naming the Authority and the County as additional insured.

No liability is recorded at December 31, 2023 for outstanding claims or for any potential claims incurred but not reported as of that date. Settled claims have not exceeded these commercial coverages by any material amounts during the three years ended December 31, 2023. There was no reduction in insurance coverage during 2023.

NOTE 16 - Commitments and Contingencies

FBO Operations – As of September 1, 2013 the Authority entered into an agreement with REW Investments, Inc., (Million Air) to manage the fixed based operations on airport. The Agreement has been modified and extended through August 31, 2024. Under the agreement, Million Air is obligated to manage a full and complete general aviation support function including ground handling, apron services, repair and maintenance, and hangar storage. The agreement also provides for operating and managing the Airport's fuel farm and deicing program for all commercial and general aviation aircraft. Million Air receives full reimbursement of all their on-airport pre-approved related expenses plus a base management fee of \$190,000 per annum and various incentive fees based on certain revenue performance indicators.

Airport Operations – AFCO AvPorts Management LLC (d/b/a AvPorts) manages the daily operations and maintenance of the airport under an agreement dated January 1, 2023 and initially expiring December 31, 2024, subject to a two renewal terms each of five (5) years. Operational centers include the airfield, terminal, parking, ARFF, operations, security and vehicle and equipment maintenance. AvPorts receives full reimbursement of all their on-airport pre-approved related expenses plus a base management fee of \$500,000.

Capital Improvement Programs - As of December 31, 2023, the Authority has outstanding contractual commitments for completion of certain capital improvement projects totaling \$48.1 million of which an estimated \$42.1 million is eligible for partial reimbursement from the FAA and the State. The remaining amount is expected to be funded from Airport funds.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Authority leases facilities to the airlines under certain leases and/or use agreements and to other businesses under agreements to operate concessions at the Airport. Amounts due from airlines represent approximately 37.2% of accounts receivable and airline revenues represent 16.3% of operating revenues for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Environmental Remediation - Pursuant to the enabling legislation creating the Authority, the Airport completed an environmental audit in 1994. It is the opinion of the Authority that all audit findings have been resolved with no material adverse effect on the financial position of the Authority. In prior years, elevated levels of propylene glycol had been detected in Shaker Creek which runs through the Airport. The Authority now operates a glycol collection and disposal system completed in 1999 which successfully addresses this issue.

Compliance Audits - The Authority participates in a number of programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by

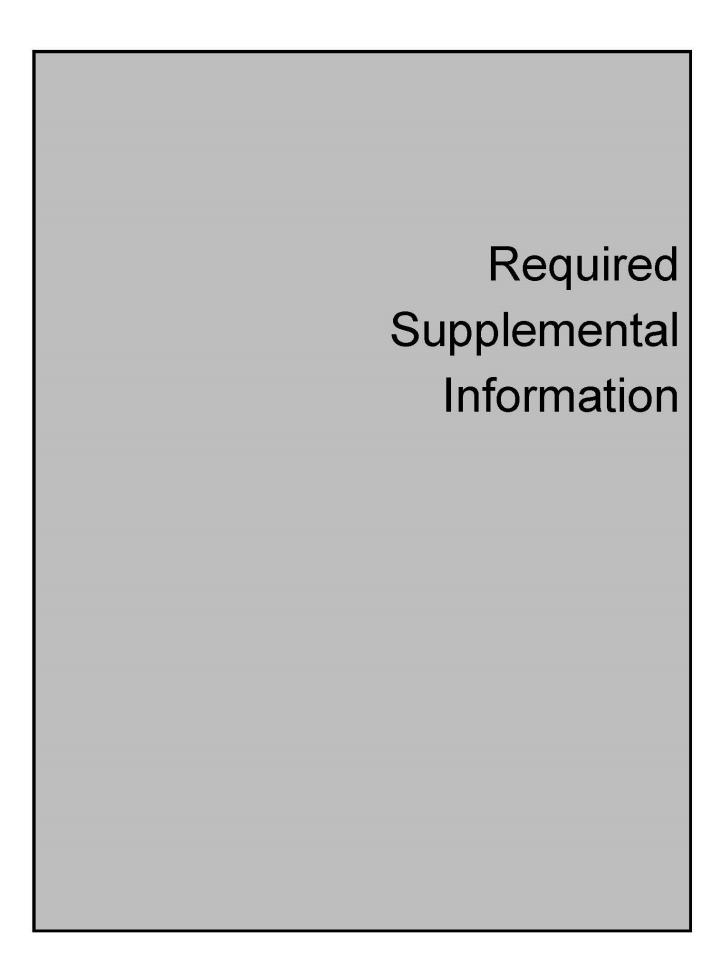
the appropriate grantor government or agency. An independent audit of these programs has been performed for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 in compliance with: 1) requirements stated in the Single Audit Act of 1996 and Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards; 2) compliance requirements described in the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies issued by the Federal Aviation Administration; and 3) compliance requirements described in the preliminary Draft Part 43 of the New York State Codification of Rules and Regulations applicable to state transportation assistance. The amounts, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting government or agency cannot be determined at this time, although any such amounts, if any, are expected to be immaterial.

Litigation - The nature of the business of the Authority generates certain litigation against the Authority arising in the ordinary course of business. The Authority is a defendant in various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Authority's counsel the resolution of any legal actions in the aggregate will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Authority.

NOTE 17 - Subsequent Event

Line of Credit - The Authority approved a \$30,000,000 Line of Credit on February 12, 2024 and will expire on February 28, 2025, it has one two-year options. The Line of Credit will be used to bridge the funding gap between the outlay of funds and receipt of grant funds related to the construction of the \$100,000,000 Terminal Connector Project.

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Albany County Airport Authority Schedule for the Authority's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System

As of the measurement data of March 31,		2015	2016	2017	2018
Proportion percentage of net pension liability		0.00525%	0.00497%	0.00464%	0.00472%
Proportion amount of net pension (asset)/liability	\$	177,342 \$	797,486 \$	436,071 \$	152,292
Covered payroll	\$	1,599,482 \$	1,640,182 \$	1,623,832 \$	1,682,703
Authority's proportionate share of net pension (asset)/liability as a percentage of covered payroll		11.09%	48.62%	26.85%	9.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		97.90%	90.70%	94.70%	98.24%

Albany County Airport Authority Schedule for the Authority Contributions New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System

As of December 31,		2015	2016	2017	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	305,211 \$	260,215 \$	252,468 \$	256,525
Contributions in relation to the contractually					
required contribution		(305,211)	(260,215)	(252,468)	(256,525)
	•	•	•	•	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered payroll	<u>\$</u> \$	_	- \$ 1,608,253 \$	_	1,635,511

^{**} Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Information will be provided as available until a full 10 years of data is included.

Albany County Airport Authority Schedule for the Authority's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
0.00452%	0.00419%	0.00351%	0.00428%	0.00478%
\$ 320,236 \$	1,110,544 \$	3,491 \$	(349,754)\$	1,026,081
\$ 1,596,306 \$	1,518,180 \$	1,656,433 \$	1,665,848 \$	1,765,158
20.06%	73.15%	0.21%	-21.00%	58.13%
96.27%	86.39%	99.95%	103.65%	90.78%

Albany County Airport Authority Schedule for the Authority Contributions New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$	243,034 \$	234,393 \$	284,650 \$	203,751 \$	245,466
	(243,034)	(234,393)	(284,650)	(203,751)	(245,466)
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	<u>-</u>
<u>\$</u> \$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- \$ 1,648,401 \$	<u> </u>	*	1,843,806
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	*	1,843,806

Albany County Airport Authority Schedule of Changes in the Airport's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the year ended December 31,

	2018	2019	2020
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 8,842,670 \$	10,028,123 \$	8,405,254
Service Cost Interest on total OPEB liability, sevice cost and benefit	217,039	276,198	179,110
payments Changes in benefit terms	325,272 -	338,961 -	328,041 -
Difference between expected & actual plan experience Changes of assumptions	(80,361)	(161,281) 731,575	(1,065,626) (835,252)
Benefit payments excluding implicit cost	(150,927)	-	(171,663)
Implicit cost amount	 N/A	N/A	(57,479)
Net change in OPEB liability	311,023	1,185,453	(1,622,869)
Total OPEB liability - beginning of period	 8,531,647	8,842,670	10,028,123
Total OPEB liability - end of period	\$ 8,842,670 \$	10,028,123 \$	8,405,254
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 2,220,686 \$	2,429,013 \$	2,681,769
Interest on fiduciary net position	<u>-</u>	-	-
Earning from plan investments Employer contribution to trust	13,200 300,000	44,608 325,000	12,647 411,772
Benefit payments from trust, including refunds of member	300,000	323,000	411,772
contributions	(150,927)	(161,281)	(171,663)
Administrative expense Other	-	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 162,273	208,327	252,756
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of period	 2,058,413	2,220,686	2,429,013
Plan fiduciary net position - end of period	\$ 2,220,686 \$	2,429,013 \$	2,681,769
Net OPEB liability	\$ 6,621,984 \$	7,599,110 \$	5,723,485
Plan Fiduciary net position as a % of total OPEB liability	25.11%	24.22%	31.91%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,966,055 \$	1,962,761 \$	2,081,039
Plan NOL as a % of covered employee payroll	336.82%	387.16%	275.03%
Single discount rate to calculate plan liabilities	3.75%	3.25%	2.50%

^{**} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information will be provided as available until a full 10 years of data is included.

Albany County Airport Authority Schedule of Changes in the Airport's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the year ended December 31,

2021	2022	2023
\$ 8,572,712 \$	9,055,860 \$	9,588,590
200,491	227,572	153,144
212,098	216,640	389,556
-	-	-
-	953,983	
-	(644,028)	334,839
(205,200)	(221,607)	(287,409)
 (39,931)	(49,412)	(57,400)
167,458	483,148	532,730
8,405,254	8,572,712	9,055,860
\$ 8,572,712 \$	9,055,860 \$	9,588,590
 7,0:-,: +	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
\$ 2,880,572 \$	2,998,727 \$	3,202,523
- 1,417	- 7.602	- 00 117
•	7,603	89,117
442,517	381,571	459,488
(245,131)	(271,019)	(344,809)
-	-	-
 198,803	118,155	203,796
2,681,769	2,880,572	2,998,727
\$ 2,880,572 \$	2,998,727 \$	3,202,523
\$ 5,692,140 \$	6,057,133 \$	6,386,057
33.60%	33.11%	33.40%
\$ 2,143,470 \$	2,284,727 \$	2,353,269
265.56%	265.11%	271.37%
2.50%	4.31%	4.00%

Albany County Airport Authority Actuarially OPEB Determined Contribution - Deficiency/(Excess) For the year ended December 31,

	 2018	2019	2020
Service Cost 30 year amortization of NOL	\$ 217,039 \$ 357,987	276,198 \$ 287,733	179,110 177,628
Actuarial determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	 575,026	563,931	356,738
contribution	 (300,000)	(325,000)	(411,772)
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ 275,026 \$	238,931 \$	(55,034)
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,966,055 \$	1,962,761 \$	2,081,039
Contributions as a % of covered employee payroll	15.26%	16.56%	19.79%
Discount Rate	3.75%	3.25%	2.50%
Money Weighted Rate of Return	0.64%	2.01%	0.52%

^{**} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information will be provided as available until a full 10 years of data is included.

Albany County Airport Authority Actuarially OPEB Determined Contribution - Deficiency/(Excess) For the year ended December 31,

2021	2022	2023
\$ 200,491 \$	227,572 \$	153,144
176,655	241,067	244,027
377,146	468,639	397,171
(442,517)	(381,571)	(459,488)
\$ (65,371) \$	87,068 \$	(62,317)
\$ 2,143,470 \$	2,284,727 \$	2,353,269
20.64%	16.70%	19.53%
2.50%	4.31%	4.00%
0.05%	0.26%	2.96%

Albany County Airport Authority

OPEB Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the written plan as currently approved by the Authority and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Investment rate of return 2.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation.

Municipal bond rate 4.00% as of December 31, 2023 (source: S&P Municipal Bond

20-Year High Grade Index-SAPIHG)

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Single equivalent discount rate 4.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation.

Inflation 2.50% as of December 31, 2023 and for future periods

Salary Increases 3.00% annually as of December 31, 2023 and for future periods

Cost of living adjustments Not Applicable

Pre-retirement mortality General: PubG-2010 Mortality Table for Employees projected

generationally with scale MP-2020 for males and females

Post-retirement mortality General: PubG-2010 Mortality Table for Healthy Annuitants

projected generationally with scale MP-2020 for males and

females

Disabled mortality General: PubG-2010 Mortality Table for Disabled Annuitants

projected generationally with scale MP-2020 for males and

females

OPEB Plan Membership

At December 31, 2023, OPEB plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits: 27

Active Employees: 18

Total: 45

Events Subsequent to the OPEB Measurement Date

To the best of our knowledge there were no material events subsequent to the Measurement Date that would impact the figures shown in this report.

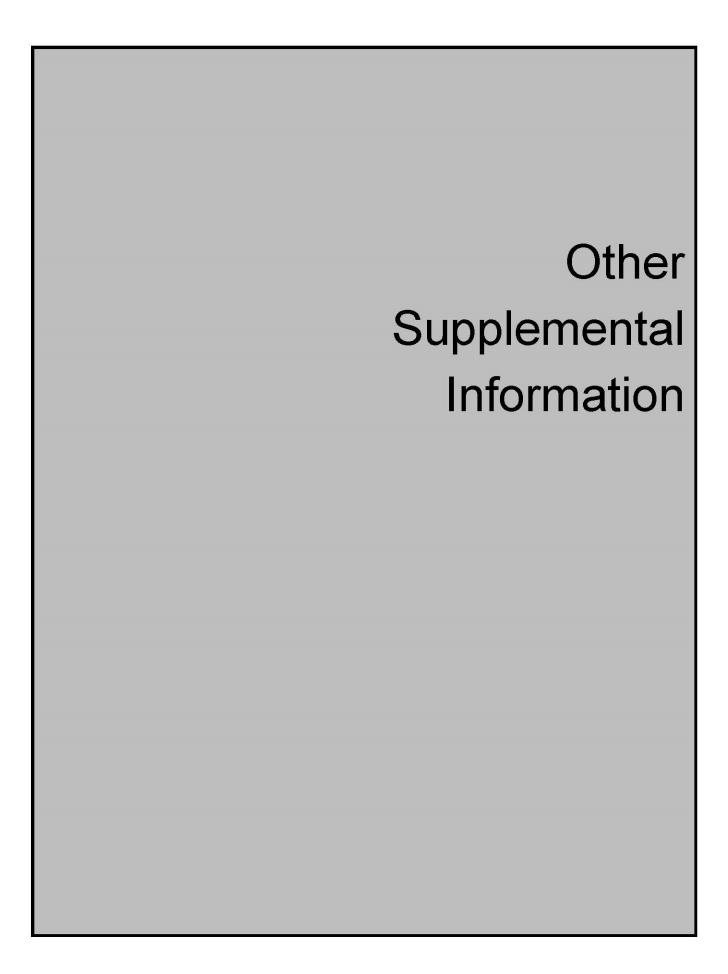
Changes in OPEB Assumptions from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2023

• Discount rate has been changed from 4.31% to 4.00%

OPEB Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Airport are established and may be amended through Airport ordinances. The Airport contributed \$114,679 beyond the pay-as-you-go cost for the period ending on December 31, 2023 Measurement Date. For the year ending on December 31, 2023 Measurement Date total Airport premiums plus implicit costs for the retiree medical program were \$344,809. \$57,400 of the \$344,809 represents implicit cost.

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Albany County Airport Authority Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

GENERAL AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS

				Authority
YEAR	Princi	pal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 7,3	280,000 \$	2,653,400	9,933,400
2025	7,0	625,000	2,291,250	9,916,250
2026	8,0	030,000	1,910,000	9,940,000
2027	1,4	455,000	1,508,500	2,963,500
2028	1,	530,000	1,437,550	2,967,550
2029	1 /	585,000	1,366,275	5 2,951,275
2030		665,000	1,291,73	
2031	•	170,000	1,212,963	
2032		230,000	1,158,906	
2032		285,000 285,000	1,101,800	
2033	1,,	203,000	1,101,000	2,300,000
2034	1,2	240,000	1,041,400	2,281,400
2035	1,2	290,000	981,750	2,271,750
2036	1,	105,000	919,600	2,024,600
2037	1,	165,000	864,350	2,029,350
2038	1,:	220,000	806,100	2,026,100
2039	1 '	285,000	745,100	2,030,100
2040		345,000	684,650	
2040		410,000	621,350	
2042		470,000	554,950	
2042		540,000	485,700	
2043	1,	340,000	403,700	2,023,700
2044	1,0	615,000	413,100	2,028,100
2045	1,0	690,000	336,950	2,026,950
2046	1,	765,000	262,050	2,027,050
2047	1,8	840,000	183,700	2,023,700
2048	1,9	920,000	101,800	2,021,800
2049		540,000	16,200	556,200
TOTAL	\$ 55,2	295,000 \$	24,951,125	5 \$ 80,246,125

Albany County Airport Authority Governmental Payments and Services For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

	2023	2022
UNITED STATES - Department of Agriculture Dept. of Agriculture - Wildlife Management Program	\$ 40,8	76 \$ 37,111
STATE OF NEW YORK		
Department of Civil Service - Health Insurance	\$ 771,973	\$ 687,118
State and Local Employees' Retirement System	24,466	203,751
Unemployment Insurance	6,722	6,426
Bureau of Weights and Measures	720	10
Dept. of Taxation & Finance - Sales Tax	284,930	286,213
Dept. of Taxation & Finance - Petroleum Business Tax	112,665	86,548
Dept. of Labor Bureau of Public Works	3,029	1,564
DEC - Oil Spill Fee	13,643	11,762
DEC - SPDES Program Fees & Permits		2,425
Total State of New York	1,218,1	48 1,285,817
COUNTY OF ALBANY		
Direct Costs:		
Sheriff	2,436,956	2,299,719
Code Enforcement	35,937	68,132
Shared Services - IT, Legal & Communications	4,163	99,000
Sewer District Charges	5,000	5,000
Total County of Albany	2,482,0	2,471,851
LATHAM WATER DISTRICT - Water Service	160,6	87 61,386
TOWN OF COLONIE, RECEIVER OF TAXES		
Sewer Taxes	38,711	121,074
Verdoy Fire Dept.	1,010	1,679
Albany County Tax	5,745	5,902
Town of Colonie Tax	4,334	4,228
School Taxes - North Colonie	36,007	22,888
Total Town of Colonie, Receiver of Taxes	85,8	07 155,771
VILLAGE OF COLONIE		
Wastewater Conveyance	7,5	00 7,500
CAPITAL DISTRICT TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY		
Employee Ground Transportation	26,2	50 24,900
TOTAL PAYMENTS TO OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES	\$ 4,021,3	24 \$ 4,044,336

Albany County Airport Authority

Insurance Schedule

Policy	2023 Insurance Carrier	Policy Term	2022 Premium	2023 Premium	Deductible	Insurance Limits
Aviation Liability	N/A	N/A	\$ 189,919	N/A	N/A	N/A
Excess Aviation Liability	N/A	N/A	\$ 53,900	N/A	N/A	N/A
Property incl. Business Income	Federal	12/31/22 - 12/31/23	\$ 362,880	\$ 367,391	\$ 25,000	\$367MM
Auto - subject to audit	Great Northern	12/31/22 - 12/31/23	\$ 71,572	\$ 79,333	\$ 0	\$5MM
Workers Compensation	Bankers Standard	12/31/22 - 12/31/23	\$ 5,954	\$ 5,110	N/A	Statutory
Public Officials	ACE American	12/31/22 - 12/31/23	\$ 41,132	\$ 43,051	\$ 50,000	\$7.5MM
Crime	Travelers	12/31/22 - 12/31/23	\$ 7,677	\$ 8,152	\$ 50,000	\$5MM
Tank Farm Property	Evanston	12/31/22 - 12/31/23	\$ 43,121	\$ 45,725	\$ 50,000	Per Tank Statement of Values
Violent & Malicious Acts	Lloyd's	12/31/22 - 12/31/23	\$ 15,970	\$ 15,565	\$ 0	\$1MM Liability; \$366MM Property
Pollution	Beazley	12/31/22 - 12/31/25	\$ 106,050	\$ 106,050	\$ 100,000	\$10MM
Cyber Liability	Ace American	12/31/22 - 12/31/23	\$ 35,445	\$ 50,035	\$ 25,000	\$1MM
Fiduciary Liability	Philadelphia Ins	9/1/21 - 12/31/22	\$ 1,690	\$ 2,394	\$ 10,000	\$2MM
Builders Risk	Chubb	12/31/22 - 12/31/23	\$ 20,860	\$ 19,570	\$ 25,000	\$3MM



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Members Albany County Airport Authority Administrative Building, Suite 200 Albany, New York 12211

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on Customer Facility Charges (CFC) of the Albany County Airport Authority, a component unit of the County of Albany, New York (the Authority and specified party) for the period January 1, 2023 - December 31, 2023. The Albany County Airport Authority's management is responsible for Compliance with Customer Facility Charges (CFC) for the period January 1, 2023 - December 31, 2023.

The Albany County Airport Authority has agreed to and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of determining compliance with New York State laws and the contracts between the concessionaires and the Authority based on the procedures below. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures performed and associated findings are as follows:

1. Excess CFC funds, if any, will be designated for future CFC projects. Determine any excess CFC funds are appropriately restricted by the Authority for future CFC use.

Findings: There were no exceptions noted as a result of applying this procedure.

We were engaged by the Albany County Airport Authority to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on compliance with the Customer Facility Charges for the period January 1, 2023 - December 31, 2023. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of the Albany County Airport Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely for the informational use of the Authority Board and management, The State of New York, and the concessionaries participating in the CFC program and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mongel, Metzger, Barr & Co. LLP

Latham, NY March 18, 2024

Albany County Airport Authority Customer Facility Charges Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Revenue		
Customer facility charges	\$ -	\$ -
Interest income	11,295	3,745
Total Revenue	11,295	3,745
Expenses Customer facility charges and for rental car improvements		
Customer facility charges cost for rental car improvements Administrative expenses	-	-
Total Expenses	-	-
Increase in Net Position	11,295	3,745
Net Position - CFC, Beginning of Year	453,361	449,616
Net Position - CFC, End of Year	\$ 464,656	\$ 453,361

Statistical

This section of the Authority's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information for understanding and supporting the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information.

Financial Trends

Pages 92-95

These tables contain trend information to assist the reader understand how the Authority's financial performance has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

Pages 96-97

These tables contain trend information to assist the reader understand the Authority's most significant revenue source, airline rates and charges.

Debt Capacity

Pages 98-100

These tables contain trend information to assist the reader understand the Authority's current debt outstanding, debt history and the Authority's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information Pages 102-105

These tables contain trend information to assist the reader understand the environment within which the Authority's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

Pages 106-115

These tables contain trend information to assist the reader understand the underlying factors affecting the Authority's ability to generate revenue, highlighting trends in operations, activities and resources.

Albany County Airport Authority Total Annual Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For Years Ended December 31,

	 2014	2015	2016	2017
REVENUES Airfield Fixed based operations Terminal Concessions	\$ 6,320,065 \$ 10,348,396 4,816,946 7,027,934	6,457,974 \$ 8,570,119 5,000,721 7,268,718	5,882,274 \$ 8,300,218 4,777,241 7,540,431	6,678,085 8,572,457 5,019,779 8,070,379
Ground transportation Other	 11,575,593 3,505,150 43,594,084	13,089,872 3,850,200 44,237,604	15,163,022 4,075,479 45,738,665	15,325,640 4,360,796 48,027,136
OTHER REVENUES Interest income Passenger facility charges	54,043 4,777,691	20,739 5,080,183	12,280 5,385,946	10,676 5,431,444
Customer facility charges Grant income Insurance recovery	292,938	292,000	222,772	138,700
Improvement charges	 368,400 5,493,072	368,400 5,761,322	368,400 5,989,398	368,400 5,949,220
TOTAL REVENUES	 49,087,156	49,998,926	51,728,063	53,976,356
EXPENSES Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Depreciation	 13,375,148 18,948,402 13,957,515 46,281,065	13,519,423 17,850,888 13,893,673 45,263,984	14,209,606 17,904,007 14,396,008 46,509,621	15,014,472 18,380,540 14,761,280 48,156,292
OTHER EXPENSES Interest expense Grant expense Insured expenses Customer facility charges Bond issuance costs Amortization of bond issuance costs	 5,870,629 - - - - - 133,008 6,003,637	5,463,254 - - - - 109,988 5,573,242	5,002,200 - - - - - 100,347 5,102,547	4,261,394 - - - 252,877 76,280 4,590,551
TOTAL EXPENSES	 52,284,702	50,837,226	51,612,168	52,746,843
Capital contributions Special Items Extraordinary Item	6,414,378 - -	8,942,652 - -	2,389,827 - -	4,616,709 - -
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	\$ 3,216,832 \$	8,104,352 \$	2,505,722 \$	5,846,222
NET POSITION AT YEAR END COMPOSED OF: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 167,432,611 \$ 17,573,958 14,838,801	171,751,795 \$ 19,387,387 16,809,614	170,626,920 \$ 21,191,423 18,636,175	172,661,198 22,238,003 21,401,539 <1>
	\$ 199,845,370 \$	207,948,796 \$	210,454,518 \$	216,300,740

Source: Authority's audited financial statements.

<1> The 2015 Unrestricted net assets was adjusted by \$926 in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68

Albany County Airport Authority Total Annual Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, Con't For Years Ended December 31,

 2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 6,588,133 \$ 10,427,353 5,538,045 8,262,260 15,721,089 4,292,488	6,207,119 \$ 10,426,891 5,178,553 8,496,949 16,906,909 4,626,970	5,071,172 6,307,406 5,657,600 3,749,264 5,719,989 4,313,893	\$ 5,545,788 \$ 9,326,061 5,363,151 6,891,504 9,327,909 4,321,044	6,537,793 \$ 12,506,123 4,974,060 8,645,042 16,405,065 4,514,195	5,512,260 12,361,731 3,510,123 9,462,456 17,907,220 4,476,417
50,829,368	51,843,391	30,819,324	40,775,457	53,582,278	53,230,207
488,263 5,638,922 -	1,403,088 6,194,834 757,428	309,776 1,858,876 50	263,747 4,055,447 -	846,754 5,318,185 -	2,371,341 5,699,317
300,997 170,896 368,400	150,480 8,704 368,400	11,053,631 - 368,400	4,810,756 77,967 368,400	1,420,740 - 368,400	5,232,617 335,000 368,400
 6,967,478	8,882,934	13,590,733	9,576,317	7,954,079	14,006,675
 57,796,846	60,726,325	44,410,057	50,351,774	61,536,357	67,236,882
16,019,364 21,330,763 15,335,569	16,981,665 22,554,099 15,344,151	15,874,108 17,317,169 17,465,299	15,147,001 18,619,605 18,387,208	16,535,441 23,815,320 18,882,884	18,575,008 25,583,853 19,050,784
52,685,696	54,879,915	50,656,576	52,153,814	59,233,645	63,209,645
3,898,788	4,369,737 -	3,699,761 -	2,575,159 -	2,314,999 1,282,040	2,108,164
170,896 - 390,361	302,039 237,068	- - 249,796	- -	- -	-
 68,308 4,528,353	60,020 4,968,864	40,733 3,990,290	2,575,159	3,597,039	2,108,164
57,214,049	59,848,779	54,646,866	54,728,973	62,830,684	65,317,809
3,297,047 1,022,220 148,595	25,142,535 - -	10,850,904 (921,707)	11,276,697	5,982,119 - -	16,929,595
\$ 5,050,659 \$	26,020,081 \$	(307,612)	\$ 6,899,498 \$	4,687,792 \$	18,848,668
\$ 170,718,128 \$ 26,650,235 17,201,297	189,798,618 \$ 30,532,217 20,258,906	204,476,085 24,351,663 11,454,381 <2>	\$ 209,491,889 \$ 23,862,862 13,826,876	210,618,826 \$ 25,249,714 16,000,879	208,844,436 38,318,628 23,555,023
\$ 214,569,660 \$	240,589,741 \$	240,282,129	\$ 247,181,627 \$	251,869,419 \$	270,718,087

<2> The 2018 Unrestricted net assets was adjusted by \$6,781,739 in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74

Albany County Airport Authority Changes in Cash and Cash Equivalents For Years Ended December 31,

Cash Flows From Operating Activities 43,862,468 \$ 44,211,164 \$ 45,935,258 44,5935,258 Cash paid to suppliers (30,679,673) (31,277,486) (28,239,666) Cash paid to suppliers (1,114,606) (1,143,551) (1,190,846) Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Operating Activities 12,068,189 11,790,097 16,164,746 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities 292,938 292,000 222,772 Grant Expense 292,938 292,000 222,772 Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 292,938 292,000 222,772 Cash Flows From Investing Activities 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments 9,257 11,688 14,941 Interest on passenger facility charges 9,257 11,688 14,941 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities 9,257 11,688 14,941 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Purchase of capital assets			2014	2015	2016
Cash received from providing services \$43,862,468 \$4,211,164 \$45,595,258 Cash paid to suppliers (30,679,673) (31,277,486) (19,08,46) Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Operating Activities 12,068,189 11,790,097 16,164,746 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities 292,938 292,000 222,772 Real Flows From Investing Activities 292,938 292,000 222,772 Cash Flows From Investing Activities 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments 5 292,938 292,000 222,772 Cash Flows From Investing Activities 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments 5 2,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments 6,330 32,427 27,221 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Purchase of capital and Related Financing Activities 8,257 11,688 14,941 Purchase of capital assets (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Principal payments on bonds and notes payable </td <td>Cash Flows From Operating Activities</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Cash paid to suppliers (30,679,673) (31,277,486) (28,239,666) Cash paid to employees (1,114,606) (1,143,581) (1,190,846) Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Operating Activities 12,068,189 11,790,097 16,164,746 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities 292,938 292,000 222,772 Grant Expense		\$	43 862 468 \$	44 211 164 \$	45 595 258
Cash paid to employees (1,114,606) (1,143,581) (1,190,846) Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Operating Activities 12,068,189 11,790,097 16,164,746 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities 292,938 292,000 222,772 Grant Expense - - - - Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 292,938 292,000 222,772 Cash Flows From Investing Activities 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments - - - Interest received 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments - - - Interest on passenger facility charges 9,257 11,688 14,941 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities 11,688 14,941 Purchase of capital assets (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Principal payments on bonds and notes payable (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ψ			
Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Operating Activities 12,068,189 11,790,097 16,164,746 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Grant Income Grant Expense 292,938 292,000 222,772 Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities Interest received 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments - - - - Sale of investments - - - - Interest on passenger facility charges 9,257 11,688 14,941 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Purchase of capital assets (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent - - - Issuance of bonds - - - Cost of issuance - - - Cost of issuance - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td>,</td><td></td></td<>			•	,	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities 292,938 292,000 2222,772 Grant Expense - - - - Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 292,938 292,000 222,772 Cash Flows From Investing Activities 3292,938 292,000 222,772 Cash Flows From Investing Activities 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments - - - - Sale of investments - - - - Interest on passenger facility charges 9,257 11,688 14,941 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Purchase of capital assets (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Principal payments on bonds and notes payable (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent - -					
Grant Income Grant Expense 292,938 292,000 222,772 Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 292,938 292,000 222,772 Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest received 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments - - - - Sale of investments - - - - Interest on passenger facility charges 9,257 11,688 14,941 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Purchase of capital assets (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) (8,567,000) Purchase of capital assets (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) (1,394,462) Payment to refunding agent - - - - - Payment to refunding agent - - - - - Insurance of bonds - - -	Net Cash Provided/(Osed) by Operating Activities		12,000,109	11,790,097	10,104,740
Grant Expense 292,938 292,000 222,772 Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 292,938 292,000 222,772 Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest received 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments - - - Sale of investments 9,257 11,688 14,941 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Purchase of capital assets (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent - - - Issuance of bonds - - - Cost of issuance - - - ANCLUC funds 395 (1,334) - Concession improvement funds (359,380) 101,374 (212,759) Customer facility charges 368,400	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 292,938 292,000 222,772 Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest received 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments - - - Sale of investments 9,257 11,688 14,941 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Purchase of capital assets (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent - - - Insuance of bonds - - - Defeasance of bonds - - - Cost of issuance - - - ANCLUC funds 3395 (1,334) - Concession improvement funds (359,380) 101,374 (212,759) Customer facility charges - - -	Grant Income		292,938	292,000	222,772
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest received 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments - - - Sale of investments - - - Interest on passenger facility charges 9,257 11,688 14,941 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Purchase of capital assets (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent - - - Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent - - - - Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent - - - - Issuance of bonds - - - - Cost of issua	Grant Expense		-	-	
Interest received 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments - - - - - - - - -	Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		292,938	292,000	222,772
Interest received 54,043 20,739 12,280 Purchase of investments - - - - - - - - -	Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Purchase of investments - - - Sale of investments - - - Interest on passenger facility charges 9,257 11,688 14,941 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities 8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Purchase of capital assets (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Pircipal payments on bonds and notes payable (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent - - - Issuance of bonds - - - Defeasance of bonds - - - Cost of issuance - - - Customer facility charges 368,400 36			54.043	20.739	12.280
Sale of investments -			-		-,
Interest on passenger facility charges 9,257 11,688 14,941 Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Principal payments on bonds and notes payable (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent			_	_	_
Net Cash Provided/(Used) by Investing Activities 63,300 32,427 27,221 Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Purchase of capital assets (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent - - - Issuance of bonds - - - Defeasance of bonds - - - Cost of issuance - - - ANCLUC funds 395 (1,334) - Concession improvement funds (359,380) 101,374 (212,759) Customer facility charges - - - Improvement charges 368,400 368,400 368,400 Insurance receoveries - - - Bank line of credit - - - LIBOR settlement - - - Sale of Land - - -			9 257	11 688	14 941
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Purchase of capital assets (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent - - - Issuance of bonds - - - Defeasance of bonds - - - Cost of issuance - - - ANCLUC funds 395 (1,334) - Concession improvement funds (359,380) 101,374 (212,759) Customer facility charges - - - - Customer facility charges 368,400 368,400 368,400 Insurance receoveries - - - - Bank line of credit - - - - LIBOR settlement - - - - Sale of Land - - - - Capital contributions 4,826,042					
Purchase of capital assets (8,249,851) (12,534,202) (4,244,291) Principal payments on bonds and notes payable Interest paid (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent Issuance of bonds - - - - Issuance of bonds - - - - - Cost of issuance -	That Gualit Tariada, (Gada) 2) introduing frounds		00,000	02,121	
Principal payments on bonds and notes payable Interest paid (8,102,182) (8,266,000) (8,567,000) Interest paid (5,136,989) (4,700,250) (4,394,462) Payment to refunding agent Issuance of bonds - - - Defeasance of bonds - - - Cost of issuance - - - ANCLUC funds 395 (1,334) - Concession improvement funds (359,380) 101,374 (212,759) Customer facility charges - - - Improvement charges 368,400 368,400 368,400 Insurance receoveries - - - Bank line of credit - - - LIBOR settlement - - - Sale of Land - - - Capital contributions 4,826,042 10,209,459 3,164,885 Passenger facility charges 4,745,288 4,939,384 5,356,286 Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities (11,908,277)	Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Interest paid	Purchase of capital assets		(8,249,851)	(12,534,202)	(4,244,291)
Payment to refunding agent - - - Issuance of bonds - - - Defeasance of bonds - - - Cost of issuance - - - ANCLUC funds 395 (1,334) - Concession improvement funds (359,380) 101,374 (212,759) Customer facility charges - - - - Improvement charges 368,400 368,400 368,400 Insurance receoveries - - - - Bank line of credit - - - - LIBOR settlement - - - - Sale of Land - - - - Capital contributions 4,826,042 10,209,459 3,164,885 Passenger facility charges 4,745,288 4,939,384 5,356,286 Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities (11,908,277) (9,883,169) (8,528,941) Net increase/(decrease) 516,	Principal payments on bonds and notes payable		(8,102,182)	(8,266,000)	(8,567,000)
Issuance of bonds	Interest paid		(5,136,989)	(4,700,250)	(4,394,462)
Defeasance of bonds -	Payment to refunding agent		-	· -	· -
Cost of issuance - - - ANCLUC funds 395 (1,334) - Concession improvement funds (359,380) 101,374 (212,759) Customer facility charges - - - - Improvement charges 368,400 368,400 368,400 Insurance receoveries - - - - Bank line of credit - - - - LIBOR settlement - - - - Sale of Land - - - - Capital contributions 4,826,042 10,209,459 3,164,885 Passenger facility charges 4,745,288 4,939,384 5,356,286 Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities (11,908,277) (9,883,169) (8,528,941) Net increase/(decrease) 516,150 2,231,355 7,885,798 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 37,391,039 37,907,189 40,138,544	Issuance of bonds		-	-	-
ANCLUC funds 395 (1,334) - Concession improvement funds (359,380) 101,374 (212,759) Customer facility charges Improvement charges 368,400 368,400 368,400 Insurance receoveries Bank line of credit LIBOR settlement Sale of Land Capital contributions 4,826,042 10,209,459 3,164,885 Passenger facility charges 4,745,288 4,939,384 5,356,286 Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities (11,908,277) (9,883,169) (8,528,941) Net increase/(decrease) 516,150 2,231,355 7,885,798 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 37,391,039 37,907,189 40,138,544	Defeasance of bonds		-	-	-
Concession improvement funds (359,380) 101,374 (212,759) Customer facility charges - - - - Improvement charges 368,400 368,400 368,400 Insurance receoveries - - - - Bank line of credit - - - - LIBOR settlement - - - - - Sale of Land -	Cost of issuance		-	-	-
Concession improvement funds (359,380) 101,374 (212,759) Customer facility charges - - - - Improvement charges 368,400 368,400 368,400 Insurance receoveries - - - - Bank line of credit - - - - LIBOR settlement - - - - Sale of Land - - - - Capital contributions 4,826,042 10,209,459 3,164,885 Passenger facility charges 4,745,288 4,939,384 5,356,286 Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities (11,908,277) (9,883,169) (8,528,941) Net increase/(decrease) 516,150 2,231,355 7,885,798 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 37,391,039 37,907,189 40,138,544	ANCLUC funds		395	(1,334)	_
Customer facility charges - <td>Concession improvement funds</td> <td></td> <td>(359,380)</td> <td></td> <td>(212,759)</td>	Concession improvement funds		(359,380)		(212,759)
Improvement charges 368,400 368,400 368,400 Insurance receoveries - - - - Bank line of credit - - - - LIBOR settlement - - - - Sale of Land - - - - Capital contributions 4,826,042 10,209,459 3,164,885 Passenger facility charges 4,745,288 4,939,384 5,356,286 Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities (11,908,277) (9,883,169) (8,528,941) Net increase/(decrease) 516,150 2,231,355 7,885,798 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 37,391,039 37,907,189 40,138,544	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	-	_
Insurance receoveries			368,400	368,400	368,400
Bank line of credit - - - - LIBOR settlement - - - - Sale of Land - - - - Capital contributions 4,826,042 10,209,459 3,164,885 Passenger facility charges 4,745,288 4,939,384 5,356,286 Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities (11,908,277) (9,883,169) (8,528,941) Net increase/(decrease) 516,150 2,231,355 7,885,798 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 37,391,039 37,907,189 40,138,544	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	· -	· <u>-</u>
LIBOR settlement -			_	_	_
Sale of Land - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td></t<>			_	_	_
Capital contributions 4,826,042 10,209,459 3,164,885 Passenger facility charges 4,745,288 4,939,384 5,356,286 Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities (11,908,277) (9,883,169) (8,528,941) Net increase/(decrease) 516,150 2,231,355 7,885,798 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 37,391,039 37,907,189 40,138,544			_	_	_
Passenger facility charges 4,745,288 4,939,384 5,356,286 Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities (11,908,277) (9,883,169) (8,528,941) Net increase/(decrease) 516,150 2,231,355 7,885,798 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 37,391,039 37,907,189 40,138,544			4.826.042	10.209.459	3.164.885
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities (11,908,277) (9,883,169) (8,528,941) Net increase/(decrease) 516,150 2,231,355 7,885,798 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 37,391,039 37,907,189 40,138,544					
and Related Financing Activities (11,908,277) (9,883,169) (8,528,941) Net increase/(decrease) 516,150 2,231,355 7,885,798 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 37,391,039 37,907,189 40,138,544			, -,	, ,	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 37,391,039 37,907,189 40,138,544	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(11,908,277)	(9,883,169)	(8,528,941)
	Net increase/(decrease)		516,150	2,231,355	7,885,798
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 37,907,189 \$ 40,138,544 \$ 48,024,342	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		37,391,039	37,907,189	40,138,544
	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	37,907,189 \$	40,138,544 \$	48,024,342

Source: Authority's audited financial statements.

Albany County Airport Authority Changes in Cash and Cash Equivalents, Con't For Years Ended December 31,

 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 47,814,646 \$	50,885,469 \$	51,691,849 \$	33,479,937 \$	39,222,233 \$	53,926,133 \$	55,310,732
(33,640,390)	(34,607,021)	(36,461,993)	(36,037,289)	(32,267,789)	(36,820,066)	(35,821,563)
(1,237,120)	(1,301,582)	(1,316,130)	(1,387,077)	(1,424,181)	(1,550,298)	(1,652,261)
12,937,136	14,976,866	13,913,726	(3,944,429)	5,530,263	15,555,769	17,836,908
138,700	300,997	150,480	11,053,631	4,810,756	1,420,740	5,232,617
, -	, -	, -	. , , -	, , -	(1,282,040)	, , , -
138,700	300,997	150,480	11,053,631	4,810,756	138,700	5,232,617
10,676	488,263	1,404,897	309,775	263,747	846,755	1,817,783
, -	(12,247,000)	. , , -	, -	, -	<i>.</i>	-
-	-	12,524,389	-	-	-	-
18,476	97,262	290,775	92,075	14,375	72,719	295,276
29,152	(11,661,475)	14,220,061	401,850	278,122	919,474	2,113,059
(9,055,546)	(8,637,400)	(53,630,854)	(25,488,688)	(12,086,065)	(9,500,688)	(20,442,783)
(8,803,000)	(9,419,000)	(7,554,000)	(7,390,000)	(6,365,000)	(6,685,000)	(7,020,000)
(3,673,229)	(3,549,403)	(4,341,280)	(3,749,289)	(3,666,302)	(3,335,200)	(3,002,652)
(16,794,552)	(3,349,403)	(4,341,200)	(3,749,209)	(3,000,302)	(3,333,200)	(3,002,032)
15,826,250	24,865,926	10,556,850	(5,500,594)	-	-	_
13,020,230	24,000,920	10,550,650	(3,300,394)	(660,417)	_	_
(336,179)	(390,361)	_	_	(000,+17)	_	_
(000,170)	(000,001)	_	_	_	_	_
107,689	75,447	(177,676)	(40,978)	65,411	74,933	125,600
-	-	455,389	50	-	,,,,,,	-
368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	8,704	-	77,967	-	335,000
-	-	6,542,341	(6,552,137)	, -	-	, -
-	1,496,915	- -	-	-	-	_
-	858,257	-	-	-	-	-
3,797,722	3,324,887	16,720,643	17,043,877	11,462,991	5,495,453	11,046,289
 5,338,723	5,759,701	5,574,996	2,304,901	3,642,193	5,217,050	5,362,067
(42 222 722)	14 752 260	(25 476 497)	(20,004,459)	(7.460.922)	(0.26E.0E2)	(42 220 070)
 (13,223,722)	14,753,369	(25,476,487)	(29,004,458)	(7,160,822)	(8,365,052)	(13,228,079)
(118,734)	18,369,757	2,807,780	(21,493,406)	3,458,319	8,248,891	11,954,505
 48,024,342	47,905,608	66,275,365	69,083,145	47,589,739	51,048,058	59,296,949
\$ 47,905,608 \$	66,275,365 \$	69,083,145 \$	47,589,739 \$	51,048,058 \$	59,296,949 \$	71,251,454

Albany County Airport Authority Principal Revenue Sources, Revenue per Enplaned Passenger and Signatory Airlines Rates and Charges <1> For Years Ended December 31,

		2014	2015	2016
PRINCIPAL REVENUE SOURCES				
AIRLINE REVENUE				
Landing fees	\$	3,934,458 \$	4,090,831 \$	3,838,764
Apron fees		811,176	826,683	571,813
Fixed based operations		3,135,354	2,645,138	2,564,049
Terminal rental		3,697,979	3,701,504	3,471,855
Loading bridge rentals		437,980	626,660	565,362
TOTAL AIRLINE REVENUE		12,016,947	11,890,816	11,011,843
Percent of Total Revenues		24.5%	23.8%	21.3%
NON-AIRLINE REVENUES				
Parking		11,311,640	12,810,052	14,870,476
Rental car		4,854,354	5,053,412	5,057,259
Other		15,411,143	14,483,324	14,799,086
TOTAL NON-AIRLINE REVENUES		31,577,137	32,346,788	34,726,821
Percent of Total Revenues		64.3%	64.7%	67.1%
NON-OPERATING REVENUES				
Passenger facility charges		4,777,691	5,080,183	5,385,947
Customer facility charges		-	-	-
Grant income		292,938	292,000	222,772
Interest		54,043	20,739	12,280
Insurance recovery		-	-	-
Other		368,400	368,400	368,400
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES		5,493,072	5,761,322	5,989,399
Percent of Total Revenues		11.2%	11.5%	11.6%
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	49,087,156 \$	49,998,926 \$	51,728,063
Enplaned Passengers		1,230,376	1,297,749	1,407,005
Ziipianoa'i accongent				1, 101,000
TOTAL REVENUE PER ENPLANED PASSENGER	\$	39.90 \$	38.53 \$	36.76
SIGNATORY AIRLINES RATES AND CHARGES				
Landing Fee (per 1,000 lbs MGLW)	\$	3.06 \$	3.27 \$	2.73
Apron Fees (per sq. foot)	φ	1.59	3.27 \$ 1.52	1.19
Annual Terminal Rental Rates (per sq. foot)		68.13	74.63	81.11
Annual Loading Bridge Rental (per bridge)		31,284.00	44,761.00	40,383.00
Airline Cost per Enplanement: Airport Operations		31,264.00 7.22	7.12	40,363.00
Annue Cost per Emplanement. Amport Operations		1.22	1.12	0.00

The Authority has entered into a series of five-year agreements with its signatory airlines that provides a! rate setting methodology. The current agreement term ends on December 31, 2023.

Source: Authority's audited financial statements and statistics reports

Albany County Airport Authority Principal Revenue Sources, Revenue per Enplaned Passenger and Signatory Airlines Rates and Charges, Con't <1> For Years Ended December 31,

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$	4,436,193 \$	4,239,274 \$	3,938,543 \$	2,929,026 \$	3,155,441 \$	4,152,622 \$	3,210,290
	649,858	654,321	633,074	656,208	610,650	652,799	695,886
	2,753,266	3,320,378	3,144,641	1,715,933	2,109,228	3,263,798	3,796,281
	3,613,674	4,077,678	3,741,740	4,483,012	3,988,907	3,517,611	2,037,451
	614,076	670,939	655,170	394,805	508,023	690,599	684,897
	12,067,067	12,962,590	12,113,168	10,178,984	10,372,249	12,277,429	10,424,805
	22.4%	22.4%	19.9%	22.9%	20.6%	20.0%	15.5%
	14,985,272	15,248,081	16,249,822	5,474,391	9,038,813	15,985,811	17,366,540
	5,427,741	5,561,921	5,396,551	2,471,572	4,985,255	6,160,142	6,332,799
	15,547,056	17,056,776	18,083,850	12,694,377	16,379,140	19,158,896	19,106,068
	35,960,069	37,866,778	39,730,223	20,640,340	30,403,208	41,304,849	42,805,407
	66.6%	65.5%	65.4%	46.5%	60.4%	67.1%	63.7%
	5,431,444	5,638,922	6,194,834	1,858,876	4,055,447	5,318,185	5,699,317
	-	-	757,428	50	-	-	-
	138,700	300,997	150,480	11,053,631	4,810,756	1,420,740	5,232,617
	10,676	488,263	1,403,088	309,776	263,747	846,754	2,371,341
	-	170,896	8,704	-	77,967	-	335,000
	368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400
-	5,949,220	6,967,478	8,882,934	13,590,733	9,576,317	7,954,079	14,006,675
	11.0%	12.1%	14.6%	30.6%	19.0%	12.9%	20.8%
\$	53,976,356 \$	57,796,846 \$	60,726,325 \$	44,410,057 \$	50,351,774 \$	61,536,357 \$	67,236,887
	1,417,835	1,466,706	1,518,969	520,029	976,037	1,290,529	1,376,639
\$	38.07 \$	39.41 \$	39.98 \$	85.40 \$	51.59 \$	47.68 \$	48.84
\$	3.12 \$	2.92 \$	2.75 \$	3.20 \$	3.15 \$	3.38 \$	2.77
	1.33	1.31	1.16	1.27	1.15	1.23	1.38
	79.86	86.48	90.57	59.45	71.82	90.42	88.46
	47,237.00	51,611.00	40,948.00	28,200.00	36,287.00	49,328.00	52,684.00
	6.57	6.57	5.90	16.30	8.49	7.00	4.83

Albany County Airport Authority Ratios of Outstanding Debt For Years Ended December 31,

	 2014	2015	2016
Ratio of Authority issued Revenue Bond Debt Service to Total Expenses			
Principal Interest	\$ 8,102,182 \$ 5,077,305	4,797,018	4,477,430
Total Debt Service	\$ 13,179,487 \$	13,063,018	\$ 13,044,430
Total Expenses	\$ 52,284,702 \$	50,837,226	\$ 51,612,168
Ratio of Debt Service to Total Expenses	25.21%	25.70%	25.27%
Debt Service per Enplaned Passenger			
Net Debt Service	\$ 8,966,388 \$	9,769,698	\$ 9,436,220
Enplaned Passengers	1,230,376	1,297,749	1,407,005
Debt Service per Enplaned Passenger	\$ 7.29 \$	7.53	\$ 6.71
Outstanding Debt (Authority and County) per Enplaned Passenger			
Outstanding debt by type: General Airport Revenue Bond (GARB) NYS EFC Subtotal	\$ 102,690,000 \$ 2,359,000 105,049,000	94,825,000 1,958,000 96,783,000	\$ 86,670,000 1,546,000 88,216,000
Unamortized Premiums/Discounts (net)	2,886,785	2,155,497	1,483,693
Total Outstanding Debt and Premiums	\$ 107,935,785 \$	98,938,497	\$ 89,699,693
Enplaned Passengers	1,230,376	1,297,749	1,407,005
Outstanding Debt per Enplaned Passenger	\$ 88 \$	76	\$ 64
Debt Limit per Enplaned Passenger			
Debt Limit	\$ 285,000,000 \$	285,000,000	\$ 285,000,000
Enplaned Passengers	1,230,376	1,297,749	1,407,005
Debt Limit per Enplaned Passenger	\$ 232 \$	220	\$ 203

Source: Authority's audited financial statements and statistics reports

<1> Airport share of debt issued by the County prior to the creation of the Albany County Authority Authority

Albany County Airport Authority Ratios of Outstanding Debt, Con't For Years Ended December 31,

_	2017		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$	8,803,000 3,730,422	\$	9,419,000 3,697,735	\$ 7,554,000 4,248,934	\$ 7,390,000 4,665,327	\$ 6,365,000 \$ 2,575,159	\$ 6,685,000 2,314,999	\$ 7,020,000 2,108,163
\$	12,533,422	\$	13,116,735	\$ 11,802,934	\$ 12,055,327	\$ 8,940,159	\$ 8,999,999	\$ 9,128,163
\$	52,746,843	\$	57,214,049	\$ 59,848,779	\$ 54,597,444	\$ 54,728,970	\$ 62,830,684	\$ 65,317,809
	23.76%		22.93%	19.72%	22.08%	16.34%	14.32%	13.97%
\$	8,923,166	\$	10,281,822	\$ 8,039,474	\$ 7,914,410	\$ 5,047,159	\$ 5,106,999	\$ 5,487,759
	1,417,835		1,466,706	1,518,969	520,029	976,037	1,290,529	1,376,639
\$	6.29	\$	7.01	\$ 5.29	\$ 15.22	\$ 5.17	\$ 3.96	\$ 3.99
\$	76,190,000 ÷ 1,128,000	\$	89,790,000 699,000	\$ 92,555,000	\$ 75,945,000 -	\$ 69,000,000	\$ 62,315,000	\$ 55,295,000
	77,318,000 2,248,604		90,489,000 3,741,495	92,555,000 4,116,578	75,945,000 7,538,441	69,000,000 5,918,169	62,315,000 4,522,195	55,295,000 3,311,406
\$	79,566,604	\$	94,230,495	\$ 96,671,578	\$ 83,483,441	\$ 74,918,169	\$ 66,837,195	\$ 58,606,406
	1,417,835		1,466,706	1,518,969	520,029	976,037	1,290,529	1,376,639
\$	56	\$	64	\$ 64	\$ 161	\$ 77 \$	\$ 52	\$ 43
\$	285,000,000	\$ 2	285,000,000	\$ 285,000,000	\$ 285,000,000	\$ 285,000,000	\$ 285,000,000	\$ 285,000,000
	1,417,835		1,466,706	1,518,969	520,029	976,037	1,290,529	1,376,639
\$	201	\$	194	\$ 188	\$ 548	\$ 292 \$	\$ 221	\$ 207

Albany County Airport Authority Revenue Bond Debt Service Coverage For Years Ended December 31,

	 2014	2015	2016	2017
NET REVENUES Operating Revenues Interest Income <1> TSA (LEO) Reimbursement	\$ 43,594,101 \$ 51,374 292,938	44,237,599 \$ 10,784 292,000	45,738,668 \$ 12,280 222,772	48,027,140 10,676 138,700
Grant income Improvement Charges	 368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400
Total Revenues	\$ 44,306,813 \$	44,908,783 \$	46,342,120 \$	48,544,916
LESS: Total Operating Expenses <2> LESS: Albany County Debt Service LESS: Authority Share of Funds Remaining	(32,323,557) (81,180)	(31,452,654)	(31,521,233)	(33,373,689)
LESS: Air Service Incentive Cost to Airport	 -	(50,732)	(539,720)	(67,041)
Net Revenues	\$ 11,902,076 \$	13,405,397 \$	14,281,167 \$	15,104,186
DEBT SERVICE 1999 NYS EFC Revenue Bonds Less: 1999 NYS EFC Interest Subsidy 2003 A Revenue Bonds 2006 A & B Revenue Bonds 2006 C Revenue Bonds 2010 A Refunding Bonds Less: PFC Revenues used for Debt Service 2010 B Refunding Bonds 2017 A & B Refunding Bonds 2018 A & B Revenue Bonds 2019 Revenue Bonds 2020 A & B Revenue Bonds Net Debt Service	\$ 453,637 \$ (22,283) 474,876 1,102,502 403,996 9,627,239 (4,213,099) 925,329 8,752,197 \$ 1.36	452,972 \$ (19,808) 464,391 1,103,706 402,588 9,625,169 (3,293,320) 924,104 9,659,802 \$ 1.39	457,308 \$ (16,856) 463,473 1,098,489 400,980 10,540,689 (3,608,210) 9,335,873 \$ 1.53	455,397 (13,277) 118,080 275,865 99,867 10,549,011 (3,610,256) - 583,089 913,764 - - 9,371,540
Does not include required amounts held in Bond Reserve Accounts as follows: 1999 NYS EFC Bonds 2003 A Revenue Bonds 2006 A & B Revenue Bonds 2006 C Revenue Bonds 2010 A Refunding Bonds 2017 A & B Refunding Bonds 2018 A & B Revenue Bonds 2018 A & B Revenue Bonds 2019 A Revenue Bonds	\$ 277,389 \$ 514,100 1,128,600 404,263 9,523,517	277,389 \$ 514,100 1,128,600 404,263 9,523,517	277,389 \$ 514,100 1,128,600 404,263 9,523,517	277,389 - - 9,523,517 1,261,495 - -
Total Bond Reserve Accounts	\$ 11,847,869 \$	11,847,869 \$	11,847,869 \$	11,062,401

Source: Authority's audited financial statements and statistics reports

<1> Includes only interest allocated to the airline revenue centers under the Master Bond Resolution.

<2> Beginning in 2015, Total Operating Expenses include contributions actually paid to employee benefit trusts, as provided for under the master bond resolution rather than the expense under GASB Statements No. 68, No. 71 and No. 75.

<3> 2018 debt service coverage does not include \$1,496,915 received for a settlement for an alleged manipulation of LIBOR.

Albany County Airport Authority Revenue Bond Debt Service Coverage, Con't For Years Ended December 31,

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$	48,027,140 \$	50,829,607 \$	51,843,389 \$	30,819,110 \$	40,477,233 \$	53,719,872 \$	53,385,246
	10,676	243,269	700,892	181,306	37,269	256,800	1,279,477
	138,700	126,921	150,480	139,080	126,921	138,700	138,700
	-	174,077	-	10,914,550	4,363,325	-	-
	368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400	368,400
\$	48,544,916 \$	51,742,274 \$	53,063,161 \$	42,422,446 \$	45,373,148 \$	54,483,772 \$	55,171,823
	(33,373,689)	(36,935,812)	(37,622,202)	(32,620,872)	(34,060,350)	(40,232,987)	(43,517,373)
	_	_	_	(232,741)	_	_	_
	(67,041)	(244,691)	(1,489,603)	(619,410)	(126,162)	(262,824)	(571,357)
	(07,011)	(211,001)	(1,100,000)	(010,110)	(120,102)	(202,021)	(071,007)
\$	15,104,186 \$	14,561,771 \$	13,951,356 \$	8,949,423 \$	11,186,636 \$	13,987,961 \$	11,083,093
φ	455,397 \$	458,514 \$	441,549 \$	¢.	- \$	- \$	
\$				- \$	- Þ	- ф	-
	(13,277) 118,080	(9,241)	(4,803)	-	-	-	-
	275,865	-	-	-	=	-	-
	99,867	_	_	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
	10,549,011	10,557,831	8,112,581	6,124,250	_	_	_
	(3,610,256)	(2,834,913)	(3,763,460)	(4,140,917)	(3,494,931)	(3,639,794)	(3,640,404)
	- 583,089	- 757,375	- 430,225	- 1,570,150	- 2,067,901	- 1,466,400	- 1,472,150
	913,764	1,203,925	1,130,125	1,474,750	1,471,750	1,473,000	1,473,250
	-	-	771,322	556,216	556,150	554,500	552,750
	_	_	703,378	1,283,454	6,515,500	6,526,250	6,524,500
\$	9,371,540 \$	10,133,491 \$	7,820,917 \$	6,867,903 \$	7,116,370 \$	6,380,356 \$	6,382,246
	1.61	1.44	1.78	1.30	1.57	2.19	1.74
\$	277,389 \$	277,389 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	_
	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	9,523,517	9,523,517	9,523,517	-	-	-	-
	1,261,495	1,261,495	1,261,496	1,261,496	1,261,496	1,261,496	1,261,496
	-	1,475,750	1,475,750	1,475,750	1,475,750	1,475,750	1,475,750
	-	-	556,850	556,850	556,850	556,850	556,850
Φ.	11.062.404. ©	12 520 151 ₾	- \$	3,948,630 \$ 7,242,726 \$	3,948,630 \$ 7,242,726 \$	3,948,630 \$ 7,242,726 \$	3,948,630 7,242,726
\$	11,062,401 \$	12,538,151 \$	12,817,613 \$	1,242,120 \$	1,242,120 \$	1,242,120 \$	1,242,120

Albany International Airport Population in the Air Trade Area

			2020 vs.		2010 vs.	
	2022	2020	2010	2010	2000	2000
PRIMARY TRADE AREA						
State of New York						
Albany County	315,811	313,987	3.2%	304,204	3.3%	294,565
Columbia County	61,286	61,403	-2.7%	63,096	0.0%	63,094
Fulton County	52,669	53,132	-4.3%	55,531	0.8%	55,073
Greene County	48,061	47,912	- 2.7%	49,221	2.1%	48,195
Montgomery County	49,623	49,485	-1.5%	50,219	1.0%	49,708
Rensselaer County	159,853	160,900	0.9%	159,429	4.5%	152,538
Saratoga County	238,797	235,794	7.4%	219,607	9.5%	200,635
Schenectady County	160,093	159,315	3.0%	154,727	5.6%	146,555
Schoharie County	30,063	29,752	-9.2%	32,749	3.7%	31,582
Warren County	65,599	65,638	-0.1%	65,707	3.8%	63,303
Washington County	60,956	65,618	3.8%	63,216	3.6%	61,042
State of Massachusetts				•		
Berkshire County	127,859	128,774	-1.9%	131,219	-2.8%	134,953
State of Vermont				•		
Bennington County	37,392	37,300	0.5%	37,125	0.4%	36,994
<u> </u>	,	•		•		<u> </u>
PRIMARY TRADE AREA	1,408,062	1,409,010	1.7%	1,386,050	3.6%	1,338,237
	, ,			, ,		
SECONDARY TRADE AREA						
State of New York						
Delaware County	44,740	44,221	-7.8%	47,980	-0.2%	48,055
Dutchess County	297,545	295,398	-0.7%	297,488	6.2%	280,150
Essex County	36,910	37,326	-5.2%	39,370	1.3%	38,851
Hamilton County	5,118	5,073	4.9%	4,836	-10.1%	5,379
Herkimer County	59,822	60,024	-7.0%	64,519	0.1%	64,427
Otsego County	60,636	58,377	-6.2%	62,259	0.9%	61,676
Ulster County	182,319	181,627	-0.5%	182,493	2.7%	177,749
State of Connecticut				•		
Litchfield County	185,000	184,874	-2.7%	189,927	4.2%	182,193
State of Massachusetts				•		
Franklin County	70,894	70,930	-0.6%	71,372	-0.2%	71,535
Hampden County	461,041	464,407	0.2%	463,490	1.6%	456,228
Hampshire County	162,588	146,592	-7.3%	158,080	3.8%	152,251
State of Vermont	,	,		•		,
Addison County	37,578	37,343	1.4%	36,821	2.4%	35,974
Rutland County	60,366	60,477	-1.9%	61,642	-2.8%	63,400
Windham County	45,842	45,850	3.0%	44,513	0.7%	44,216
Windsor County	58,142	57,744	1.9%	56,670	-1.3%	57,418
•	,	- ,		,	-	
SECONDARY TRADE AREA	1,768,541	1,750,263	-1.8%	1,781,460	2.4%	1,739,502
TOTAL PRIMARY AND SECONDARY						
TRADE AREA POPULATION	3,176,603	3,159,273	-0.3%	3,167,510	2.9%	3,077,739
TO BE THE TO BE THON	5, 17 5,555	0,100,210	0.070	5,151,510	2.070	5,5,7,755
State of New York	19,677,151	20,108,296	3.8%	19,378,102	2.1%	18,976,457
United States	333,287,557	331,511,512	7.4%	308,745,538	9.4%	282,171,936

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

Albany International Airport Largest Private-Sector Employers in Primary Air Trade Area

Rank	Employer	Industry	Employees 2023
1	Albany Med Health System	Health Care	15,165
-	,		•
2	St. Peter's Health Partners	Health Care	10,989
3	Northeast Grocery Inc.	Retail Grocery, Headquarters, and Dist. Center	8,075
4	Hannaford Supermarkets	Retail Grocery	5,000
5	General Electric Company	Energy, Research, Industrial	4,000
6	Stewart's Shops Corp.	Dairy Products/Convenience Stores	3,418
7	Regeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc.	Health Services	3,100
8	Ellis Medicine	Health Care	2,900
9	Global Foundries	Semiconductor Manufacturing	2,600
10	Community Care Physicians	Health Care	1,805
11	Center for Disability Services	Health Care	1,764
12	Rensselaer Polytenchic Institute	Educational Services	1,743
13	Empire Blue Cross/Blue Shield	Health Insurance	1,556
14	St Mary's Healthcare	Health Care	1,210
15	Charter Communications	Communications	1,136
16	CDPHP	Health Insurance Carrier	1,100

N/A - Not Available Sources: Various

Albany International Airport Colleges and Universities in Primary Air Trade Area

			Enrolln	nent
Name	County	Public/Private	2023	2014
State University of New York at Albany	Albany	Public	16,658	18,126
Excelsior College	Albany	Private	15,833	33,057
SUNY Empire State College	Albany	Public	9,407	11,104
Hudson Valley Comm. College	Rensselaer	Public	9,140	12,787
Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute	Rensselaer	Private	6,968	7,417
College Of Saint Rose	Albany	Private	4,442	6,102
Schenectady Comm. College	Schenectady	Public	3,657	5,128
Siena College	Albany	Private	3,648	3,305
Skidmore College	Saratoga	Private	2,758	2,484
SUNY Adirondack	Warren	Public	2,662	3,536
The Sage Colleges	Rensselaer	Private	2,159	2,635
Williams College	Berkshire, MA	Private	2,150	2,150
Union College	Schenectady	Private	2,107	2,240
SUNY Polytechnic	Albany	Public	1,982	N/A
Massachusetts College of Liberal Arts	Berkshire, MA	Public	1,925	1,925
Fulton-Montgomery Comm. College	Fulton-Montgomery	Public	1,812	2,400
SUNY College of Agriculture & Tech at Cobleskill	Schoharie	Public	1,783	2,453
Empire Education Corp	Albany	Private	1,702	N/A
Columbia-Greene Comm. College	Columbia-Greene	Public	1,447	1,840
Albany College Of Pharmacy	Albany	Private	930	1,536
Albany Medical College	Albany	Private	837	758
Maria College	Albany	Private	805	775
Mildred Elley	Albany	Private	683	541
Albany Law School	Albany	Private	643	793
Southern Vermont College	Bennington, VT	Public	475	500
Union Graduate College	Schenectady	Private	438	400
Bard College at Simon's Rock	Berkshire, MA	Private	420	420
Bennington College	Bennington, VT	Private	400	600
Bryant & Stratton Business Institute	Albany	Private	296	689
Samaritan Hospital School of Nursing	Rensselaer	Private	133	163
Memorial Hospital School of Nursing	Albany	Private	129	126
Ellis Hospital School of Nursing	Albany	Private	119	155
New School Center for Media	Albany	Private	80	80
			98,628	126,225

N/A - Not Available Sources: Various

Albany International Airport Airport Information As of December 31,

Airport Code: ALB

Location: 7 miles Northwest of downtown Albany, New York, the capital of the State of New York

Elevation: 285 ft

International: Customs / Immigration F.I.S. Facility

Tower: TRACON 24 / 7 - 365

FBO: Million Air

. 20.			2014	2023
Acres (+/-):			1,171	1,171
Runways:	1/19 North/South ILS		8,500 X 150 ft.	8,500 X 150 ft.
	10/28 East/West VO	R / GPS	7,200 X 150 ft.	7,200 X 150 ft.
Terminal:	Airlines - sq. ft.		90,623	91,484
	Tenants - sq. ft.		44,320	44,501
	Public/Common - sq. ft.		104,426	103,509
	Mechanical - sq. ft.		50,916	50,794
	Total - sq. ft.		290,285	290,288
	Number of passenger ga	ates	21	21
	Number of loading bridg		16	14
	Number of Concessiona		6	6
	Number of Rental Car A		6	6
Apron:	Commercial Airlines - so	ı. ft.	810,901	810,901
	Cargo Airlines - sq. ft.	,	210,600	210,600
	FBO - sq. ft.		640,000	640,000
Parking:	Spaces assigned	Garage	1,912	2,912
9.		Short-term	222	181
		Long-term	1,278	1,880
		Economy	2,246	2,763
		Rental Cars	307	307
		Employees	537	336
		Total	6,502	8,379
Cargo:	Air Cargo Building - sq. f	Ťt.	50,500	50,500
Employees:	Authority		24.0	20.0
pio,000.	Airport Operations		154.5	138.00
	Fixed Based Operator		35.0	33.0
	Total		213.5	191.00

Albany International Airport Enplaned Passengers 2014-2023

AIDLINE	2022	Percent of	2022	Percent of	2024
AIRLINE Southwest Airlines	2023 450,081	Total 2023 32.7%	2022 365,474	Total 2022 28.3%	2021 319,869
Delta Airlines	157,889	11.5%	134,888	10.5%	96,631
American Airlines	134,842	9.8%	115,598	9.0%	49,026
United Airlines	104,000	7.6%	83,426	6.5%	26,980
Jet Blue	86,637	6.3%	90,792	7.0%	75,211
Allegiant Air	83,013	6.0%	71,337	5.5%	50,033
Delta Connection (Endeavor)	76,543	5.6%	63,726	4.9%	46,195
American Eagle (PSA)	69,804	5.1%	64,368	5.0%	67,978
American Eagle (Piedmont)	67,234	4.9%	58,831	4.6%	60,644
United Express (Commutair)	49,733	3.6%	45,739	3.5%	48,722
Delta Connection (SkyWest)	34,585	2.5%	61,586	4.8%	11,283
United Express (Republic)	25,006	1.8%	30,105	2.3%	9,234
United Express (Go Jet)	10,324	0.7%	13,665	1.1%	18,761
Delta Connection (Republic)	4,904	0.4%	38	0.0%	7,033
American Eagle (Envoy)	4,623	0.3%	26,184	2.0%	7,086
United Express (SkyWest)	4,583	0.3%	5,738	0.4%	8,368
American Eagle (Republic)	4,481	0.3%	11,863	0.9%	29,136
American Eagle (Air Wisconsin)	3,277	0.2%	,		,
United Express (Air Wisconsin)	2,336	0.2%	3,578	0.3%	2,899
American Eagle (SkyWest)	1,704	0.1%	4,034	0.3%	8,706
United Express (Mesa)	29	0.0%	•		·
Frontier Airlines			38,284	3.0%	31,693
United Express (Express Jet)					
United Express (Transtates)					
Delta Connection (Go Jet)					
Cape Air					
American Eagle (Transtates)					
OneJet					
Elite Airways					
Boutique Air					
Delta Connection (Express Jet)					
United Express (Shuttle America)					
Delta Connection (Shuttle America)					
Delta Connection (Compass)					
American Eagle (Mesa)					
Delta Connection (Chautauqua)					
United Express (Chautauqua)					
Sub Total	1,375,628	99.9%	1,289,254	99.9%	975,488
Charters	1,011	0.1%	1,275	0.1%	549
TOTAL	1,376,639	100.0%	1,290,529	100.0%	976,037

Source: Albany County Airport Authority

Albany International Airport Enplaned Passengers 2014-2023

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
174,133	488,147	565,731	566,801	569,101	557,183	525,585
37,667	171,022	164,105	173,086	158,638	160,607	112,905
45,182	96,650	109,476	115,904	115,298	101,734	84,127
9,332	104,868	92,342	83,366	95,299	85,743	69,742
29,793	92,149	89,609	90,744	87,036	5,492	
28,588	78,107	3,635				
18,904	14,753	10,109	19,527	39,496	29,856	42,722
13,080	57,755	48,234	38,262	23,360	1,170	1,168
38,271	92,085	51,098	56,509	32,788	10,851	12,474
32,102	87,554	96,702	80,981	72,990	62,159	5,107
13,190	51,147	31,211	27,157	4,336		
3,057	853	4,078	185	286	8,354	30,259
282	658	1,162	13,964	5,185	15,459	13,390
	155					
13,545	27,306	43,436	37,949	33,591		
9,113	5,426	15,390	17,881	14,603	4,862	5,258
17,358	11,002	44,001	19,831	38,616	91,520	86,721
		313	34,044	52,701	68,805	62,440
10,652	17,488	10,683				
6,599	27,580		92	1,946		
252	5,812	4,448	8,122	10,653	25,002	11,165
16,739	60,804	11,123				
1,475	7,019	9,312	3,593	10,964	16,517	21,713
50	1,418	11,255	4,644	4,059	1,162	
	13,739	22,203	3,651	4,768		756
	3,275	11,777	12,966	16,090	16,119	16,802
		8,177	3,980			
		3,964	989			
		1,044				
		827	1,852			
			524	13,525	26,626	38,219
			115	65	41	
				1,611	6,473	64
					1,632	4,265
					382	21,135
						14,558
						3,401
519,364	1,516,772	1,465,445	1,416,719	1,407,005	1,297,749	1,183,976
•	•	•	• •	•	•	
665	2,297	1,261	1,116	429	461	1,009
520,029	1,519,069	1,466,706	1,417,835	1,407,434	1,298,210	1,184,985
,	,,	,,	, .,	,,	, ,	, -,,

Albany International Airport Landed Weights 2014-2023

Commercial Carriers	2023	Percent of Total 2023	2022	Percent of Total 2022	2021
Southwest Airlines	475,359,502	27.8%	378,302,300	23.2%	333,567,995
Delta Airlines	246,428,072	14.4%	214,614,613	13.2%	108,233,599
American Airlines	138,501,553	8.1%	129,482,907	7.9%	54,674,892
United Airlines	120,016,876	7.0%	99,606,972	6.1%	30,980,057
Jet Blue	90,377,883	5.3%	92,092,433	5.6%	82,397,589
American Eagle (PSA)	88,034,598	5.1%	88,835,105	5.4%	81,230,303
Allegiant Air	78,500,799	4.6%	67,927,459	4.2%	51,877,867
American Eagle (Piedmont)	69,272,553	4.0%	58,665,601	3.6%	67,133,700
United Express (Republic)	51,842,134	3.0%	42,841,207	2.6%	11,670,387
United Express (Commutair)	47,828,000	2.8%	47,564,000	2.9%	54,296,000
Delta Connection (Endeavor)	42,721,904	2.5%	26,971,802	1.7%	57,227,300
Delta Connection (Sky West)	41,758,359	2.4%	75,081,861	4.6%	13,908,099
United Express (Go Jet)	14,884,000	0.9%	19,276,000	1.2%	26,291,000
American Eagle (Republic)	6,295,799	0.4%	17,824,901	1.1%	33,952,352
American Eagle (Envoy)	5,585,792	0.3%	29,840,261	1.8%	7,644,899
United Express (SkyWest)	5,080,206	0.3%	6,343,388	0.4%	12,075,108
American Eagle (Air Wisconsin)	3,290,000	0.2%			
Charters	2,926,004	0.2%	3,013,912	0.2%	4,338,054
United Express (Air Wisconsin)	2,397,000	0.1%	3,948,000	0.2%	2,444,000
American Eagle (SkyWest)	2,010,000	0.1%	4,690,000	0.3%	10,787,000
Delta Connection (Republic)	1,948,883	0.1%	821,884	0.1%	14,695,958
United Express (Mesa)	150,000	0.0%			
Frontier Airlines			41,717,184 2	2.6%	37,460,128
Cape Air					
Delta Connection (Go Jet)					
United Express (Express Jet)					
United Express (Transtates)					
OneJet					
American Eagle (Transtates)					
Boutique Air					
Elite Airways					
Delta Connection (Express Jet)					
Delta Connection (Shuttle America)					
United Express (Shuttle America)					
Delta Connection (Compass)					
American Eagle (Mesa)					
Delta Connection (Chautauqua)					
United Express (Chautauqua)	1,535,209,917	00.70/	1,449,461,790	00.00/	1,096,886,287
Carrie Carriera	1,555,265,517	89.7%	1,449,401,790	88.8%	1,090,000,201
Cargo Carriers	119,945,840	7.00/	100 004 004	7 50/	100 675 761
United Parcel Service Federal Express	49,698,000	7.0% 2.9%	123,034,881 50,292,000	7.5% 3.1%	122,675,761 54,846,000
•	4,051,304	2.9% 0.2%	4,121,596	0.3%	
Ameriflght Wiggins Airways	2,711,500	0.2%	5,091,500	0.3%	5,333,131 6,466,365
			3,081,300		0,400,303
Mountain Air Cargo	25,500 176,432,144	0.0% 10.3%	182,539,977	0.0% 11.2%	189,321,257
Grand Total	1,711,642,061	100.0%	1,632,001,767	100.0%	1,286,207,544
J 1 J	1,111,072,001	100.070	1,002,001,101	100.070	1,200,201,044

Source: Albany County Airport Authority

Albany International Airport Landed Weights 2014-2023

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
323,968,000	500,895,200	571,924,399	579,923,601	586,092,000	563,978,000	564,078,000
63,701,610	193,329,310	185,285,718	197,829,323	183,615,710	182,901,118	127,177,598
73,424,515	115,775,436	129,717,613	142,955,406	139,386,707	114,046,440	91,538,758
22,688,482	130,077,387	111,690,471	96,782,482	126,927,674	107,841,768	85,883,301
48,480,223	105,034,143	103,377,946	102,628,355	104,956,520	6,256,712	
20,267,607	65,256,809	60,450,498	48,282,802	29,126,003	1,476,401	1,157,201
45,431,430	84,122,513	3,884,529				
60,629,849	94,895,104	52,247,399	61,141,955	39,101,103	12,780,307	14,116,804
5,907,531	1,343,937	4,861,628	291,898	522,057	9,052,000	104,824,601
49,852,000	96,448,000	103,927,006	96,037,006	83,099,012	73,147,505	62,790,000
49,483,908	16,654,910	12,478,297	21,488,406	42,351,100	32,467,901	46,824,798
20,571,505	58,877,612	34,467,201	29,942,300	4,573,100		
549,000	670,000	1,273,000	14,472,000	5,427,000	16,214,000	15,075,000
26,382,407	13,263,507	54,108,619	24,958,355	50,137,054	102,046,749	31,496,000
23,510,259	32,802,755	53,400,168	48,111,665	42,416,420		
18,969,872	6,227,313	17,178,060	18,891,990	14,888,118	4,856,000	5,511,000
		423,000	38,399,000	63,497,000	78,396,000	69,325,000
1,901,672	5,514,002	2,964,555	2,376,000	1,012,000	1,164,000	2,756,784
14,053,000	18,659,000	11,562,000				
11,926,000	34,103,000	67,000	134,000	2,867,000		
	514,116	514,123	291,888			
603,000	6,432,000	4,623,000	8,860,000	11,524,000	26,666,000	12,328,000
25,711,365	54,948,790	11,049,772				
	4,644,301	14,261,700	15,933,102	20,413,009	21,029,502	21,029,500
	16,331,904	24,185,598	3,791,201	5,261,399	201,000	1,072,000
1,999,570	9,487,770	11,104,057	4,112,026	11,818,840	16,833,427	22,487,074
44,092	1,489,869	11,342,682	4,305,591	4,156,332	1,241,634	
		11,115,418	3,336,049			
		8,162,550	4,146,748			
		2,489,923	4,934,982			
		2,182,000				
		67,000	911,502	15,960,701	30,950,102	41,728,699
			147,268	1,489,218	6,601,260	72,310
			144,623	72,311	144,624	
					1,824,972	4,996,736
					588,003	24,402,000
						13,828,429
						3,574,118
910,056,897	1,667,798,688	1,616,386,930	1,575,561,524	1,590,691,388	1,412,705,425	1,368,073,711
440 400 000	100 000 000	100 100 000	100 010 000	400 == 4 000	100 100 000	
110,128,000	103,060,000	102,199,838	102,618,000	103,574,000	100,192,000	101,441,920
51,876,000	53,262,000	51,876,000	50,420,000	51,084,000	50,886,000	51,480,000
4,839,121	4,390,800	4,670,805	4,233,647	4,100,650	4,273,641	4,066,902
4,326,509	7,182,500	9,163,514	10,166,496	9,992,302	7,471,500	7,493,598
831,680	407.005.000	407.040.457	407 400 440	400 750 050	400 000 444	404 400 400
172,001,310 1,082,058,207	167,895,300 1,835,693,988	167,910,157 1,784,297,087	167,438,143 1,742,999,667	168,750,952 1,759,442,340	162,823,141 1,575,528,566	164,482,420 1,532,556,131
1,002,000,207	1,000,080,800	1,104,281,001	1,142,333,007	1,105,442,040	1,010,020,000	1,002,000,101

Albany International Airport Aircraft Operations 2014-2023

		Percent of		Percent of	
Commercial Carriers	2023	Total 2023	2022	Total 2022	2021
Southwest Airlines	6,700	20.6%	5,426	16.7%	4,890
American Eagle (Piedmont)	3,174	9.8%	2,688	8.3%	3,076
Delta Connection (Endeavor)	2,736	8.4%	2,478	7.6%	1,610
American Eagle (PSA)	2,566	7.9%	2,550	7.9%	2,308
Delta Airlines	2,418	7.4%	2,112	6.5%	1,664
United Express (Commutair)	2,174	6.7%	2,162	6.7%	2,468
American Airlines	2,003	6.2%	1,794	5.5%	778
United Airlines	1,566	4.8%	1,334	4.1%	418
United Express (Republic)	1,398	4.3%	1,168	3.6%	418
Jet Blue	1,290	4.0%	1,334	4.1%	1,258
Delta Connection (Sky West)	1,112	3.4%	2,004	6.2%	372
Allegiant Airlines	1,104	3.4%	958	3.0%	724
United Express (Go Jet)	488	1.5%			
Delta Connection (Republic)	186	0.6%	24	0.1%	396
American Eagle (Republic)	168	0.5%	476	1.5%	906
American Eagle (Envoy)	158	0.5%	884	2.7%	204
American Eagle (Air Wisconsin)	140	0.4%			
United Express (SkyWest)	138	0.4%	170	0.5%	350
United Express (Air Wisconsin)	102	0.3%	168	0.5%	138
American Eagle (SkyWest)	60	0.2%	140	0.4%	322
Charters	36	0.1%	54	0.2%	38
United Express (Mesa)	4	0.0%			
United Express (Express Jet)			632	1.9%	862
Frontier Airlines			558	1.7%	498
American Eagle (Transtates)					
Boutique Air					
Cape Air					
Delta Connection (Express Jet)					
Delta Connection (Go Jet)					
Delta Connection (Shuttle America)					
Elite Airways					
OneJet					
United Express (Transtates)					
United Express (Shuttle America)					
Delta Connection (Compass)					
American Eagle (Mesa)					
Delta Connection (Chautauqua)					
United Express (Chautauqua)					
	29,721	91.6%	29,114	89.6%	23,698
0 0i					
Cargo Carriers	4 4 4 4	0.40/	4 400	2 50/	4 400
United Parcel Service	1,114	3.4%	1,128	3.5%	1,162
Wiggins Airways	638	2.0%	1,198	3.7%	1,216
Federal Express	502	1.5%	508	1.6%	554
Ameriflight	484	1.5%	512	1.6%	486
Mountain Air Cargo	2.744	0.0%	2 242	10.40/	2 440
Crand Tatal	2,744	8.4%	3,346	10.4%	3,418
Grand Total	32,465	100.0%	32,460	100.0%	27,116

Source: Albany County Airport Authority

Albany International Airport Aircraft Operations 2014-2023

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
4,558	7,524	8,586	8,864	8,900	8,632	8,710
2,092	4,384	4,730	4,946	4,396	3,960	3,380
302	1,738	578	610	530	176	226
		2,292	1,506	864	40	46
1,172	446	496	188	540	768	1,022
2,552	4,348	1,568	1,446	1,510		
690	948	744	424			
916	2,838	2,770	3,040	2,792	2,718	1,842
	1,018	92				
602	1,206	2,394	2,946	1,902	754	832
644	1,478	706	112	144	6	32
574		1,222	1,134	190		
	466	48	38	16	48	58
	20	360	802	1,514	1,048	1,696
1,050	1,660	1,466	1,330	1,636	1,428	1,186
546	2,450	492				
	14	18	1,634	2,702	3,336	2,950
14	192	138	264	344	796	368
522	1,588	518	196	190	58	
90	432	56				
			4	2	4	
2	68	130	8	14	292	1,016
104	36	14	8			,-
356	354	2	26	502	940	1,350
554	240	374	190			1,000
		502	978			
594	794	1,444	666	1,346	2,760	2,838
		38	432	162	484	450
324	760	1,848	2,060	2,010	1,576	1,380
		2	4	122	.,	1,000
		1,454	1,446	1,476	88	
		156	,,	,,,,,		
	1,356	4,164	4,652	5,960	6,140	6,140
	1,000	1,101	4	70	300	2
			·	. •	50	134
					16	664
					. •	650
						168
18,258	36,358	39,402	39,958	39,834	36,418	37,140
			55,555			
860	904	886	974	982	952	964
944	1,690	2,154	2,390	2,350	1,758	1,760
480	538	524	508	476	514	520
498	546	584	534	456	550	526
14	0.10	004	004	.50	550	020
2,796	3,678	4,148	4,406	4,264	3,774	3,770
21,054	40,036	43,550	44,364	44,098	40,192	40,910
	. 5,555	. 5,555	. 1,001	. 1,000	.0,102	.0,0.0

Albany International Airport Aircraft Operations 2014-2023

Year	Airlines	Cargo	General Aviation	Military	Total
2014	37,082	3,770	18,124	2,316	61,292
2015	36,370	3,774	17,376	2,481	60,001
2016	39,834	4,264	17,576	3,057	64,731
2017	39,962	4,406	16,818	2,974	64,160
2018	39,402	4,148	17,753	3,300	64,603
2019	36,446	3,750	17,608	2,944	60,748
2020	19,604	3,174	16,414	3,487	42,679
2021	23,751	3,418	17,441	3,239	47,849
2022	33,267	3,346	14,521	2,592	53,726
2023	34,046	2,744	14,647	2,173	53,610

Albany International Airport Airlines Serving the Albany International Airport

MAJORS / NATIONALS

Allegiant Air
American Airlines
Delta Air Lines
Jet Blue Airways
Southwest Airlines
United Airlines

REGIONAL / COMMUTERS

CommutAir d/b/a United Express
Endeavor d/b/a Delta Connection
Envoy d/b/a American Eagle
Go Jet d/b/a United Express
Piedmont d/b/a American Eagle
PSA d/b/a American Eagle
Republic d/b/a American Eagle
Republic d/b/a Delta Connection
Republic d/b/a United Express
Sky West d/b/a Delta Connection

ALL-CARGO CARRIERS

Federal Express
United Parcel Service
Ameriflight
Wiggins Airways

As of December 31, 2023 Source: Albany County Airport Authority

Albany International Airport Major Carrier Airline Service

SCHEDULED JET AIRLINE SERVICE

CARRIER	NON-STOP SERVICE
Allegiant	Myrtle Beach (MYR) Nashville (BNA) Orlando (SFB) Punta Gorda (PGD) St. Pete–Clearwater (PIE)
American	Charlotte (CLT) Chicago O'Hare (ORD) Dallas/Ft. Worth (DFW) Miami (MIA) * Philadelphia (PHL) Washington National (DCA)
Delta	Atlanta (ATL) Detroit (DTW) New York LaGuardia (LGA)
JetBlue	Fort Lauderdale (FLL) Orlando (MCO)
Southwest	Baltimore (BWI) Chicago Midway (MDW) Denver (DEN) * Fort Lauderdale (FLL) * Orlando (MCO) Tampa (TPA)
United	Chicago O'Hare (ORD) Newark (EWR) Washington Dulles (IAD)

As of December 2023

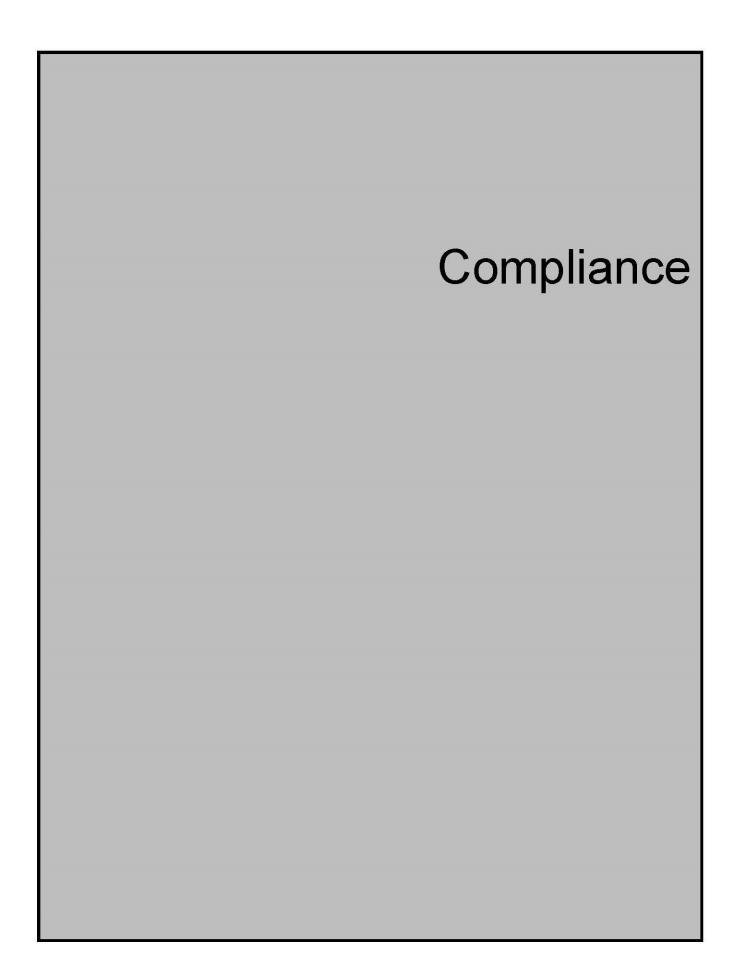
^{*} Indicates seasonal service

Albany International Airport
Top 20 Primary Origination and Destination Passenger Markets

2023			2023	2022	2014
Rank	Market	Length	Passengers	Passengers	Passengers
1	Orlando (1)	MH	297,750	312,825	191,976
2	Southeast Florida (2)	MH	192,007	195,982	153,672
3	Chicago (4)	MH	127,825	126,580	114,819
4	Tampa (3)	MH	125,772	134,510	121,736
5	Atlanta	MH	96,085	96,517	74,786
6	Washington, DC (6)	SH	83,876	64,911	84,674
7	Denver	MH	74,564	83,324	54,598
8	Fort Myers (5)	MH	73,768	77,751	39,416
9	Charlotte	SH	70,397	67,029	63,406
10	Nashville	MH	62,554	49,227	24,559
11	Baltimore	SH	62,140	57,632	113,466
12	Los Angeles	LH	54,675	50,578	56,259
13	Dallas/Fort Worth	MH	50,099	45,321	41,275
14	Myrtle Beach	MH	49,206	37,941	9,750
15	Phoenix	LH	47,446	44,404	41,428
16	Las Vegas	LH	46,247	49,233	85,046
17	Detroit	MH	40,222	38,621	32,912
18	Houston	MH	39,257	36,485	35,750
19	Raleigh/Durham	SH	38,293	41,561	34,047
20	San Francisco	LH	38,103	37,265	54,993

^{*} Notes:

SH Short Haul = 0 to 600 miles MH Medium Haul = 601 to 1,800 miles LH Long Haul = over 1,801 miles This page intentionally left blank





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members Albany County Airport Authority

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the business-type activities and fiduciary funds of the Albany County Airport Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the County of Albany, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 18, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barr & Co. LLP

Latham, NY March 18, 2024

Albany County Airport Authority Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and NYS DOT Financial Assistance For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Federal Project Number	NYS Project Number	Federal * Percent Participation	Description of Project	Assistance Listing Number	Total Grant Am Federal		Year Ended 12 Expenditur Federal	
CAPITAL C	ONTIRBUT	TIONS:						
Direct Awa	rd - U.S. D	epartment of 1	Fransportation Federal Aviation Administration	on Airport l	mprovement Pro	gram		
137-18	1A00.26	95.00%	Runway 10-28 and Taxiway C Design	20.106	\$ 159,975 \$	8,888	\$ - \$	100
141-20	N/A	100.00%	Airport Master Plan	20.106	751,154	N/A	300,088	-
147-21	N/A	100.00%	Acquire Replacement Snow Removal Equipment	20.106	1,537,635	N/A	949,635	-
148-21	N/A	100.00%	Terminal Checkpoint Expansion	20.106	12,113,224	N/A	207,136	-
150-22	1A00.30	90.00%	Rehabilitate Runway 10-28 and associated Taxiways	20.106	7,144,824	396,935	3,395,539	188,641
151-23	N/A	90.00%	Replace Air Traffic Control Tower HVAC and base building HVAC and Roof	20.106	2,000,000	N/A	466,830	-
BIL-AIG	N/A	100.00%	Terminal Checkpoint Expansion	20.106	27,886,776	N/A	1,157,285	-
TBD	TBD	90.00%	Runway 1-19 Rehabilitation and Lighting upgrades	20.106	TBD	TBD	199,599	11,089
Direct Awa	rd - U.S. D	epartment of I	Homeland Security, Transportation Security	Administra	tion			
	N/A	100.00%	In-Line Checked Baggage Inspection System OTA Number 70T04023T7672N006	97.100	868,554	N/A	122,363	-
Direct Awa	rd - New Y	ork State Dep	artment of Transportation					
	1A00.95	N/A	Upstate Economic Development and Revitalization Grant Program		N/A	60,000,000	-	9,931,290
			TOTAL CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		\$ 52,462,142 \$	60,405,823	\$ 6,798,475 \$	10,131,120
NON-OPE	RATING GR	RANTS:						
Direct Awa	rd - U.S. D	epartment of 1	Fransportation Federal Aviation Administrati	on				
144-21	N/A	100.00%	COVID-19 Airports Coronavirus Response Grant Program	20.106	\$ 5,093,917	N/A	\$ 5,093,917 \$	-
Direct Awa	rd - U.S. D	epartment of I	Homeland Security					
N/A	N/A	N/A	TSA Law Enforcement Officer Cooperative Agreement	97.090	172,900	N/A	138,700 \$	-
			TOTAL NON-OPERATING GRANTS		\$ 5,266,817 \$	-	\$ 5,232,617 \$	
			GRAND TOTAL		\$ 57,728,959 \$	60,405,823	\$ 12,031,092 \$	10,131,120

^(*) The remaining percentage is shared equally between the State of New York and the Authority. See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Federal and New York State Department of Transportation Financial Assistance.

Albany County Airport Authority Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and New York State Department of Transportation Financial Assistance For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. Scope of Audit Pursuant to the Uniform Guidance

The Albany County Airport Authority (Authority) is a body corporate and politic constituting a public benefit corporation. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and New York State Department of Transportation Financial Assistance (the Schedule) includes all of the federal award programs and the New York State Department of Transportation matching grant award for the FAA's Airport Improvement Act (Assistance Listing #20.106) administered by the Albany County Airport Authority, an entity defined in the financial statements.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule includes the federal award activity of the Authority under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Authority.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Authority has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance and did not claim any indirect costs and has not claimed any indirect costs.

4. Federal Reimbursements

Federal reimbursements are based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent grant income earned rather than cash received. There were no funds provided to subrecipients.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members Albany County Airport Authority

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Albany County Airport Authority's (the Authority), a component unit of the County of Albany, New York's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Albany County Airport Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contract grant agreements applicable to the Authority's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Authority's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Latham, NY March 18, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY NEW YORK STATE CODIFICATION OF RULES AND REGULATIONS

To the Members Albany County Airport Authority

Report on Compliance

Opinion

We have audited the Albany County Airport Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the County of Albany, New York's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *Preliminary Draft Part 43 of the New York State Codification of Rules and Regulations* (NYCRR), that could have a direct and material effect on its state transportation assistance program for the year ended December 31, 2023.

In our opinion, the Albany County Airport Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to its state transportation assistance program for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the *Preliminary Draft Part 43 of NYCRR*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the NYCRR are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the state transportation assistance program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, rules, and provisions of contract grant agreements applicable to the state transportation assistance program.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Preliminary Draft Part 43 of NYCRR* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Authority's compliance with the requirements of the state transportation assistance program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the NYCRR, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the NYCRR, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the state transportation assistance program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the state transportation assistance program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of the state transportation assistance program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Preliminary Draft Part 43 of the New York State Codification of Rules and Regulations*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Latham, NY March 18, 2024

Albany County Airport Authority Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

- A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS
- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Albany County Airport Authority.
- 2. No material weaknesses were identified during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Albany County Airport Authority were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No material weaknesses were identified during the audit of the major federal award program.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award program for the Albany County Airport Authority expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. There were no audit findings related to the major federal award program for the Albany County Airport Authority.
- 7. The Airport Improvement Program (Assistance Listing #20.106), including the New York State Department of Transportation (NYSDOT) matching grants for this program was the major program for the year ended December 31, 2023.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The Albany County Airport Authority was considered a low-risk auditee.
- B. FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

NONE

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AND NYS DOT AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

NONE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

To the Members Albany County Airport Authority

Report on Compliance

Opinion

We have audited the Albany County Airport Authority's (the Authority), a component unit of the County of Albany, New York's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies* (Guide), issued by the Federal Aviation Administration, that could have a direct and material effect on its Passenger Facility Charge Program for the year ended December 31, 2023.

In our opinion, the Albany County Airport Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to its Passenger Facility Charge Program for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the Guide. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Guide are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for Audit of Compliance section of the report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the state transportation assistance program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal controls over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contract grant agreements applicable to its Passenger Facility Charge Program.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Authority's compliance with the requirements of the Passenger Facility Charge Program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Guide, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the Passenger Facility Charge Program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the Passenger Facility Charge Program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of the Passenger Facility Charge Program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies*, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barr & Co. LLP

Latham, NY March 18, 2024

Albany County Airport Authority Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges Collected and Expended

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				Expenditures on	
	PFC Charges	Interest		Approved	
Quarter Ended	Received	Earned	Total Received	Projects	
Beginning Balance	\$ 118,154,498	\$ 3,326,781	\$ 121,481,279	\$ 113,238,191	\$ 8,243,088
1/31/2023	1,155,018	53,652	1,208,670	910,101	
3/31/2023	1,696,675	64,310	1,760,985	910,101	
6/30/2023	1,133,729	74,516	1,208,245	1,205,026	
12/31/2023	1,376,645	102,798	1,479,443	1,099,111	
Total 2023	5,362,067	295,276	5,657,343	4,124,339	1,533,004
Total Program to Date _	\$ 123,516,565	\$ 3,622,057	\$ 127,138,622	\$ 117,362,530	

PFC Funds to be used for future debt service payments and project disbursements:

\$ 9,776,092

Reconcilation of cash basis above to accrual basis in the financial statements:

PF	C and Interest	12/31/22	12/31/2023	PFC	Net Income
	Received	PFC Receivable	PFC Receivable	Per	Financials
\$	5,657,343	\$ (563,927)	\$ 605,901	\$	5,699,317

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Scope of Audit Pursuant to September 2000 Passenger Facility Charge Audit Compliance and Reporting Guide for Public Agencies.

The Albany County Airport Authority is a body corporate and politic, constituting a public benefit corporation. The Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges Collected and Expended includes all the PFCs and the interest earnings thereon collected by the Authority beginning May 1, 1994 through December 31, 2023. Passenger Facility Charges are collected pursuant to a Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) approved application in 1994 to Impose \$40,726,364. During 1996, the Authority requested and received approval to increase the amount of PFCs to \$116,888,308 projected to be collected through the year 2022. Effective September 1, 2009, the Authority implemented an approved change to the PFC collection from \$3.00 per passenger to \$4.50 per passenger, with a current estimated collection period through July 1, 2027.

B. Basis of Accounting

The top schedule above was prepared on an cash basis of accounting. Passenger Facility Charges are recorded as deferred revenue until used for debt service payments under an FAA approved application to use.

Albany County Airport Authority Passenger Facility Charge Program Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. No material weaknesses were identified during the audit of the passenger facility program.
- 2. The auditor's report on compliance for the passenger facility charge program expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 3. There were no audit findings related to the passenger facility charge program.

B. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

NONE

Biographies of the Members of the Albany County Airport Authority

Samuel Fresina is president of the New York State Professional Fire Fighters Association. He was elected in 2016, after his career as a full-time, professional fire fighter in the City of Albany. Previous to his current position, he served as the NYSPFFA's secretary-treasurer and executive vice president. Born and raised in Albany, NY, Sam graduated from the Christian Brothers Academy in 1985 to enlist in the U.S. Air Force, where he served as a crash/rescue and structural fire fighter. After four years of military service (two abroad) he received an honorable discharge to become a professional firefighter in Albany. During his two decades of service to Albany residents in firehouses around the city, Sam became actively involved in the union— first as a shop steward for Local 2007, then trustee on the union's executive board, before being elected president of the local in 1997, a position he retained for fourteen years. Additionally, Sam has served as vice president of the Capital District affiliate of the AFL- CIO and, since 2004, has worked as a field services representative for the International Association of Fire Fighters (IAFF). He also currently serves on the advisory board for the New York State Common Retirement Fund.

Kevin Hicks, Sr. is a lifelong resident of Albany County. He is the retired President and Political Director of the Empire State Regional Council of Carpenters, representing over 20,000 Union Carpenters in New York State. During this tenure he served as a Board member of the Eastern Occupational Health and Safety Board. He is also President Emeritus of the Greater Capitol Region Building Trades Council and a former Board member of the New York State Building Trades Council. Kevin is a decorated United States Army Veteran of the Vietnam War. He presently serves as the Legislative Liaison for the Tri-County Council of Vietnam Veterans. In addition to serving on the Albany County Airport Authority, he also serves as a Board member on the Guilderland Industrial Development Agency. He remains active in many civic and Veterans organizations in the capital district. Kevin currently lives in Guilderland with his wife Deborah.

Steven Heider, retired Chief of Police for the Town of Colonie Police Department, is nearly a lifelong resident of Colonie. He served as the Town's fifth Police Chief, retiring in 2015 after serving on the force for 42 ½ years. During his tenure as Colonie Police Chief, the Town of Colonie was rated the #1 community with the lowest crime rating in the country for two consecutive years. A graduate of Colonie Central High School, Hudson Valley Community College and Russell Sage College, he began his career in 1973 and continues today to be involved in many community activities. Throughout his long career he has served on many committees and boards to promote public safety and to advocate for those that lacked the resources to do so throughout the Capital Region and beyond. He also served as President of the New York State Association of Chiefs of Police, Inc., and is the secretary and treasurer of the Northeastern Chiefs of Police Conference. The retired Chief is also a former member of the Village of Colonie Planning board and the former First Vice Chairman for the Middle Atlantic-Great Lakes Organized Crime Law Enforcement Network, of which he is still an active advisor to their policy board. In addition to the Albany County Airport Authority board, he also serves on the boards of the Colonie Youth Center Inc., and the Scautub Insurance Agency located in Scotia, New York.

Sari O'Connor, Principal at the Albany Consulting Group, has more than a decade of experience in community relations, development and fundraising, and communications to support non-profits in the greater Capital Region. Her professional experience includes arts and culture and human services serving as Executive Operating Officer at the Palace Performing Arts Center and Chief Development Officer at Northern Rivers Family Services. Sari graduated Adelphi University Cum Laude and earned a Master's Degree in Education from SUNY Stony Brook. She also achieved Certificates of Completion in Human Resources from Indiana/Purdue University and Performance Measurement for Effective Management of

Nonprofit Organizations from the Harvard Business School Executive Education Program. In addition to supporting numerous educational, artistic and philanthropic organizations, Sari currently serves as the Volunteer Executive Director of the Albany Police and Fire Foundation. Prior service includes, a Mayoral appointee on the City of Albany Planning Board, Charter Review Commission and Board of Zoning Appeals. She was also the founder and volunteer chair of "A Community of Excellence" at The College of Saint Rose raising more than \$1.5 million for student scholarships and the Sullivan Institute during her ten years as chairwoman.

Tom Nardacci is the Founder & CEO of Aurelius Coworks, a socially responsible development company that builds, owns and operates coworking communities, flexible workspace and startup ecosystems. He opened Troy Innovation Garage in 2017, Bull Moose Club in Albany in 2018 and Westwey Club in Providence, R.I. in 2020. Aurelius also operates and manages spaces for other organizations and provides consulting services. Tom exited his first company in 2021, a leading New York public affairs firm called Gramercy, when he sold to The Martin Group, which Hearst Newspapers is a strategic investor. He is a Senior Advisor to the firm. Tom has been an active community volunteer for many years, and is the recipient of numerous awards and honors. He was named by *City & State* to its Power 50 list, 40 under 40 by the *Business Review*, Creative Spirit Award from the Arts Center of the Capital Region, New Patroon Award from The Albany Roundtable, and the Hall of Fame of the Boys & Girls Clubs of Southern Rensselaer County, to name a few. Tom is a graduate of Syracuse University and Columbia University.

John-Raphael Pichardo was born and raised in the Hudson Valley of NY. He currently serves as Research Counsel of the City of Albany Common Council and is the owner of his own general service law firm where he places an emphasis in immigration, labor & employment, real estate, and assists small businesses and entrepreneurs alike. John-Raphael graduated in 2012 from the University at Albany, SUNY with a B.A. in Political Science and Minor in Music. In 2015, John-Raphael received his J.D. from Quinnipiac University School of Law with a concentration in Tax Law in North Haven, Connecticut. During his time at law school, John-Raphael served as the Northeast Regional Chair of the National Black Law Student Association overseeing all the 32 chapters of Northeast region and was a founding member of the Quinnipiac Chapter of Latino Law Student Association. Prior to starting his own law firm, John-Raphael worked as a Court Attorney in New York City Housing Court. He then served as a Law Clerk for the New York State Department of Labor where he prosecuted employers throughout the State for improper payment of wages and retaliation. Prior to starting law school, he had the distinct honor of serving as a Session Assistant to State Senator Liz Krueger in 2012. In his spare time, John-Raphael likes to be physically active by working out or doing outdoor calisthenics. He is also a classically trained opera singer.

Janet Thayer is an attorney practicing in the areas of trusts and estates, elder law, commercial and residential real estate, and business law as Of Counsel with Vella, Carbone & Associates, LLP. She also has practiced as a sole practitioner, an in-house counsel for Albany Medical Center and an associate counsel at the State University of New York. In 2022, she retired from the University at Albany Campus as Senior Managing Counsel having received UA President's Award for Outstanding Service and the SUNY Chancellor's Award for Outstanding Service. Janet has taught as an adjunct lecturer at two local colleges, and she lectures at continuing legal education seminars and other public forums. Janet received a Bachelor of Arts degree in History, magna cum laude, from Wheaton College, in Norton, Massachusetts in 1985. She received a law degree from Albany Law School of Union University, Albany, New York in 1988. She has served on the Zoning Board of Appeals for the Town of Guilderland, as an Assistant Town Attorney for the Town of Guilderland, and as a member of the Character Committee for the Third Judicial District. Janet is also a licensed private pilot. Janet currently resides in Guilderland with her husband and has three adult stepchildren.

Biographies of the Albany County Airport Authority Senior Staff

Philip F. Calderone, Esq, began serving as the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority on December 2, 2019. Previously, Mr. Calderone served as Albany County's Deputy County Executive since January 2014 when he was appointed to the position by County Executive Daniel P. McCoy. As Deputy County Executive, Mr. Calderone provided oversight and development of policies and operations for all executive departments and agencies. He also acted as counsel to the County Executive on a variety of legal issues. Prior to his service as Deputy County Executive, he served in a similar role for 19 years as the Deputy Mayor of Albany, having been appointed to that newly created position in 1996 by then Mayor Gerald D. Jennings. Prior to his years in public service, Mr. Calderone was an "A" rated attorney in the Albany law firm of Garry, Cahill, Edmunds and Calderone where he maintained a private legal practice focusing on civil litigation, commercial law and financial planning. Mr. Calderone serves on numerous non for profit boards in the community, was awarded the Commitment to Excellence Award by the Urban League and the Distinguished Alumni Award by the Albany Law School among other honors and recognitions.

Michael F. Zonsuis, CPA, **AAE** Chief Financial Officer, is responsible for financial planning, budgeting, operating and capital accounting procedures and controls, financial policies and procedures, cash and debt management, issuance of debt, post debt issuance compliance, financial reporting, original and continuing disclosure, procurement, insurance, information technology, and air service development. Mr. Zonsius was hired by the Authority in September 2019. Mr. Zonsius has held Chief Financial Officer positions for the Chicago Department of Aviation, the City of Kansas City Department of Aviation, the Greater Rockford Airport Authority and the Chicago Executive Airport. He has also worked as the General Manager for AvPorts Management, LLC at the Gary Chicago International Airport and the Assistant Treasurer for the Village of Tinley Park, Illinois.



Albany County Airport Authority
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